

# Converting Colors

XYZ(62.4730, 61.1893, 22.1537)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(62.4730, 61.1893, 22.1537)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.4863, 61.2159,  
22.1581)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCC46A
RGB	252, 196, 106
RGB Percent	99%, 77%, 42%
CMY	0.0118, 0.2313, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.58, 0.01
HSL	37°, 96%, 70%
HSV	37°, 58%, 99%
XYZ	62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581
YIQ	202.4840, 62.2660, -16.1180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

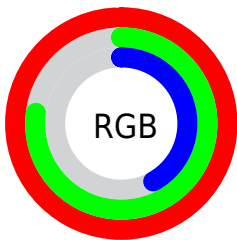
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">197, 252, 106</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16565354</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.49, 10.22, 52.18</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">82, 53.169, 78.922</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">61.2159, 0.4284, 0.4197</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294755434</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFC46A</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">202.4840, -47.5666, 43.4255</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">78.2406, 5.6367, 37.9772</a>

# Details

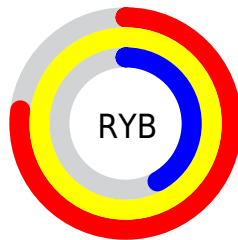
The XYZ color **62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **36.4342, 35.9315, 97.1101**, and the grayscale version is **56.7038, 59.6568, 64.9663**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.3084, 93.3840, 46.4877**, and **32.0771, 30.8188, 7.7480** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.2535, 56.5486, 15.5378**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.2474, 66.3241, 30.8549**.

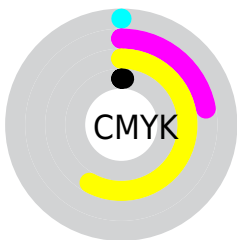
# Distribution



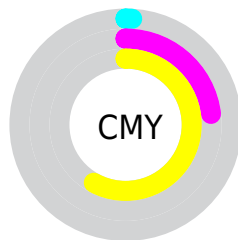
- Red (99%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62.4863, 61.2159,  
22.1581

62.4863, 61.2159,  
22.1581

423.3921,  
429.0652, 276.3512

45.6828, 44.3994,  
13.7737

107.5140,  
106.5915, 47.9127

32.1992, 30.9846,  
7.8265

136.4690,  
135.9194, 66.1200

21.6700, 20.5872,  
3.8979

170.2052,  
170.1865, 88.4386

13.7298, 12.8226,  
1.5695

209.0880,  
209.7774, 115.2871

8.0134, 7.3065,  
0.2689

253.4828,  
255.0763, 147.0841

4.1554, 3.6545,  
0.0000

303.7548,

1.7904, 1.4822,

306.4676, 184.2481

0.0000

360.2694,  
364.3358, 227.1976

■ 0.5119, 0.2762,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 62.4863, 61.2159,  
22.1581

■ 62.4863, 61.2159,  
22.1581

■ 59.2535, 56.5486,  
15.5378

■ 66.2474, 66.3241,  
30.8549

■ 56.5073, 52.2940,  
10.8061

■ 70.5656, 71.8815,  
41.7867

■ 54.2052, 48.4332,  
7.7471

■ 75.4725, 77.9071,  
55.1005

■ 52.2891, 44.9386,  
6.0675

■ 80.9956, 84.4159,  
70.9298

■ 51.9248, 44.2556,  
5.8054

■ 87.1605, 91.4218,  
89.3979

■ 93.6348, 98.7956,  
108.7421

■ 93.9547, 99.4353,  
108.8487

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.7627, 61.2159, 29.7220



62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581



51.3790, 61.2159, 23.2389

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581



39.8577, 61.2159, 89.0866



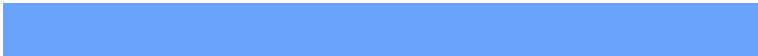
76.2673, 61.2159, 116.8361

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581



36.4342, 35.9315, 97.1101

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.5645, 61.2159, 145.1501



62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581



44.9692, 61.2159, 125.8624

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581



39.2594, 61.2159, 55.3329



54.0836, 61.2159, 148.9058



82.3818, 61.2159, 79.4220



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581



45.5021, 61.2159, 28.8467



54.0836, 61.2159, 148.9058



73.0269, 61.2159, 128.1906

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.4878, 61.2189, 22.1593



83.7632, 87.3632, 74.5041



52.0361, 33.6988, 39.0741



17.6709, 18.4009, 15.1907



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.4878, 61.2189, 22.1593



60.2352, 57.1353, 14.7824



72.4705, 88.7345, 26.9442



18.1357, 19.0072, 18.1753



27.1954, 23.3475, 3.0732

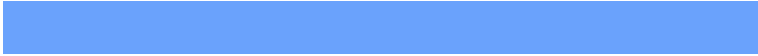


2.6213, 2.3674, 0.3188



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.4342, 35.9315, 97.1101



31.1894, 29.0151, 98.5644



30.5544, 21.3731, 94.6100



16.8287, 17.7343, 21.9214



11.4941, 8.3438, 48.9783



1.1635, 0.9708, 4.5692



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.4863, 61.2159,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581

### Protanopia

56.5102, 61.5776, 23.3753

### Deuteranopia

62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581



## Tritanopia

69.4357, 60.9708, 62.7525

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581

## Protanomaly

58.4194, 61.1566, 22.9127

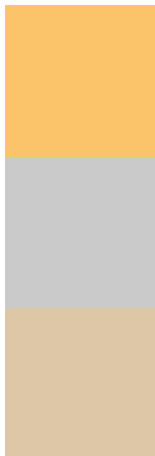
## Deuteranomaly

62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581

## Tritanomaly

66.1694, 60.6509, 44.2957

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581

## Achromatopsia

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184

## Achromatomaly

57.1445, 59.3142, 44.9962

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 196, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 196, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 196, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 196, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 196, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 196, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 196, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 196, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 196, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 196,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.4863, 61.2159, 22.1581 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 196, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
196, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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