

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.0342, 68.5313,  
102.0762)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.0342, 68.5313, 102.0762)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.9311, 68.4050,  
101.9821)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8DCFC
RGB	184, 220, 252
RGB Percent	72%, 86%, 99%
CMY	0.2784, 0.1372, 0.0118
CMYK	0.27, 0.13, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	208°, 92%, 85%
HSV	208°, 27%, 99%
XYZ	62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821
YIQ	212.8840, -31.7280, 2.3200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

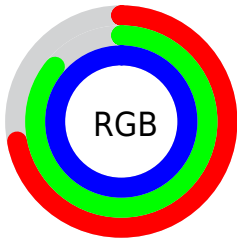
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	184, 208, 252
Decimal	12115196
CIELab	86.21, -4.76, -19.46
CIELCh	86, 20.035, 256.249
Yxy	68.4050, 0.2697, 0.2932
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290305276 (0xFFB8DCFC)
YUV	212.8840, 19.2842, -25.3313
Hunter-Lab	82.7073, -8.9191, -15.2123

# Details

The XYZ color **62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **73.3535, 73.2687, 55.6255**, and the grayscale version is **63.0605, 66.3445, 72.2492**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677**, and **32.3587, 35.5175, 56.7798** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.4215, 59.5622, 100.7249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.7410, 78.2492, 103.3663**.

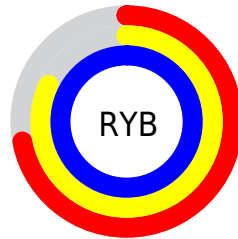
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (86%)

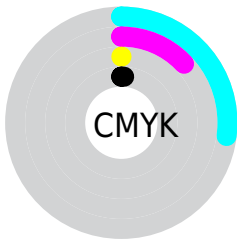
Blue (99%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (99%)

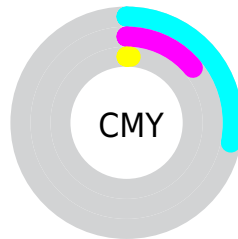


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 62.9311, 68.4050,  
101.9821

■ 62.9311, 68.4050,  
101.9821

424.9830,  
454.9296, 587.8298

■ 46.0439, 50.2273,  
77.3308

■ 108.1525,  
116.9313, 165.9540

■ 32.4852, 35.5940,  
57.0112

137.2174,  
148.0488, 206.1116

■ 21.8897, 24.1208,  
40.6049

171.0722,  
184.2482, 252.2751

■ 13.8921, 15.4233,  
27.6931

210.0823,  
225.9141, 304.8631

■ 8.1268, 9.1170,  
17.8574

254.6131,  
273.4307, 364.2940

■ 4.2287, 4.8176,  
10.6793

305.0300,

■ 1.8323, 2.1406,

327.1826, 430.9864

5.7402

361.6981,  
387.5541, 505.3588

■ 0.5370, 0.6873,  
2.6215

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9035

■ 62.9311, 68.4050,  
101.9821

■ 62.9311, 68.4050,  
101.9821

■ 54.4215, 59.5622,  
100.7249

■ 72.7410, 78.2492,  
103.3663

■ 47.1442, 51.6739,  
99.5859

■ 83.9020, 89.1226,  
104.8769

■ 41.0342, 44.7015,  
98.5621

■ 94.5709, 99.8084,  
106.3771

■ 36.0176, 38.5996,  
97.6487

■ 32.0108, 33.3175,  
96.8404

■ 28.9163, 28.7974,  
96.1310

■ 26.6112, 24.9678,  
95.5133

■ 26.0159, 23.9184,  
95.3421

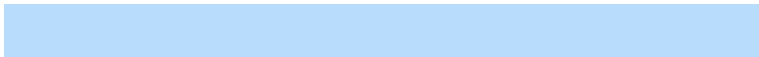
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.0738, 68.4050, 94.3799



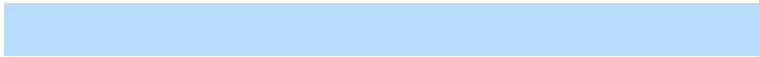
62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821



