

# Converting Colors

XYZ(62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.4560, 67.4862,  
45.3317)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2D7A5
RGB	226, 215, 165
RGB Percent	89%, 84%, 65%
CMY	0.1137, 0.1568, 0.3529
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.27, 0.11
HSL	49°, 51%, 77%
HSV	49°, 27%, 89%
XYZ	62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317
YIQ	212.5890, 22.6060, -13.2180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

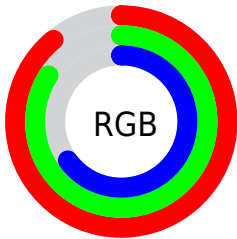
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">178, 226, 165</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14866341</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.75, -3.88, 26.09</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">86, 26.376, 98.460</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">67.4862, 0.3563, 0.3850</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293056421 (0xFFE2D7A5)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">212.5890, -23.4614, 11.7614</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">82.1500, -8.0546, 24.7878</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **44.7697, 44.5399, 78.1892**, and the grayscale version is **63.1139, 66.4007, 72.3104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.9183, 97.9473, 81.8767**, and **32.1290, 34.8799, 20.6619** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.5543, 64.6887, 35.0970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.7506, 70.4869, 57.4922**.

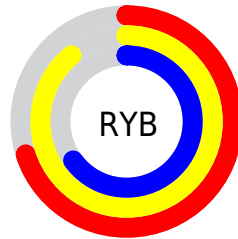
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (84%)

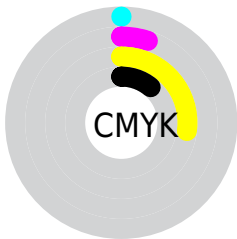
Blue (65%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (65%)

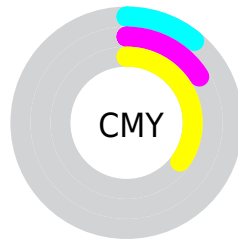


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62.4560, 67.4862,  
45.3317

62.4560, 67.4862,  
45.3317

423.2836,  
451.6734, 384.3145

45.6583, 49.4799,  
31.3739

107.4705,  
115.6168, 84.5417

32.1797, 35.0003,  
20.6229

136.4180,  
146.5099, 110.6309

21.6550, 23.6631,  
12.6601

170.1461,  
182.4673, 141.6011

13.7188, 15.0839,  
7.0669

209.0203,  
223.8734, 177.8707

8.0057, 8.8783,  
3.4249

253.4057,  
271.1127, 219.8583

4.1505, 4.6619,  
1.3155

303.6678,

1.7876, 2.0503,

324.5696, 267.9825

0.0744

360.1720,  
384.6283, 322.6617

■ 0.5102, 0.6364,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 62.4560, 67.4862,  
45.3317

■ 62.4560, 67.4862,  
45.3317

■ 59.5543, 64.6887,  
35.0970

■ 65.7506, 70.4869,  
57.4922

■ 57.0209, 62.0772,  
26.6831

■ 69.4507, 73.6891,  
71.6678

■ 54.8364, 59.6460,  
19.9813

■ 73.5749, 77.1028,  
87.9472

■ 52.9776, 57.3855,  
14.8697

■ 78.0741, 80.7087,  
106.0711

■ 51.4181, 55.2848,  
11.2100

■ 79.2295, 83.0196,  
106.4563

■ 50.1268, 53.3313,  
8.8406

■ 80.4117, 85.3839,  
106.8503

■ 49.0639, 51.5086,  
7.5515

■ 81.6208, 87.8021,  
107.2534

■ 48.7685, 50.9776,  
7.2693

■ 82.8569, 90.2744,  
107.6654

■ 84.1203, 92.8012,  
108.0865

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.4870, 67.4862, 46.7625



62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317



57.2116, 67.4862, 50.4638

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317



55.5017, 67.4862, 96.0832



75.5216, 67.4862, 86.3336

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317



44.7697, 44.5399, 78.1892

# Split Complementary

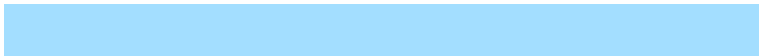
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.6141, 67.4862, 102.6090



62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317



59.9878, 67.4862, 108.8223

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317



53.3642, 67.4862, 78.4659



65.8613, 67.4862, 111.3808



76.2849, 67.4862, 68.7119



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317



54.7773, 67.4862, 57.4717



65.8613, 67.4862, 111.3808



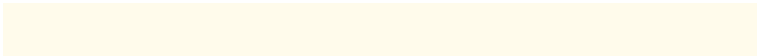
74.5210, 67.4862, 92.2173

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.4577, 67.4892, 45.3331



90.7758, 96.4314, 92.1233



52.6744, 46.2217, 47.3158



19.2664, 20.5010, 19.0860



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.4577, 67.4892, 45.3331



80.0677, 86.7848, 52.2695



59.6322, 70.3296, 46.0303



14.6507, 15.5873, 14.5433



27.9022, 29.2423, 4.1737



1.9895, 2.1380, 0.3078



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.7697, 44.5399, 78.1892



53.3785, 52.1626, 101.8628



47.0265, 42.6317, 77.7020



13.1509, 13.6408, 17.3275



8.3404, 4.1503, 41.4099



0.6376, 0.4067, 2.8901



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

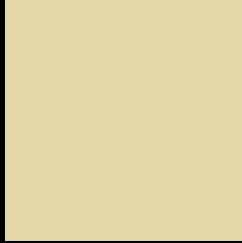
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

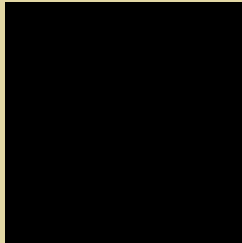
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.4560, 67.4862,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317

### Protanopia

63.1512, 67.4678, 45.2915

### Deuteranopia

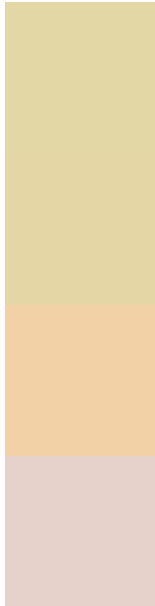
68.8300, 67.4419, 45.9491



## Tritanopia

69.2364, 67.2770, 79.1486

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317

## Protanomaly

62.8330, 67.3037, 45.2766

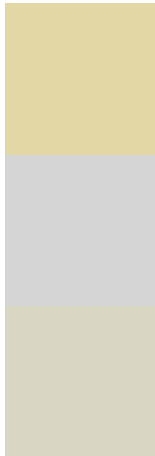
## Deuteranomaly

66.3013, 67.2313, 45.5589

## Tritanomaly

66.3404, 67.1804, 65.3477

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

62.9238, 66.9841, 61.8373

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 215, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 215, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 215, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 215, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 215, 165) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 215, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 215, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 215, 165); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 215, 165); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 215, 165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.4560, 67.4862, 45.3317 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 215, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
215, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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