

# Converting Colors

XYZ(62.3000, 69.1935, 64.1055)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(62.3000, 69.1935, 64.1055)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.4597, 69.3917,  
64.1348)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1DDC7
RGB	209, 221, 199
RGB Percent	82%, 87%, 78%
CMY	0.1804, 0.1333, 0.2196
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.10, 0.13
HSL	93°, 24%, 82%
HSV	93°, 10%, 87%
XYZ	62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348
YIQ	214.9040, -0.0900, -9.3860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

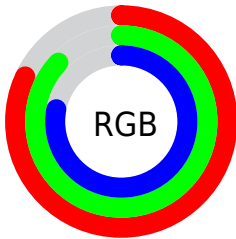
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	199, 221, 211
Decimal	13753799
CIELab	86.70, -7.96, 9.41
CIELCh	87, 12.329, 130.223
Yxy	69.3917, 0.3187, 0.3541
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291943879 (0xFFD1DDC7)
YUV	214.9040, -7.8407, -5.1778
Hunter-Lab	83.3017, -11.9384, 12.6632

# Details

The XYZ color **62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.3413, 59.9181, 76.7953**, and the grayscale version is **64.5794, 67.9425, 73.9894**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **32.2646, 36.2853, 32.0913** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.7950, 66.7488, 51.4337**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.7591, 72.3228, 78.8138**.

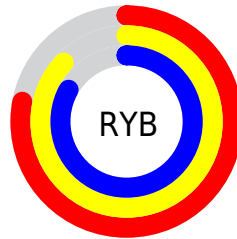
# Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (87%)

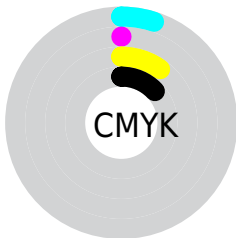
Blue (78%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (83%)

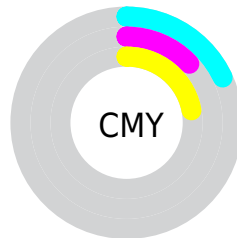


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 62.4597, 69.3917,  
64.1348

■ 62.4597, 69.3917,  
64.1348

423.2968,  
458.4113, 457.8971

■ 45.6613, 51.0308,  
46.3130

107.4758,  
118.3409, 112.4064

■ 32.1821, 36.2331,  
32.1424

136.4243,  
149.6979, 143.6932

■ 21.6568, 24.6143,  
21.2046

170.1534,  
186.1558, 180.3055

■ 13.7202, 15.7899,  
13.0809

209.0285,  
228.0988, 222.6617

■ 8.0067, 9.3756,  
7.3529

253.4151,  
275.9115, 271.1805

■ 4.1511, 4.9870,  
3.6020

303.6784,

■ 1.7879, 2.2396,

329.9782, 326.2802

1.4096

360.1839,  
390.6833, 388.3796

■ 0.5104, 0.7415,  
0.1492

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 62.4597, 69.3917,  
64.1348

■ 62.4597, 69.3917,  
64.1348

■ 56.7950, 66.7488,  
51.4337

■ 68.7591, 72.3228,  
78.8138

■ 51.7378, 64.3757,  
40.6215

■ 75.7080, 75.5420,  
95.5455

■ 47.2667, 62.2656,  
31.6091

■ 81.6242, 78.3791,  
105.4344

■ 43.3572, 60.4080,  
24.2983

■ 85.1478, 80.1956,  
105.5993

■ 39.9826, 58.7913,  
18.5819

■ 37.1136, 57.4032,  
14.3399

■ 34.7174, 56.2297,  
11.4360

■ 32.7561, 55.2549,  
9.7079

■ 31.1679, 54.4530,  
8.8706

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.9815, 69.3917, 61.0641



62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348



60.9038, 69.3917, 70.3406

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348



64.1077, 69.3917, 91.4015



71.5279, 69.3917, 72.7891

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348



60.3413, 59.9181, 76.7953

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.2775, 69.3917, 81.0225



62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348



66.9377, 69.3917, 92.1760

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348



61.8360, 69.3917, 86.2126



69.5778, 69.3917, 88.2580



70.2524, 69.3917, 65.8154



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348



60.5961, 69.3917, 75.6173



69.5778, 69.3917, 88.2580



71.6203, 69.3917, 75.4942

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.4616, 69.3947, 64.1363



92.3238, 98.7340, 102.4707



63.3583, 65.9545, 63.4250



19.6081, 21.0621, 21.5745



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.4616, 69.3947, 64.1363



84.6316, 95.1537, 84.7117



59.8059, 68.0157, 64.4577



13.4458, 14.8945, 13.8918



18.2282, 31.6945, 5.1569



1.2794, 2.1041, 0.3387



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.3413, 59.9181, 76.7953



81.1210, 79.4639, 105.6703



63.1985, 61.4023, 76.4199



13.0142, 12.9654, 16.4688



12.2595, 5.4442, 40.1431

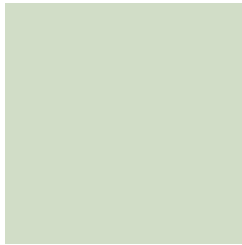


0.8931, 0.4037, 2.6053



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

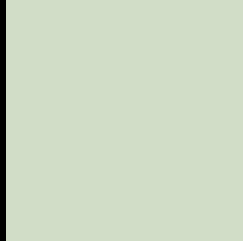
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

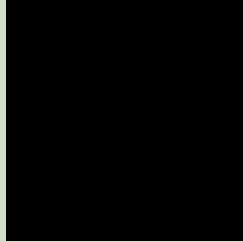
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

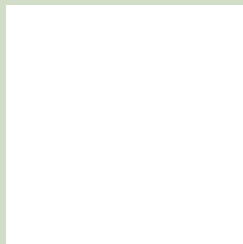
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348.



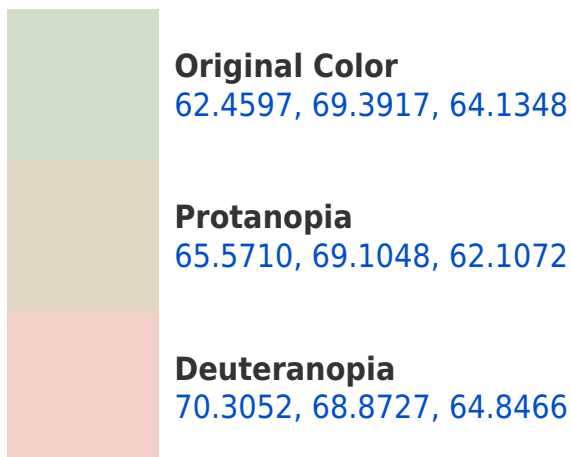
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.4597, 69.3917,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

66.9954, 69.2911, 86.9343

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348

## Protanomaly

64.3629, 69.2341, 62.7946

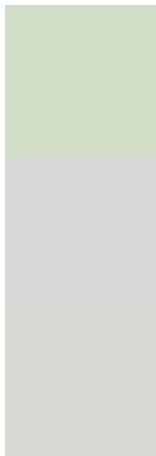
## Deuteranomaly

67.1746, 68.7476, 64.3727

## Tritanomaly

65.2739, 69.3603, 78.3542

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348

## Achromatopsia

64.5905, 67.9542, 74.0022

## Achromatomaly

63.7620, 68.3753, 70.1587

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 221, 199) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 221, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 221, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 221, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 221, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 221, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 221, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 221, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 221, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 221,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.4597, 69.3917, 64.1348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 221, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
221, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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