

Converting Colors

XYZ(62.2327, 59.0908, 64.3699)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(62.2327, 59.0908, 64.3699)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(62.4826, 59.2747,
64.6479)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E6C1CB |
| RGB | 230, 193, 203 |
| RGB Percent | 90%, 76%, 80% |
| CMY | 0.0980, 0.2431, 0.2039 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.16, 0.12, 0.10 |
| HSL | 344°, 43%, 83% |
| HSV | 344°, 16%, 90% |
| XYZ | 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479 |
| YIQ | 205.2030, 18.8420, 10.9540 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

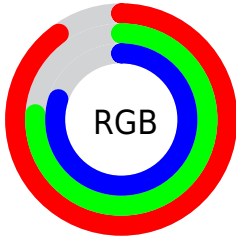
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 230, 193, 203 |
| Decimal | 15122891 |
| CIE Lab | 81.44, 14.74, -0.09 |
| CIE LCh | 81, 14.744, 359.637 |
| Yxy | 59.2747, 0.3352, 0.3180 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293312971 (0xFFE6C1CB) |
| YUV | 205.2030, -1.0861, 21.7470 |
| Hunter-Lab | 76.9901, 10.1321, 4.1077 |

Details

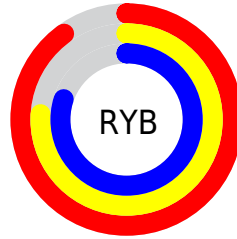
The XYZ color **62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **63.2097, 73.0999, 78.4919**, and the grayscale version is **58.1572, 61.1859, 66.6314**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.4756, 96.8512, 108.3752**, and **32.1130, 29.6338, 32.4611** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.8951, 49.1290, 53.1115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.0808, 71.0937, 77.5911**.

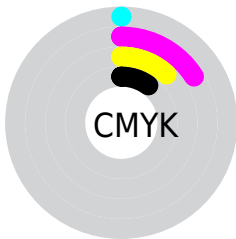
Distribution



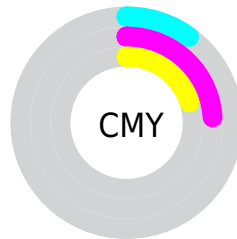
- Red (90%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 62.4826, 59.2747,
64.6479

 62.4826, 59.2747,
64.6479


423.3788,
421.9192, 459.7971

 45.6798, 42.8343,
46.7261


 107.5087,
103.7768, 113.1519

 32.1968, 29.7551,
32.4664


136.4628,
132.6073, 144.5712

 21.6681, 19.6528,
21.4502


170.1980,
166.3366, 181.3268

 13.7285, 12.1429,
13.2591

209.0798,
205.3491, 223.8371

 8.0125, 6.8411,
7.4744

253.4734,
250.0292, 272.5208

 4.1548, 3.3629,
3.6776

303.7442,

 1.7901, 1.3240,

300.7613, 327.7963

1.4502

360.2575,
357.9299, 390.0822

■ 0.5117, 0.1597,
0.1804

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 62.4826, 59.2747,
64.6479

■ 62.4826, 59.2747,
64.6479

■ 55.8951, 49.1290,
53.1115

■ 70.0808, 71.0937,
77.5911

■ 50.2699, 40.5730,
42.9300

■ 78.7253, 84.6489,
91.9834

■ 45.5622, 33.5279,
34.0534

■ 86.1802, 95.4579,
107.1111

■ 41.7215, 27.9051,
26.4272

■ 86.4435, 95.5632,
108.4972

■ 38.6924, 23.6063,
19.9930

■ 36.4124, 20.5210,
14.6871

■ 34.8098, 18.5203,
10.4393

■ 33.7966, 17.4448,
7.1701

■ 33.5069, 17.1726,
6.1269

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.6148, 59.2747, 73.5160



62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479



61.6548, 59.2747, 56.4968

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479



53.4555, 59.2747, 50.8688



53.3926, 59.2747, 80.3398

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479



63.2097, 73.0999, 78.4919

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.3376, 59.2747, 73.3126



62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479



51.3729, 59.2747, 56.3262

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479



56.3765, 59.2747, 48.9958



50.6116, 59.2747, 64.4324



56.3012, 59.2747, 83.0667

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479



60.2694, 59.2747, 52.4393



50.6116, 59.2747, 64.4324



52.5830, 59.2747, 78.3724

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.4843, 59.2773, 64.6492



89.6543, 91.5483, 99.8888



62.7240, 58.9962, 82.9452



19.0332, 19.3505, 21.1173



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.4843, 59.2773, 64.6492



76.3147, 70.8162, 77.1077



63.1513, 62.4568, 59.1822



14.5361, 14.4316, 15.7577



19.0133, 9.7395, 3.6990



1.4430, 0.7349, 0.4735

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.4843, 59.2773, 64.6492



76.3147, 70.8162, 77.1077



62.3941, 69.2861, 84.9487



14.5361, 14.4316, 15.7577



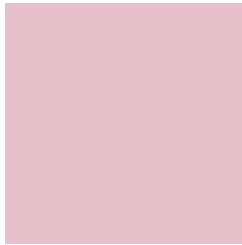
19.0133, 9.7395, 3.6990



1.4430, 0.7349, 0.4735

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

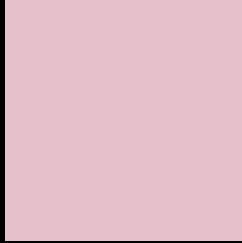
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.4826, 59.2747,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479

Protanopia

57.4486, 59.3065, 68.0939

Deuteranopia

60.5248, 59.2737, 64.1281



Tritanopia

63.0671, 59.1932, 67.1329

Trichromacy



Original Color

62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479

Protanomaly

59.0662, 59.1405, 66.6947

Deuteranomaly

61.2271, 59.3020, 64.0965

Tritanomaly

62.9452, 59.1444, 66.4910

Monochromacy



Original Color

62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479

Achromatopsia

58.0276, 61.0496, 66.4830

Achromatomaly

59.5173, 60.4291, 65.6538

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 193, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 193, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 193, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 193, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 193, 203) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 193, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 193, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 193, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 193, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 193,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.4826, 59.2747, 64.6479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 193, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
193, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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