

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.2670, 55.8922, 78.9476)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.2670, 55.8922, 78.9476)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(63.2736, 55.8811,  
78.6854)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7B6E1
RGB	231, 182, 225
RGB Percent	91%, 71%, 88%
CMY	0.0941, 0.2863, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.03, 0.09
HSL	307°, 51%, 81%
HSV	307°, 21%, 91%
XYZ	63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854
YIQ	201.5530, 15.4010, 23.7610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

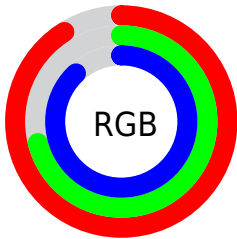
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	231, 182, 225
Decimal	15185633
CIE Lab	79.55, 24.74, -14.74
CIE LCh	80, 28.803, 329.215
Yxy	55.8811, 0.3198, 0.2825
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293375713 (0xFFE7B6E1)
YUV	201.5530, 11.5594, 25.8250
Hunter-Lab	74.7537, 20.2685, -10.0808

# Details

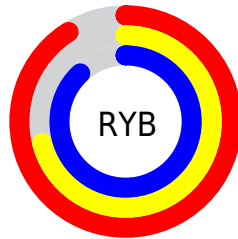
The XYZ color **63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **56.9467, 70.7295, 58.2309**, and the grayscale version is **55.7858, 58.6910, 63.9145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.8645, 89.6291, 107.1715**, and **32.7852, 27.7168, 41.6521** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.5452, 47.0360, 75.2214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.7921, 66.2943, 82.4455**.

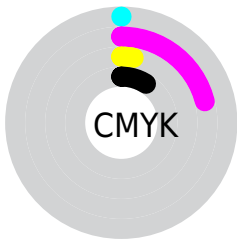
# Distribution



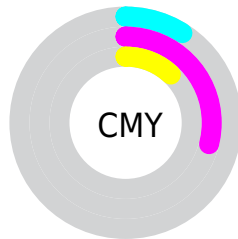
- Red (91%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (12%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 63.2736, 55.8811,  
78.6854

 63.2736, 55.8811,  
78.6854


426.2057,  
409.2433, 510.0809

 46.3221, 40.1076,  
58.1174


 108.6437, 98.8307,  
133.3105

 32.7057, 27.6225,  
41.4877


137.7930,  
126.7756, 168.2047

 22.0593, 18.0413,  
28.3778


171.7390,  
159.5464, 208.7114

 14.0173, 10.9796,  
18.3691

210.8469,  
197.5276, 255.2491

 8.2145, 6.0531,  
11.0431

255.4822,  
241.1034, 308.2363

 4.2855, 2.8774,  
5.9813

306.0102,

 1.8649, 1.0681,

290.6584, 368.0917

2.7651

362.7962,  
346.5769, 435.2337

■ 0.5563, 0.0000,  
0.9760

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 63.2736, 55.8811,  
78.6854

■ 63.2736, 55.8811,  
78.6854

■ 58.5452, 47.0360,  
75.2214

■ 68.7921, 66.2943,  
82.4455

■ 54.5636, 39.6752,  
72.0372

■ 75.1312, 78.3395,  
86.5103

■ 51.2890, 33.7182,  
69.1198

■ 82.3261, 92.0859,  
90.8922

■ 48.6758, 29.0740,  
66.4540

■ 83.9019, 94.5838,  
93.4330

46.6731, 25.6408,  
64.0227

84.3171, 94.7498,  
95.6191

45.2226, 23.3019,  
61.8062

84.7388, 94.9185,  
97.8397

44.2544, 21.9176,  
59.7811

85.1670, 95.0898,  
100.0949

43.7006, 21.2872,  
58.1254

85.6019, 95.2637,  
102.3848

86.0434, 95.4403,  
104.7097

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.7402, 55.8811, 93.1676



63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854



65.0535, 55.8811, 61.2836

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854



53.2662, 55.8811, 34.1869



43.9686, 55.8811, 77.7893

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854



56.9467, 70.7295, 58.2309

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.7316, 55.8811, 60.4086



63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854



47.8578, 55.8811, 37.0241

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854



59.0236, 55.8811, 37.3392



44.1034, 55.8811, 45.9283



47.6113, 55.8811, 92.5876



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854



64.3466, 55.8811, 50.9343



44.1034, 55.8811, 45.9283



43.2699, 55.8811, 71.9645

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.2753, 55.8836, 78.6866



90.0616, 90.5036, 105.7562



51.8236, 49.8837, 82.4996



19.1656, 19.1601, 22.5648



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.2753, 55.8836, 78.6866



76.7436, 65.3580, 96.7223



60.2021, 54.6543, 62.5035



14.9151, 14.5832, 17.7535



24.5301, 11.9463, 32.7502



1.8342, 0.8914, 2.5333



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.2753, 55.8836, 78.6866



76.7436, 65.3580, 96.7223



59.7804, 71.8630, 73.1529



14.9151, 14.5832, 17.7535



24.5301, 11.9463, 32.7502



1.8342, 0.8914, 2.5333



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

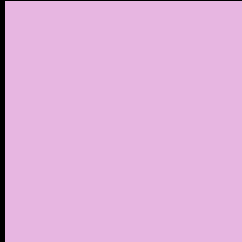
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

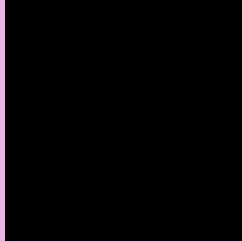
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.2736, 55.8811,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854

### Protanopia

55.8264, 56.3675, 85.7796

### Deuteranopia

57.0708, 55.8644, 77.5870



## Tritanopia

60.0964, 55.8288, 62.8670

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854



## Protanomaly

58.2314, 56.0103, 83.3432



## Deuteranomaly

59.1693, 55.6444, 78.1429



## Tritanomaly

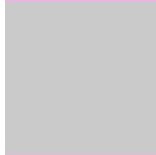
61.2949, 56.0091, 68.5530

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854



## Achromatopsia

56.1383, 59.0619, 64.3184



## Achromatomaly

58.5885, 57.8295, 69.0470

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 182, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 182, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 182, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 182, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 182, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 182, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 182, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 182, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 182, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 182,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.2736, 55.8811, 78.6854 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 182, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
182, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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