

# Converting Colors

XYZ(62.3424, 71.1818, 93.8913)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(62.3424, 71.1818, 93.8913)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(62.1687, 70.9923,  
93.6453)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4E3F1
RGB	180, 227, 241
RGB Percent	71%, 89%, 95%
CMY	0.2941, 0.1098, 0.0549
CMYK	0.25, 0.06, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	194°, 69%, 83%
HSV	194°, 25%, 95%
XYZ	62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453
YIQ	214.5430, -32.5060, -5.6100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

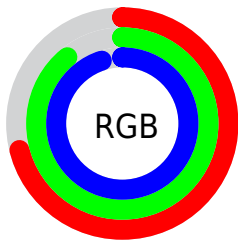
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	180, 207, 241
Decimal	11854833
CIE Lab	87.48, -12.02, -11.78
CIE LCh	87, 16.828, 224.438
Yxy	70.9923, 0.2741, 0.3130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290044913 (0xFFB4E3F1)
YUV	214.5430, 13.0433, -30.2942
Hunter-Lab	84.2569, -15.7440, -6.9166

# Details

The XYZ color **62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **63.8066, 60.5803, 51.5120**, and the grayscale version is **64.2146, 67.5588, 73.5715**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.7351, 96.7445, 108.6045**, and **32.1137, 37.4435, 51.4337** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.5508, 65.3728, 92.9106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.8149, 77.2176, 94.4451**.

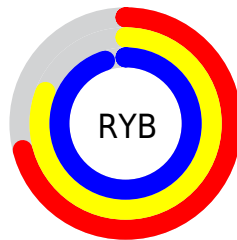
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (89%)

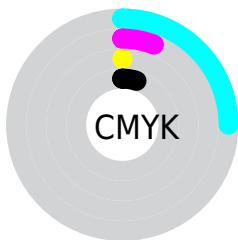
Blue (95%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (95%)

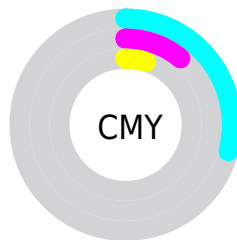


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 62.1687, 70.9923,  
93.6453

■ 62.1687, 70.9923,  
93.6453

422.2539,  
464.0265, 560.6921

■ 45.4251, 52.3359,  
70.4173

■ 107.0579,  
120.6228, 154.3711

■ 31.9951, 37.2729,  
51.3879

135.9342,  
152.3656, 192.7061

■ 21.5133, 25.4189,  
36.1386

169.5855,  
189.2394, 236.9137

■ 13.6143, 16.3894,  
24.2507

208.3771,  
231.6286, 287.4127

■ 7.9328, 9.8001,  
15.3058

252.6744,  
279.9175, 344.6215

■ 4.1034, 5.2666,  
8.8853

302.8428,

■ 1.7608, 2.4045,

334.4905, 408.9586

4.5706

359.2475,  
395.7320, 480.8426

■ 0.4939, 0.8282,  
1.9433

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5201

■ 62.1687, 70.9923,  
93.6453

■ 62.1687, 70.9923,  
93.6453

■ 55.5508, 65.3728,  
92.9106

■ 69.8149, 77.2176,  
94.4451

■ 49.9038, 60.3236,  
92.2336

■ 78.5303, 84.0650,  
95.3074

■ 45.1745, 55.8182,  
91.6133

■ 88.3613, 91.5611,  
96.2361

■ 41.3015, 51.8243,  
91.0465

■ 91.0318, 95.4398,  
96.8441

■ 38.2157, 48.3057,  
90.5300

■ 92.7676, 98.9113,  
97.4227

■ 35.8367, 45.2201,  
90.0598

■ 92.8774, 99.1310,  
97.4593

■ 34.0652, 42.5158,  
89.6312

■ 33.3730, 41.3421,  
89.4411

# Harmonies

## Analogous

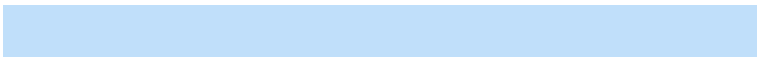
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.3471, 70.9923, 82.8811



