

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.2733, 62.9322,  
104.9773)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.2733, 62.9322, 104.9773)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(62.9073, 62.7530,  
103.4047)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5CDFF
RGB	197, 205, 255
RGB Percent	77%, 80%, 100%
CMY	0.2274, 0.1961, 0.0000
CMYK	0.23, 0.20, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	232°, 100%, 89%
HSV	232°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047
YIQ	208.3080, -20.8180, 13.8540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

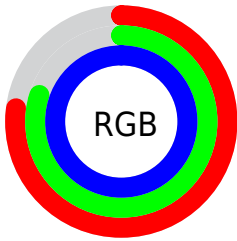
Format	Color
RYP	197, 204, 255
Decimal	12963327
CIELab	83.31, 7.67, -25.36
CIElCh	83, 26.493, 286.821
Yxy	62.7530, 0.2746, 0.2740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291153407 (0xFFC5CDFF)
YUV	208.3080, 23.0192, -9.9171
Hunter-Lab	79.2168, 3.1203, -21.9417

# Details

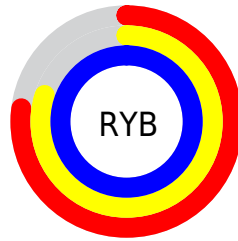
The XYZ color **62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **84.5787, 91.8120, 66.0888**, and the grayscale version is **60.0205, 63.1463, 68.7663**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.6831, 99.8108, 108.8828**, and **32.4150, 31.9612, 57.8868** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.8925, 49.8107, 101.4871**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.7938, 77.7598, 105.6221**.

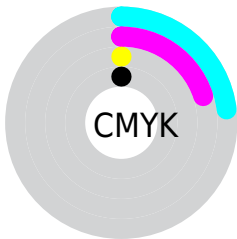
# Distribution



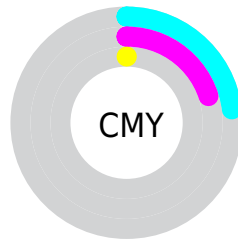
- Red (77%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 62.9073, 62.7530,  
103.4047

■ 62.9073, 62.7530,  
103.4047

424.8980,  
434.6725, 592.3938

■ 46.0246, 45.6414,  
78.5143

108.1183,  
108.8131, 167.9207

■ 32.4699, 31.9629,  
57.9776

137.1773,  
138.5304, 208.3835

■ 21.8780, 21.3332,  
41.3761

171.0258,  
173.2184, 254.8741

■ 13.8834, 13.3678,  
28.2911

210.0292,  
213.2614, 307.8111

■ 8.1207, 7.6823,  
18.3043

254.5527,  
259.0440, 367.6130

■ 4.2248, 3.8923,  
10.9970

304.9618,

■ 1.8301, 1.6135,

310.9504, 434.6984

5.9507

361.6218,  
369.3651, 509.4858

■ 0.5357, 0.3667,  
2.7468

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9668

■ 62.9073, 62.7530,  
103.4047

■ 62.9073, 62.7530,  
103.4047

■ 51.8925, 49.8107,  
101.4871

■ 75.7938, 77.7598,  
105.6221

■ 42.6565, 38.8352,  
99.8554

■ 90.6283, 94.9087,  
108.1503

■ 35.1068, 29.7313,  
98.4961

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 29.1398, 22.3935,  
97.3943

■ 24.6408, 16.7052,  
96.5334

■ 21.4788, 12.5355,  
95.8953

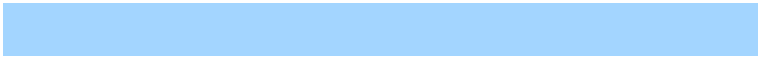
■ 19.4985, 9.7326,  
95.4586

■ 18.6564, 8.4327,  
95.2521

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.1554, 62.7530, 104.0939



62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047



68.0904, 62.7530, 92.4089

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047



67.5482, 62.7530, 47.7108



49.4989, 62.7530, 61.3484

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047



84.5787, 91.8120, 66.0888

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.9282, 62.7530, 48.8414



62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047



62.2055, 62.7530, 41.8652

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047



70.8857, 62.7530, 59.5541



56.4972, 62.7530, 42.2427



49.6599, 62.7530, 77.9225



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047



70.4154, 62.7530, 81.5866



56.4972, 62.7530, 42.2427



50.0327, 62.7530, 56.5886

# Sweetspot

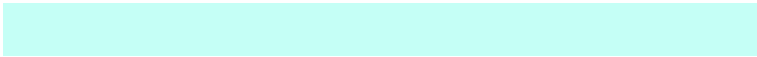
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.9091, 62.7555, 103.4051



84.0713, 87.3427, 107.0355



75.4674, 90.0630, 100.8371



17.8020, 18.4722, 22.8772



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.9091, 62.7555, 103.4051



57.9970, 56.9995, 102.5530



66.7220, 61.9519, 103.0490



17.2051, 17.7818, 22.7754



9.8095, 4.5286, 49.7917



1.0138, 0.5583, 4.8676



# Inverse Universe

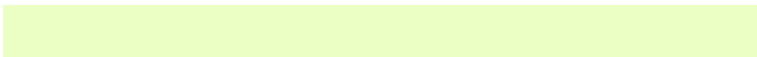
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.2269, 65.6018, 66.6160



68.7544, 60.4106, 60.0518



80.0007, 93.1627, 66.5908



18.1114, 18.0279, 19.2038



21.7396, 11.1851, 2.0132



2.1463, 1.1009, 0.3519



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

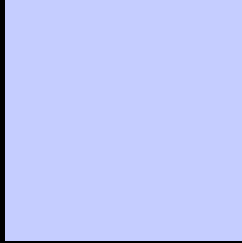
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.9073, 62.7530,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047

### Protanopia

62.6463, 62.6184, 103.3925

### Deuteranopia

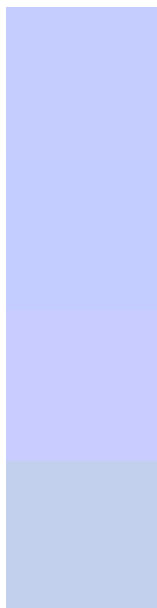
64.0345, 62.6284, 103.3212



## **Tritanopia**

58.6499, 62.8457, 81.7123

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047

## Protanomaly

62.6463, 62.6184, 103.3925

## Deuteranomaly

63.7303, 62.8232, 103.3749

## Tritanomaly

60.0901, 62.6955, 89.0551

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047

## Achromatopsia

59.9535, 63.0757, 68.6895

## Achromatomaly

60.8053, 62.8993, 80.1702

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 205, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 205, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 205, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 205, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

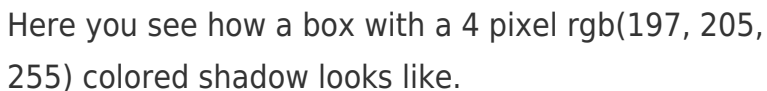
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 205, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 205, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 205, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 205, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 205, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 205,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.9073, 62.7530, 103.4047 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 205, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
205, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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