

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.1585, 84.6313, 58.9740)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.1585, 84.6313, 58.9740)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(63.1074, 84.6065,  
58.9035)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3FFB9
RGB	179, 255, 185
RGB Percent	70%, 100%, 73%
CMY	0.2980, 0.0000, 0.2745
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.27, 0.00
HSL	125°, 100%, 85%
HSV	125°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035
YIQ	224.2960, -22.8260, -37.8820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

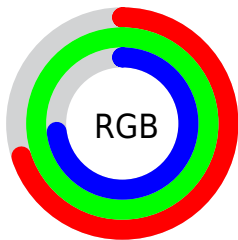
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	179, 249, 255
Decimal	11796409
CIELab	93.71, -36.70, 26.20
CIElCh	94, 45.094, 144.483
Yxy	84.6065, 0.3054, 0.4095
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289986489 (0xFFB3FFB9)
YUV	224.2960, -19.3729, -39.7246
Hunter-Lab	91.9818, -38.5018, 26.4190

# Details

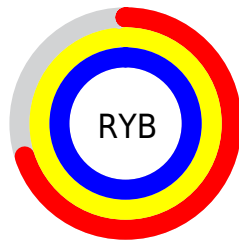
The XYZ color **63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.4592, 60.3403, 97.3443**, and the grayscale version is **71.2089, 74.9173, 81.5850**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.2293, 95.7037, 97.1470**, and **32.6711, 46.3392, 29.0522** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.4704, 80.9327, 46.6552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.2450, 89.0065, 73.3626**.

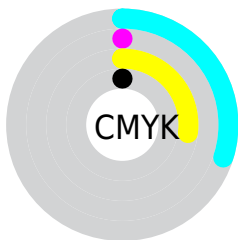
# Distribution



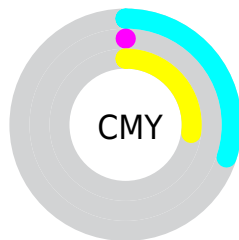
- Red (70%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 63.1074, 84.6065,  
58.9035

 63.1074, 84.6065,  
58.9035

425.6126,  
510.3251, 438.2361

 46.1871, 63.5163,  
42.1159


 108.4054,  
139.8233, 104.7651

 32.5987, 46.2590,  
28.8658


137.5138,  
174.7186, 134.6763

 21.9770, 32.4503,  
18.7346


171.4155,  
214.9845, 169.7991

 13.9565, 21.7056,  
11.3038

210.4760,  
261.0052, 210.5520

 8.1719, 13.6408,  
6.1548

255.0606,  
313.1653, 257.3536

 4.2579, 7.8712,  
2.8692

305.5347,

 1.8490, 4.0127,

371.8490, 310.6225

1.0282

362.2636,  
437.4408, 370.7772

■ 0.5469, 1.6807,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.4111,  
0.0000

■ 63.1074, 84.6065,  
58.9035

■ 63.1074, 84.6065,  
58.9035

■ 55.4704, 80.9327,  
46.6552

■ 72.2450, 89.0065,  
73.3626

■ 49.2519, 77.9451,  
36.5049

■ 82.9556, 94.1680,  
90.1296

■ 44.3648, 75.6015,  
28.3363

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 40.7114, 73.8541,  
22.0198

■ 38.1809, 72.6490,  
17.4106

■ 36.6422, 71.9221,  
14.3422

■ 35.8979, 71.5759,  
12.6135

■ 35.8875, 71.5710,  
12.5912

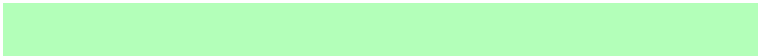
# Harmonies

## Analogous

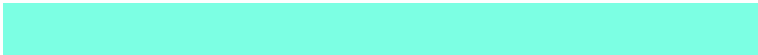
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.2543, 84.6065, 44.2306



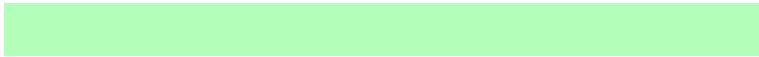
63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035



59.6227, 84.6065, 85.9317

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035



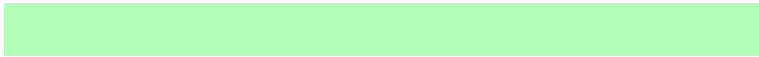
78.2243, 84.6065, 174.4912



103.2214, 84.6065, 67.4276

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035



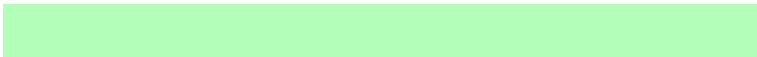
74.4592, 60.3403, 97.3443

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.5559, 84.6065, 98.6028



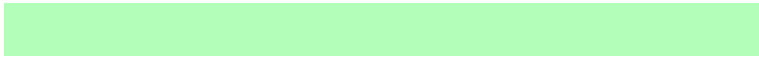
63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035



