

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.1890, 66.0549, 75.0694)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.1890, 66.0549, 75.0694)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(63.2192, 66.0938,  
75.0710)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D4D4D9
RGB	212, 212, 217
RGB Percent	83%, 83%, 85%
CMY	0.1686, 0.1686, 0.1490
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	240°, 6%, 84%
HSV	240°, 2%, 85%
XYZ	63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710
YIQ	212.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

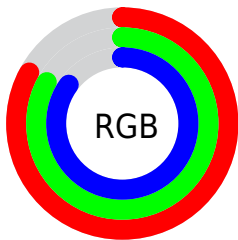
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 212, 217
Decimal	13948121
CIE Lab	85.04, 0.92, -2.47
CIE LCh	85, 2.637, 290.424
Yxy	66.0938, 0.3093, 0.3234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292138201 (0xFFD4D4D9)
YUV	212.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999
Hunter-Lab	81.2981, -3.4661, 2.1600

# Details

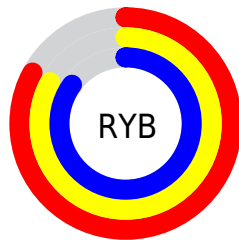
The XYZ color **63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **65.3117, 69.1299, 72.1893**, and the grayscale version is **62.9470, 66.2252, 72.1192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **32.4832, 33.8907, 39.0119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.3184, 52.9624, 73.1119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.6924, 81.1200, 77.3149**.

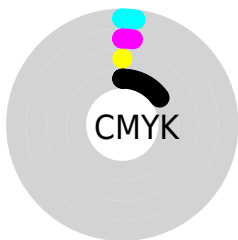
# Distribution



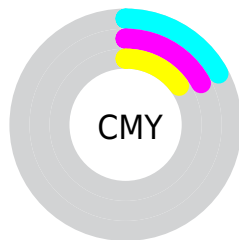
- Red (83%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 63.2192, 66.0938,  
75.0710

■ 63.2192, 66.0938,  
75.0710

426.0116,  
446.7123, 497.4235

■ 46.2779, 48.3486,  
55.1690

108.5657,  
113.6210, 128.1609

■ 32.6707, 34.1030,  
39.1375

137.7016,  
144.1716, 162.1858

■ 22.0323, 22.9727,  
26.5581

171.6331,  
179.7596, 201.7555

■ 13.9974, 14.5734,  
17.0121

210.7255,  
220.7692, 247.2884

■ 8.2005, 8.5205,  
10.0811

255.3442,  
267.5849, 299.2031

■ 4.2764, 4.4298,  
5.3464

305.8546,

■ 1.8597, 1.9168,

320.5911, 357.9182

2.3897

362.6219,  
380.1720, 423.8521

■ 0.5532, 0.5584,  
0.7808

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 63.2192, 66.0938,  
75.0710

■ 63.2192, 66.0938,  
75.0710

■ 52.3184, 52.9624,  
73.1119

■ 75.6924, 81.1200,  
77.3149

■ 42.9222, 41.6427,  
71.4222

■ 89.5246, 97.7898,  
79.8035

■ 34.9663, 32.0575,  
69.9914

■ 28.3796, 24.1214,  
68.8068

■ 23.0849, 17.7414,  
67.8544

■ 18.9972, 12.8153,  
67.1190

■ 16.0217, 9.2289,  
66.5835

■ 14.0493, 6.8506,  
66.2285

■ 12.9487, 5.5228,  
66.0302

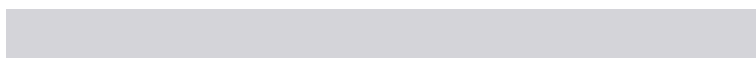
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.6305, 66.0938, 75.2356



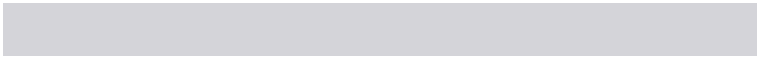
63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710