62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453



65.4478, 70.9923, 100.3410

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453



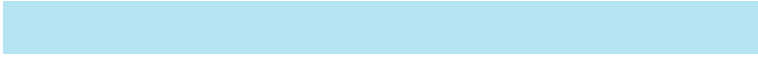
75.1037, 70.9923, 83.3161



65.5898, 70.9923, 57.9932

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453



63.8066, 60.5803, 51.5120

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.5457, 70.9923, 58.0849



62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453



75.1454, 70.9923, 71.9725

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453



72.9655, 70.9923, 93.9906



73.0772, 70.9923, 62.9742



62.2691, 70.9923, 62.7099



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453



68.0687, 70.9923, 101.2197



73.0772, 70.9923, 62.9742



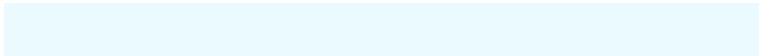
66.8868, 70.9923, 57.4785

# Sweetspot

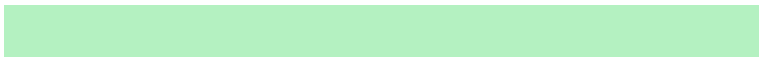
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.1708, 70.9952, 93.6469



86.4638, 93.3837, 108.0755



59.9291, 76.4752, 62.1832



18.1807, 19.7330, 23.1006



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

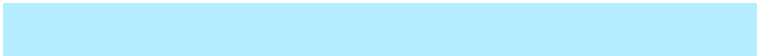


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.1708, 70.9952, 93.6469



66.9384, 77.5710, 106.0524



54.7319, 56.1172, 91.1673



15.9219, 17.2780, 20.2174



18.2041, 22.6324, 48.5369



1.5884, 2.0308, 4.0625



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.4638, 56.8912, 80.1542



72.6113, 59.4406, 88.1087



71.0948, 75.1567, 53.9414



16.2900, 15.9657, 19.0835



24.5142, 12.0781, 26.4221

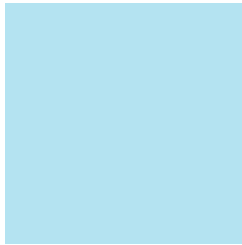


2.0767, 1.0197, 2.3947



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

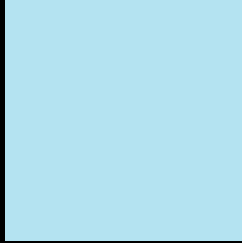
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

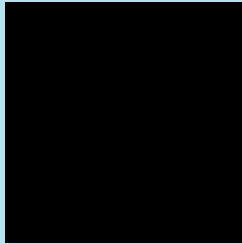
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453.



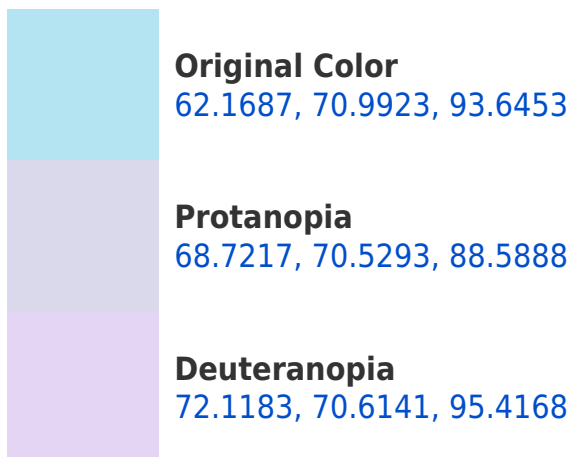
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.1687, 70.9923,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

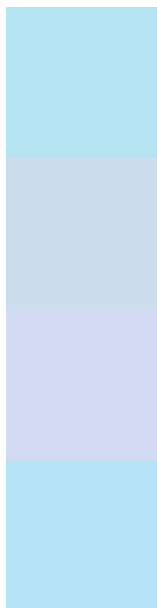




## Tritanopia

62.7338, 70.8090, 96.7473

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453

## Protanomaly

66.0444, 70.6647, 90.2795

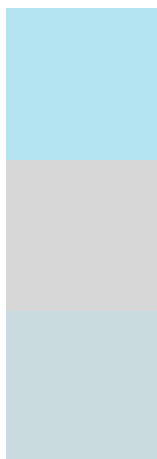
## Deuteranomaly

68.1130, 70.4628, 94.8047

## Tritanomaly

62.5815, 70.7481, 95.9453

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453

## Achromatopsia

64.5905, 67.9542, 74.0022

## Achromatomaly

63.1432, 68.6014, 80.4344

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 227, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 227, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 227, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 227, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 227, 241) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 227, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 227, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 227, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 227, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 227,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.1687, 70.9923, 93.6453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 227, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
227, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor