

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.0074, 75.5416, 95.9654)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.0074, 75.5416, 95.9654)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(63.0394, 75.5855,  
96.0609)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAEDF3
RGB	170, 237, 243
RGB Percent	67%, 93%, 95%
CMY	0.3333, 0.0706, 0.0471
CMYK	0.30, 0.02, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	185°, 75%, 81%
HSV	185°, 30%, 95%
XYZ	63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609
YIQ	217.6510, -41.8580, -12.3380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

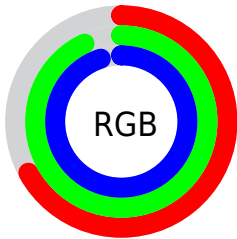
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	170, 205, 243
Decimal	11202035
CIE Lab	89.67, -19.42, -9.64
CIE LCh	90, 21.677, 206.392
Yxy	75.5855, 0.2686, 0.3221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289392115 (0xFFAAEDF3)
YUV	217.6510, 12.4971, -41.7899
Hunter-Lab	86.9399, -22.7160, -4.6522

# Details

The XYZ color **63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **59.7441, 53.0082, 45.1146**, and the grayscale version is **66.3394, 69.7943, 76.0059**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.4886, 95.0709, 108.4525**, and **32.5637, 40.2804, 53.0723** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.6899, 71.9763, 95.6475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.3707, 79.7142, 96.5254**.

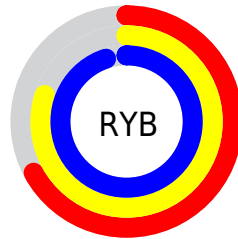
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (93%)

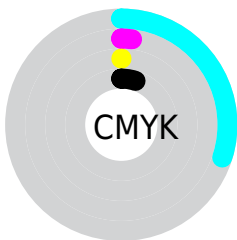
Blue (95%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (95%)

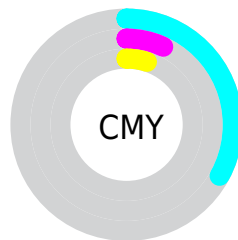


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.0394, 75.5855,  
96.0609

63.0394, 75.5855,  
96.0609

425.3699,  
479.9276, 568.6267

46.1319, 56.0927,  
72.4165

108.3078,  
127.1408, 157.7376

32.5549, 40.2772,  
53.0101

137.3994,  
159.9721, 196.6071

21.9433, 27.7548,  
37.4230

171.2831,  
198.0184, 241.3886

13.9316, 18.1409,  
25.2369

210.3242,  
241.6639, 292.5008

8.1545, 11.0512,  
16.0330

254.8881,  
291.2933, 350.3621

4.2466, 6.1013,  
9.3929

305.3401,

1.8426, 2.9068,

347.2907, 415.3912

4.8980

362.0455,  
410.0407, 488.0065

■ 0.5431, 1.0832,  
2.1299

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6335

■ 63.0394, 75.5855,  
96.0609

■ 63.0394, 75.5855,  
96.0609

■ 57.6899, 71.9763,  
95.6475

■ 69.3707, 79.7142,  
96.5254

■ 53.2619, 68.8498,  
95.2774

■ 76.7266, 84.3787,  
97.0380

■ 49.6988, 66.1787,  
94.9496

■ 85.1555, 89.6060,  
97.6028

■ 46.9352, 63.9291,  
94.6610

■ 90.0672, 93.0298,  
98.0047

■ 44.8960, 62.0624,  
94.4082

■ 90.6744, 94.2442,  
98.2071

■ 43.4918, 60.5325,  
94.1869

■ 91.2882, 95.4717,  
98.4117

■ 42.5757, 59.2669,  
93.9909

■ 91.9085, 96.7123,  
98.6185

■ 92.5354, 97.9661,  
98.8274

■ 93.1688, 99.2330,  
99.0386

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.0830, 75.5855, 80.4648



63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609



66.3123, 75.5855, 109.2708

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609



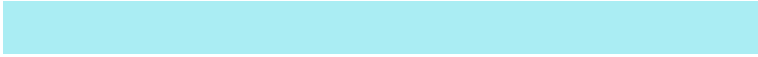
80.7278, 75.5855, 99.6547



72.4892, 75.5855, 56.3247

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609



59.7441, 53.0082, 45.1146

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.6703, 75.5855, 60.1777



63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609



82.5730, 75.5855, 84.1624

# Square

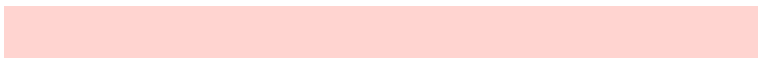
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609