90.3311, 84.6065, 166.0305

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035



67.7782, 84.6065, 156.8249



100.6310, 84.6065, 135.9422

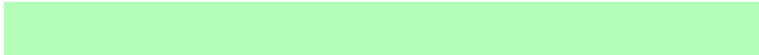


94.5344, 84.6065, 48.2295



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035



60.1357, 84.6065, 109.6004



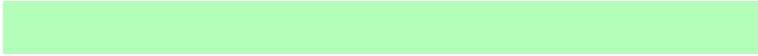
100.6310, 84.6065, 135.9422



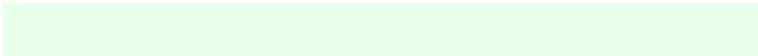
104.8090, 84.6065, 76.6084

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.1080, 84.6068, 58.9048



83.8864, 94.6168, 91.5797



83.2973, 95.0864, 56.6119



17.5960, 20.0787, 19.0421



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

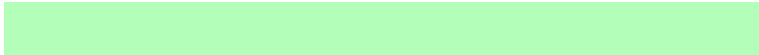


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

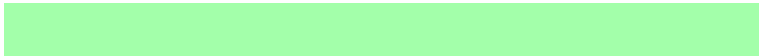


# Same Dimension

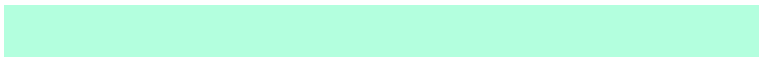
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.1080, 84.6068, 58.9048



58.2035, 82.2469, 51.0606



67.5446, 86.3814, 82.2679



17.8298, 20.1914, 19.4065



18.7723, 37.4055, 6.6863



1.8469, 3.6497, 0.7517



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.4592, 60.3403, 97.3443



71.2775, 54.2874, 95.3267



69.2358, 58.2510, 69.8383



18.7271, 18.2742, 22.4462



29.4000, 14.2493, 42.3525

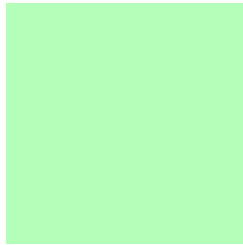


2.8802, 1.3945, 4.2166



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

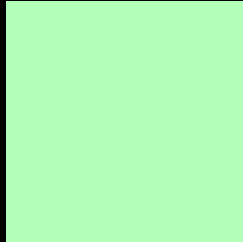
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

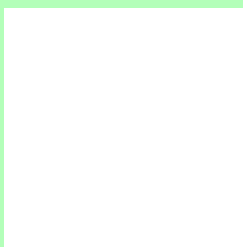
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035.



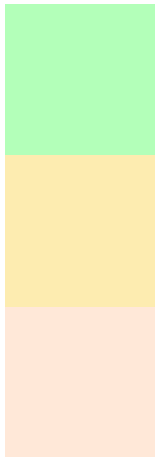
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.1074, 84.6065,

58.9035.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035

### Protanopia

78.3399, 84.0081, 53.1605

### Deuteranopia

82.4913, 83.9311, 76.8183



## Tritanopia

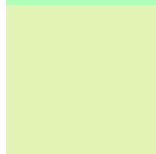
76.0966, 84.2796, 106.8646

# Trichromacy



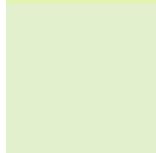
## Original Color

63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035



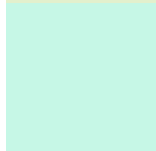
## Protanomaly

71.5513, 83.5246, 54.9985



## Deuteranomaly

73.8581, 83.0588, 69.8968



## Tritanomaly

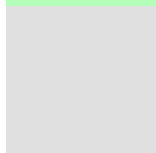
70.8324, 84.2405, 87.3897

# Monochromacy



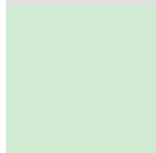
## Original Color

63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035



## Achromatopsia

70.8507, 74.5404, 81.1745



## Achromatomaly

67.3536, 77.4797, 72.3779

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 255, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 255, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 255, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 255, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 255, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 255, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 255, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 255, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 255, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 255,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.1074, 84.6065, 58.9035 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 255, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
255, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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