67.5306, 68.4050, 101.6292

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821



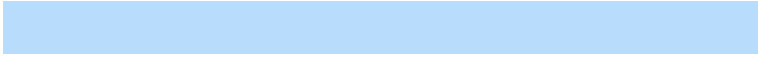
73.9100, 68.4050, 67.5970



58.8177, 68.4050, 58.2591

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



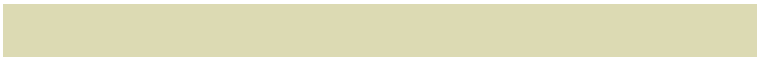
62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821



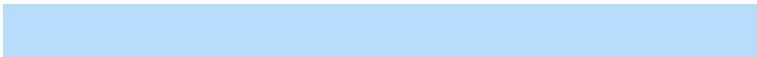
73.3535, 73.2687, 55.6255

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.5664, 68.4050, 52.6577



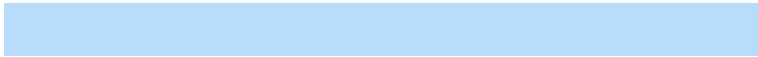
62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821



71.3458, 68.4050, 57.5969

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821



74.0190, 68.4050, 80.6847



67.1483, 68.4050, 52.4306

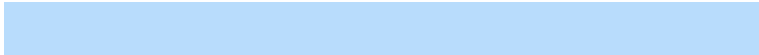


56.7759, 68.4050, 68.6045



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821



70.4041, 68.4050, 96.9041



67.1483, 68.4050, 52.4306



59.9118, 68.4050, 55.8155

# Sweetspot

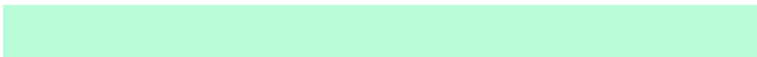
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.9332, 68.4077, 101.9837



84.9527, 90.3616, 107.5718



66.9394, 84.7567, 77.6184



17.7992, 18.9700, 22.9734



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

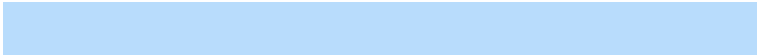


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

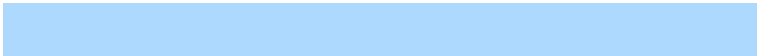


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.9332, 68.4077, 101.9837



60.0826, 65.5708, 104.0975



54.9548, 52.4509, 99.3242



17.0438, 18.1645, 21.9931



13.7008, 12.7572, 49.7138



1.3751, 1.3939, 4.6397



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.2054, 60.1457, 75.6221



68.7331, 56.2899, 72.6170



82.9007, 92.3630, 58.8079



17.6287, 17.3788, 19.9002



23.2076, 11.6987, 13.0674

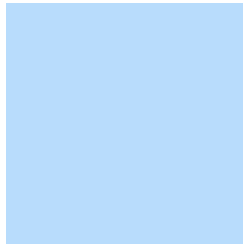


2.2030, 1.1049, 1.4925



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

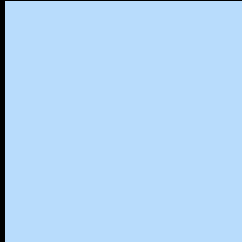
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

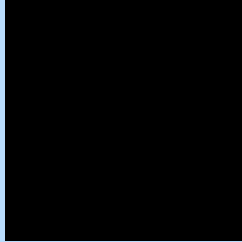
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

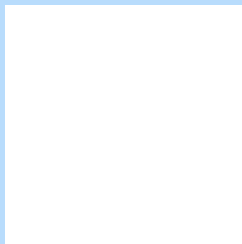
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.9311, 68.4050,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821

### Protanopia

67.0320, 67.9211, 98.3841

### Deuteranopia

69.5513, 68.0007, 103.2256



## **Tritanopia**

60.9055, 68.3576, 92.4223

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821

## Protanomaly

65.4742, 68.2306, 99.3415

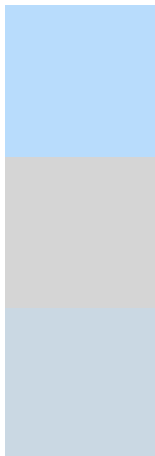
## Deuteranomaly

66.9530, 68.1641, 102.5567

## Tritanomaly

61.4770, 68.1896, 95.5097

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

62.7781, 67.2143, 82.3379

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 220, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 220, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 220, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 220, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 220, 252) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 220, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 220, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 220, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 220, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 220,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.9311, 68.4050, 101.9821 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 220, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
220, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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