76.4985, 75.5855, 111.5194



81.4276, 75.5855, 69.9199



67.3779, 75.5855, 58.6896

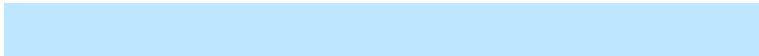


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609



69.4553, 75.5855, 114.2813



81.4276, 75.5855, 69.9199



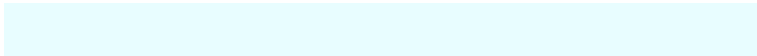
74.2823, 75.5855, 56.9220

# Sweetspot

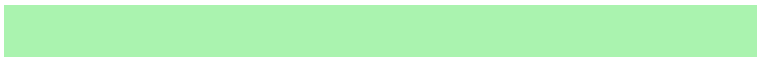
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.0416, 75.5885, 96.0626



86.5064, 94.7071, 108.3287



56.3544, 75.7385, 52.1392



18.2402, 20.0985, 23.1680



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.0416, 75.5885, 96.0626



66.5963, 81.8298, 106.8925



53.7913, 57.0879, 92.9792



16.8734, 18.5112, 21.2263



23.4148, 32.6234, 51.6009



2.0917, 2.9348, 4.5465



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.6247, 53.9203, 87.0203



71.2321, 54.2692, 95.0876



67.6047, 68.7294, 47.7348



17.1514, 16.7434, 20.5441



27.6232, 13.3927, 39.5858

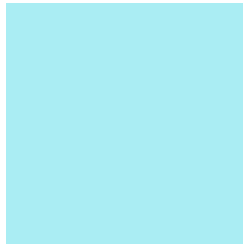


2.4449, 1.1839, 3.5690



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

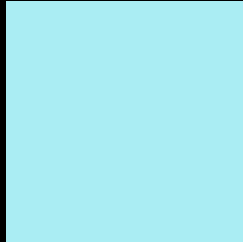
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

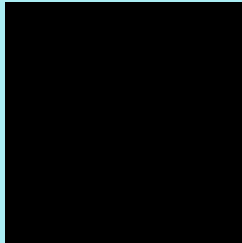
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609.



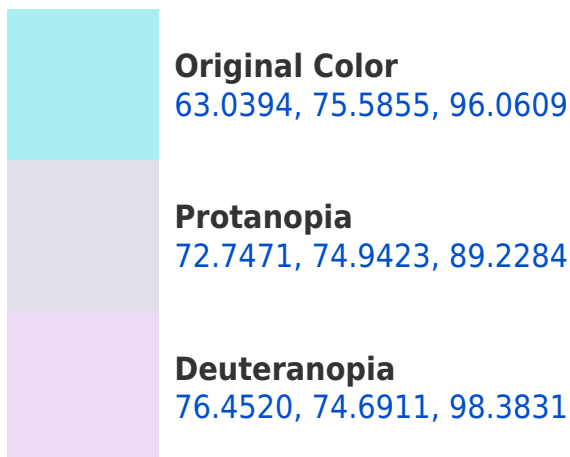
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.0394, 75.5855,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

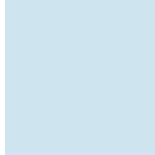
64.8313, 75.4567, 104.9135

# Trichromacy



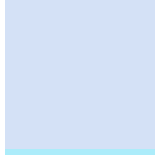
## Original Color

63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609



## Protanomaly

68.6296, 74.7817, 91.7061



## Deuteranomaly

70.7111, 74.5013, 97.8421



## Tritanomaly

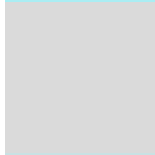
64.2640, 75.6637, 101.6600

# Monochromacy



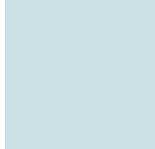
## Original Color

63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609



## Achromatopsia

66.6397, 70.1102, 76.3500



## Achromatomaly

64.8777, 71.8140, 83.1151

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 237, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 237, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 237, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 237, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 237, 243) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 237, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 237, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 237, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 237, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 237,  
243) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.0394, 75.5855, 96.0609 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 237, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
237, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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