

# Converting Colors

XYZ(62.6057, 57.3815, 65.5341)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(62.6057, 57.3815, 65.5341)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.7215, 57.4409,  
65.5390)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EABBCD
RGB	234, 187, 205
RGB Percent	92%, 73%, 80%
CMY	0.0823, 0.2666, 0.1961
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.12, 0.08
HSL	337°, 53%, 83%
HSV	337°, 20%, 92%
XYZ	62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390
YIQ	203.1050, 22.2340, 15.5620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

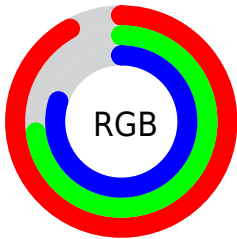
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	234, 187, 205
Decimal	15383501
CIE Lab	80.43, 19.67, -2.61
CIE LCh	80, 19.847, 352.434
Yxy	57.4409, 0.3378, 0.3093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293573581 (0xFFEABBCD)
YUV	203.1050, 0.9342, 27.0949
Hunter-Lab	75.7898, 15.0895, 1.7820

# Details

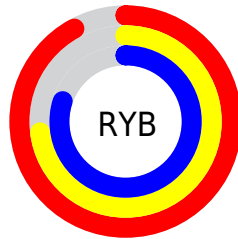
The XYZ color **62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **62.3134, 74.3699, 76.0400**, and the grayscale version is **56.8166, 59.7755, 65.0955**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.3406, 92.5812, 107.6635**, and **32.4711, 28.7495, 33.1160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.4928, 47.6449, 55.2565**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.9232, 68.9241, 76.9409**.

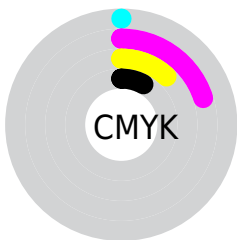
# Distribution



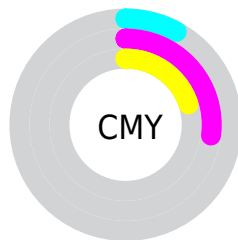
- Red (92%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 62.7215, 57.4409,  
65.5390

 62.7215, 57.4409,  
65.5390


424.2338,  
415.0994, 463.0855

 45.8737, 41.3593,  
47.4442


 107.8517,  
101.1082, 114.4451

 32.3504, 28.6000,  
33.0301


136.8648,  
129.4628, 146.0934

 21.7861, 18.7784,  
21.8782


170.6638,  
162.6771, 183.0967

 13.8156, 11.5103,  
13.5699

209.6140,  
201.1356, 225.8734

 8.0733, 6.4112,  
7.6869

254.0807,  
245.2227, 274.8421

 4.1941, 3.0967,  
3.8103

304.4294,

 1.8125, 1.1824,

295.3228, 330.4213

1.5219

361.0253,  
351.8202, 393.0296

■ 0.5252, 0.0473,  
0.2342

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 62.7215, 57.4409,  
65.5390

■ 62.7215, 57.4409,  
65.5390

■ 56.4928, 47.6449,  
55.2565

■ 69.9232, 68.9241,  
76.9409

■ 51.1887, 39.4483,  
46.0539

■ 78.1337, 82.1614,  
89.4926

■ 46.7640, 32.7672,  
37.8944

■ 86.6850, 95.8098,  
102.9920

■ 43.1675, 27.5068,  
30.7378

■ 87.7420, 96.2326,  
108.5580

■ 40.3425, 23.5616,  
24.5405

■ 38.2245, 20.8108,  
19.2551

■ 36.7373, 19.1115,  
14.8289

■ 35.7607, 18.2241,  
11.2176

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.0328, 57.4409, 77.2171



62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390



62.1487, 57.4409, 54.3790

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390



51.6652, 57.4409, 44.0404



49.9651, 57.4409, 82.0308

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390



62.3134, 74.3699, 76.0400

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.6812, 57.4409, 71.4866



62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390



48.6282, 57.4409, 49.8574

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390



55.6321, 57.4409, 42.8636



47.2042, 57.4409, 59.6405



53.5726, 57.4409, 87.4782



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390



60.5739, 57.4409, 48.6147



47.2042, 57.4409, 59.6405



49.0246, 57.4409, 78.9068

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.7231, 57.4435, 65.5402



88.8787, 90.0304, 99.5273



60.9378, 56.0804, 85.4555



18.8858, 19.0482, 21.0912



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.7231, 57.4435, 65.5402



73.0423, 64.7766, 74.4593



61.8593, 58.9948, 55.1437



15.3042, 15.1495, 16.8870



20.1522, 10.2636, 6.6027



1.6281, 0.8242, 0.7589



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.7231, 57.4435, 65.5402



73.0423, 64.7766, 74.4593



63.2325, 72.2785, 88.4611



15.3042, 15.1495, 16.8870



20.1522, 10.2636, 6.6027

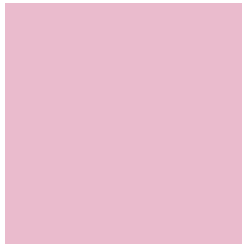


1.6281, 0.8242, 0.7589



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

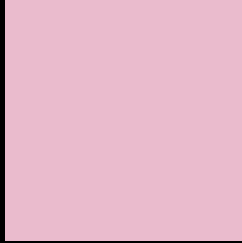
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.7215, 57.4409,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390

### Protanopia

56.1265, 57.8797, 70.5011

### Deuteranopia

58.8061, 57.6949, 65.1636



## Tritanopia

62.3627, 57.2973, 63.6497

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390

## Protanomaly

58.1751, 57.6307, 68.3793

## Deuteranomaly

59.9613, 57.3092, 65.0282

## Tritanomaly

62.4815, 57.3449, 64.2754

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390

## Achromatopsia

56.7640, 59.7202, 65.0353

## Achromatomaly

58.5969, 58.5883, 65.3470

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 187, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 187, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 187, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 187, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 187, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 187, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 187, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 187, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 187, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 187,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.7215, 57.4409, 65.5390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 187, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
187, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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