63.7038, 66.0938, 74.0670

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710



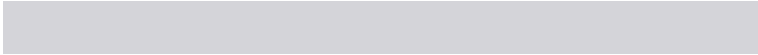
63.5499, 66.0938, 69.4754



61.7017, 66.0938, 71.4226

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710



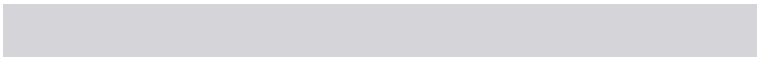
65.3117, 69.1299, 72.1893

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.9448, 66.0938, 69.9030



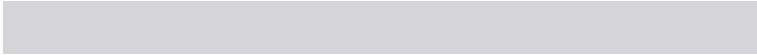
63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710



63.0102, 66.0938, 68.7904

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710



63.8956, 66.0938, 70.8306



62.4228, 66.0938, 68.9457

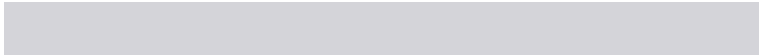


61.7569, 66.0938, 73.1113



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710



63.9014, 66.0938, 73.0654



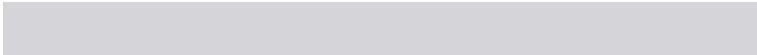
62.4228, 66.0938, 68.9457



61.7512, 66.0938, 70.8755

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.2211, 66.0966, 75.0724



93.3106, 97.9046, 108.5872



64.4787, 68.6292, 75.4382



19.9906, 20.9777, 23.2454



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

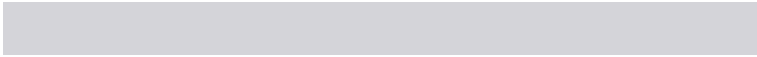


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.2211, 66.0966, 75.0724



89.9011, 93.7974, 107.9741



63.9221, 66.4565, 75.1050



13.7311, 14.2952, 16.6877



7.5831, 3.0356, 39.9247



0.4916, 0.1973, 2.5866



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.0438, 66.5933, 71.7691



91.4514, 94.7332, 101.7494



64.5996, 68.7643, 72.1562



14.0290, 14.4750, 15.4913



17.3229, 8.9302, 0.8146

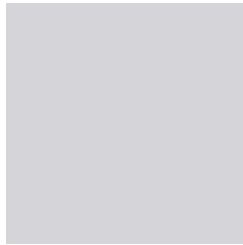


1.1224, 0.5786, 0.0536



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

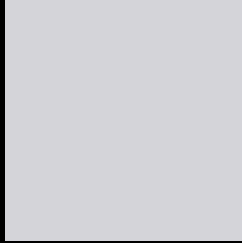
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

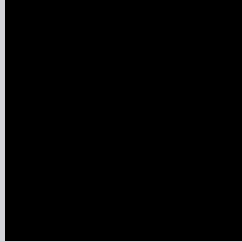
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

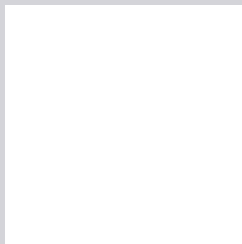
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710.



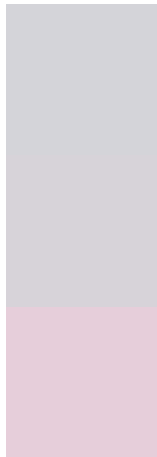
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.2192, 66.0938,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710

### Protanopia

63.8430, 66.0454, 75.0288

### Deuteranopia

67.3593, 66.0276, 75.5240



## Tritanopia

64.6433, 65.9354, 81.9928

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710

## Protanomaly

63.5502, 65.8944, 75.0151

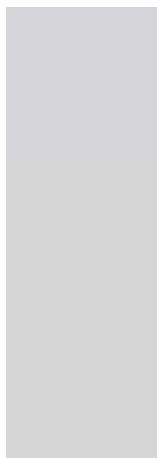
## Deuteranomaly

65.6422, 65.8617, 75.5825

## Tritanomaly

64.0541, 66.0624, 79.1873

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

63.3724, 66.5897, 73.1313

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(212, 212, 217) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 212, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 212, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 212, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 212, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 212, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 212, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 212, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 212, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 212,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.2192, 66.0938, 75.0710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 212, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
212, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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