

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.1859, 79.0793,  
101.1254)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.1859, 79.0793, 101.1254)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(63.1133, 79.0507,  
100.7388)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BF5F8
RGB	155, 245, 248
RGB Percent	61%, 96%, 97%
CMY	0.3921, 0.0392, 0.0274
CMYK	0.37, 0.01, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	182°, 87%, 79%
HSV	182°, 37%, 97%
XYZ	63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388
YIQ	218.4320, -54.6030, -18.1470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

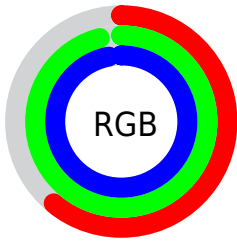
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">155, 201, 248</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10221048</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.26, -26.10, -9.96</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">91, 27.938, 200.880</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">79.0507, 0.2598, 0.3254</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288411128</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF9BF5F8</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">218.4320, 14.5770, -55.6299</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.9105, -28.8847, -4.9404</a>

# Details

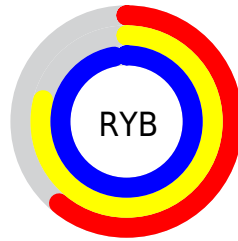
The XYZ color **63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **56.8559, 46.7778, 37.0447**, and the grayscale version is **66.8702, 70.3527, 76.6141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.2506, 92.8861, 108.2542**, and **32.5347, 42.3689, 56.3324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.5932, 76.3642, 100.4598**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.6165, 82.2494, 101.0675**.

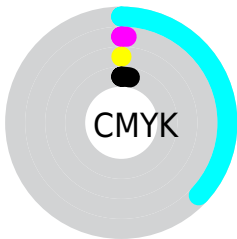
# Distribution



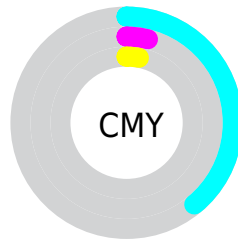
- Red (61%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63.1133, 79.0507,  
100.7388

63.1133, 79.0507,  
100.7388

425.6337,  
491.7278, 583.8256

46.1919, 58.9375,  
76.2974

108.4138,  
132.0302, 164.2328

32.6025, 42.5628,  
56.1683

137.5237,  
165.6654, 204.1225

21.9799, 29.5422,  
39.9329

171.4270,  
204.5766, 249.9986

13.9586, 19.4914,  
27.1729

210.4892,  
249.1483, 302.2798

8.1734, 12.0259,  
17.4695

255.0756,  
299.7648, 361.3846

4.2589, 6.7613,  
10.4043

305.5516,

1.8496, 3.3133,

356.8107, 427.7314

5.5588

362.2825,  
420.6702, 501.7389

■ 0.5473, 1.2974,  
2.5143

■ 0.0000, 0.1392,  
0.8477

■ 63.1133, 79.0507,  
100.7388

■ 63.1133, 79.0507,  
100.7388

■ 58.5932, 76.3642,  
100.4598

■ 68.6165, 82.2494,  
101.0675

■ 54.9889, 74.1494,  
100.2223


■ 75.1509, 85.9793,  
101.4431


■ 52.2359, 72.3751,  
100.0249


■ 82.7699, 90.2699,  
101.8697


■ 50.2582, 71.0019,  
99.8641


■ 91.5211, 95.1458,  
102.3496

 48.9663, 69.9839,  
99.7357


 92.0595, 95.7893,  
102.4454


 48.2426, 69.2604,  
99.6342

 92.3071, 96.2845,  
102.5279

 48.1061, 69.1025,  
99.6109

 92.5557, 96.7818,  
102.6108

 92.8054, 97.2812,  
102.6941

 93.0562, 97.7828,  
102.7776

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.4724, 79.0507, 80.0361



63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388



66.8643, 79.0507, 120.0247

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388



86.2065, 79.0507, 113.1078



77.3152, 79.0507, 53.0147

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388



56.8559, 46.7778, 37.0447

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.0618, 79.0507, 59.2158



63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388



89.4032, 79.0507, 92.4056

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388



80.0955, 79.0507, 127.9095



88.5946, 79.0507, 72.9041



70.3843, 79.0507, 54.5263

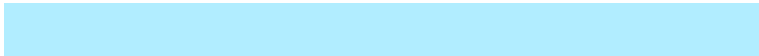


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388



70.7613, 79.0507, 128.4437



88.5946, 79.0507, 72.9041



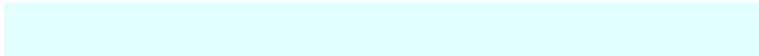
79.6860, 79.0507, 54.2247

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.1156, 79.0538, 100.7406



85.1850, 94.4873, 108.3559



53.1341, 76.5239, 43.6693



17.9945, 20.0899, 23.1793



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

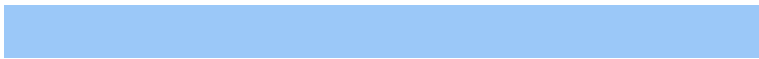
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.1156, 79.0538, 100.7406



63.4989, 82.0001, 107.0886



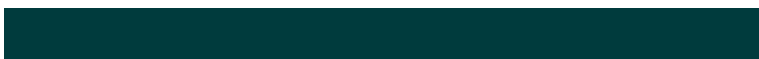
51.1054, 55.0332, 96.7372



17.7150, 19.5069, 22.2168



26.0076, 37.3707, 53.8161



2.4234, 3.4904, 4.9892



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.9161, 49.9937, 92.5125



68.1148, 47.0734, 97.0122



65.9972, 65.0604, 40.0918



17.9675, 17.5143, 21.6844



29.4195, 14.1835, 45.7787

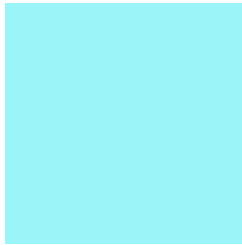


2.7321, 1.3166, 4.2788



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

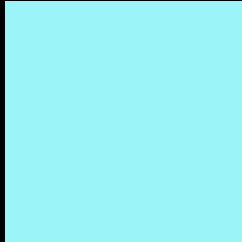
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388.



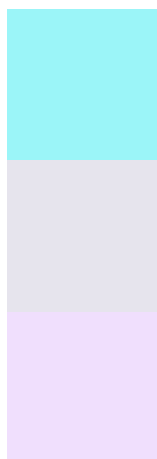
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.1133, 79.0507,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388

### Protanopia

75.6626, 78.4242, 91.2703

### Deuteranopia

80.0525, 78.3925, 103.8405



## Tritanopia

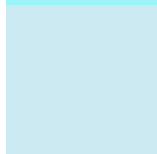
67.5702, 79.0052, 106.2959

# Trichromacy



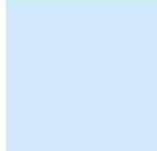
## Original Color

63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388



## Protanomaly

69.9286, 77.8930, 94.5683



## Deuteranomaly

72.2830, 77.6722, 102.4493



## Tritanomaly

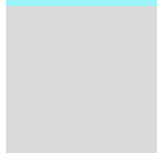
65.9004, 79.0786, 103.8858

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388



## Achromatopsia

66.6397, 70.1102, 76.3500



## Achromatomaly

64.3919, 72.7460, 84.7763

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 245, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 245, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 245, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 245, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 245, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 245, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 245, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 245, 248); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 245, 248); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 245, 248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.1133, 79.0507, 100.7388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 245, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
245, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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