

# Converting Colors

XYZ(62.6335, 85.2271, 19.8064)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(62.6335, 85.2271, 19.8064)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.7621, 85.2934,  
19.8120)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFFF4B
RGB	207, 255, 75
RGB Percent	81%, 100%, 29%
CMY	0.1882, 0.0000, 0.7059
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.71, 0.00
HSL	76°, 100%, 65%
HSV	76°, 71%, 100%
XYZ	62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120
YIQ	220.1280, 29.1720, -66.1560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

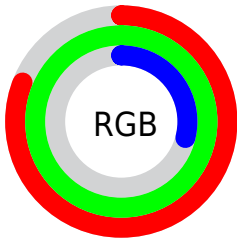
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	75, 255, 123
Decimal	13631307
CIELab	94.01, -38.78, 76.34
CIElCh	94, 85.623, 116.929
Yxy	85.2934, 0.3739, 0.5081
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291821387 (0xFFCFFF4B)
YUV	220.1280, -71.5481, -11.5133
Hunter-Lab	92.3544, -40.3154, 51.9291

# Details

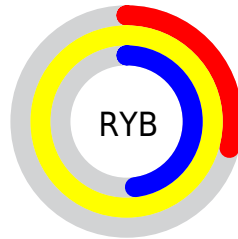
The XYZ color **62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF33**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **28.7360, 16.4646, 96.2712**, and the grayscale version is **68.5865, 72.1583, 78.5804**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.3031, 94.5012, 36.5097**, and **32.4068, 46.6841, 7.3029** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.1977, 84.0528, 16.0132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.7580, 86.7160, 25.4576**.

# Distribution



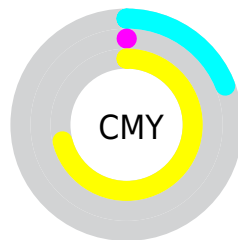
- Red (81%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62.7621, 85.2934,  
19.8120

62.7621, 85.2934,  
19.8120

424.3790,  
512.5984, 263.4660

45.9067, 64.0838,  
12.0757

107.9100,  
140.7830, 43.9566

32.3765, 46.7186,  
6.6721

136.9331,  
175.8319, 61.2020

21.8062, 32.8132,  
3.1826

170.7429,  
216.2626, 82.4542

13.8304, 21.9834,  
1.1886

209.7047,  
262.4596, 108.1317

8.0837, 13.8447,  
0.0000

254.1839,  
314.8073, 138.6531

4.2008, 8.0127,  
0.0000

304.5457,

1.8164, 4.1031,

373.6901, 174.4370

0.0000

361.1557,  
439.4923, 215.9017

■ 0.5275, 1.7314,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.4439,  
0.0000

■ 62.7621, 85.2934,  
19.8120

■ 62.7621, 85.2934,  
19.8120

■ 60.1977, 84.0528,  
16.0132

■ 65.7580, 86.7160,  
25.4576

■ 58.0190, 82.9759,  
13.8225

■ 69.2235, 88.3360,  
33.1430

■ 56.2527, 82.0844,  
12.8790

■ 73.1922, 90.1669,  
43.0407

■ 77.6941, 92.2210,  
55.3040

■ 82.7568, 94.5093,  
70.0725

■ 88.4055, 97.0420,  
87.4752

94.6641, 99.8287,  
107.6318

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.4447, 85.2934, 15.3855



62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120



49.5552, 85.2934, 39.7563

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120



59.3882, 85.2934, 243.1654



133.3046, 85.2934, 99.7731

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120



28.7360, 16.4646, 96.2712

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123.7199, 85.2934, 179.7971



62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120



78.7385, 85.2934, 283.5840

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120



47.8796, 85.2934, 162.2689



102.6285, 85.2934, 256.1931



126.8652, 85.2934, 46.7614



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120



45.3737, 85.2934, 67.2300



102.6285, 85.2934, 256.1931



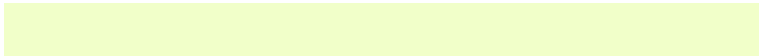
131.8128, 85.2934, 124.3184

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.7622, 85.2934, 19.8132



82.5355, 94.4097, 69.4091



49.5938, 35.9352, 10.9801



17.3559, 20.0678, 13.9347



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.7622, 85.2934, 19.8132



59.1915, 83.5585, 14.8636



44.3670, 75.8104, 18.9523



19.0609, 20.8328, 19.1609



29.5423, 42.9677, 6.7366



2.9801, 4.2371, 0.6608



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.7360, 16.4646, 96.2712



23.5806, 11.1119, 95.5097



48.0076, 26.3994, 97.1731



17.4573, 17.6120, 22.7293



10.7969, 4.4765, 49.7296

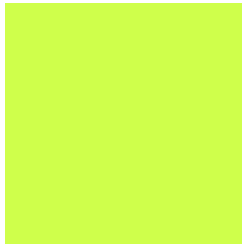


1.1495, 0.4865, 4.8466



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

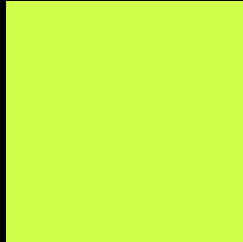
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120.



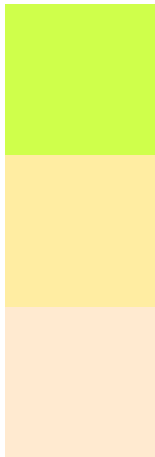
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.7621, 85.2934,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120

### Protanopia

78.0458, 84.4370, 46.3669

### Deuteranopia

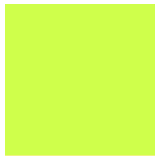
82.0480, 84.6597, 71.6911



## Tritanopia

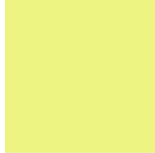
80.6194, 84.8631, 106.7388

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120



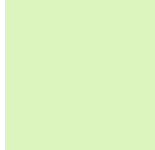
## Protanomaly

71.6398, 84.4902, 33.6515



## Deuteranomaly

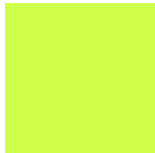
73.3572, 84.2195, 45.6474



## Tritanomaly

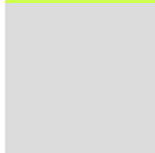
71.1601, 83.6347, 61.1078

# Monochromacy



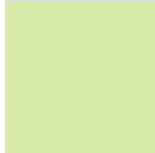
## Original Color

62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120



## Achromatopsia

68.0267, 71.5694, 77.9390



## Achromatomaly

64.1383, 75.5149, 47.7546

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 255, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 255, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 255, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 255, 75) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 255, 75) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 255, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 255, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 255, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 255, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 255,  
75) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.7621, 85.2934, 19.8120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 255, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
255, 75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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