

Converting Colors

XYZ(63.2815, 52.8140,
101.4666)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(63.2815, 52.8140, 101.4666)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(63.1178, 52.6367,
101.4410)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | DEADFF |
| RGB | 222, 173, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 87%, 68%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.1294, 0.3216, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.13, 0.32, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 276°, 100%, 84% |
| HSV | 276°, 32%, 100% |
| XYZ | 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410 |
| YIQ | 196.9990, 2.8820, 35.8900 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

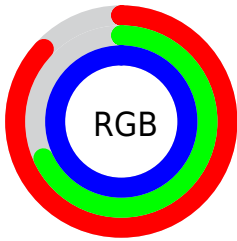
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 222, 173, 255 |
| Decimal | 14593535 |
| CIE Lab | 77.66, 32.52, -33.85 |
| CIE LCh | 78, 46.939, 313.846 |
| Yxy | 52.6367, 0.2906, 0.2423 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292783615 (0xFFDEADFF) |
| YUV | 196.9990, 28.5945, 21.9259 |
| Hunter-Lab | 72.5512, 28.3263, -32.1135 |

Details

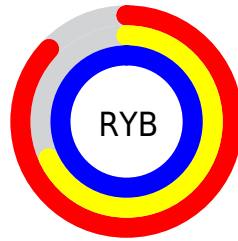
The XYZ color **63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **68.7574, 87.6594, 52.8335**, and the grayscale version is **52.9034, 55.6585, 60.6121**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.3093, 84.5186, 106.3198**, and **32.6354, 25.6171, 56.6506** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.6390, 42.2032, 99.8213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.7242, 65.0393, 103.3813**.

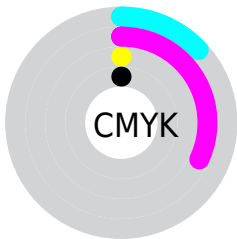
Distribution



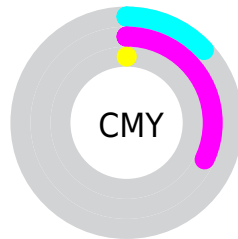
- Red (87%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63.1178, 52.6367,
101.4410

 63.1178, 52.6367,
101.4410


425.6498,
396.8897, 586.0889

 46.1955, 37.5128,
76.8809


 108.4203, 94.0696,
165.2052

 32.6054, 25.6048,
56.6442


137.5312,
121.1473, 205.2463

 21.9821, 16.5282,
40.3122


171.4358,
152.9785, 251.2850

 13.9603, 9.8987,
27.4664

210.4992,
189.9476, 303.7396

 8.1746, 5.3318,
17.6883

255.0870,
232.4388, 363.0288

 4.2596, 2.4433,
10.5593

305.5645,

 1.8500, 0.8480,

280.8366, 429.5710

5.6609

362.2969,
335.5255, 503.7849

■ 0.5475, 0.0000,
2.5746

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8793

■ 63.1178, 52.6367,
101.4410

■ 63.1178, 52.6367,
101.4410

■ 55.6390, 42.2032,
99.8213

■ 71.7242, 65.0393,
103.3813

■ 49.2263, 33.6241,
98.5033

■ 81.5058, 79.5042,
105.6578

■ 43.8194, 26.7826,
97.4678

■ 92.5128, 96.1266,
108.2861

■ 39.3489, 21.5453,
96.6925

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 35.7354, 17.7589,
96.1521

■ 32.8837, 15.2385,
95.8159

■ 31.0702, 13.9322,
95.6593

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.3229, 52.6367, 120.8216



63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410



68.7329, 52.6367, 72.3724

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410



55.0436, 52.6367, 21.4634



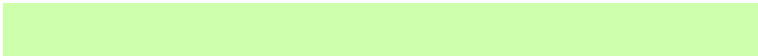
34.9267, 52.6367, 70.1236

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410



68.7574, 87.6594, 52.8335

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.0701, 52.6367, 44.5015



63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410



45.9687, 52.6367, 21.1938

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410



63.7001, 52.6367, 29.1951



38.8887, 52.6367, 28.2963



38.4698, 52.6367, 99.3716

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410



69.5390, 52.6367, 54.0255



38.8887, 52.6367, 28.2963



34.5599, 52.6367, 60.7301

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.1194, 52.6388, 101.4413



83.7727, 82.9011, 106.1940



57.6384, 60.8124, 103.3078



17.6130, 17.2677, 22.6546



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.1194, 52.6388, 101.4413



57.8810, 45.2900, 100.2989



73.1536, 57.9365, 96.2701



18.0441, 17.9145, 22.7568



16.4081, 7.3692, 49.9922



1.7212, 0.7812, 4.8733

Inverse Universe

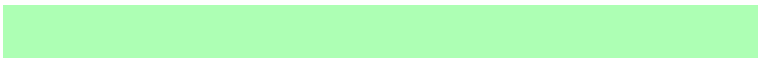
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.3252, 55.6052, 65.5782



62.9682, 48.8522, 58.0800



61.2162, 83.6934, 56.0212



18.3123, 18.1082, 20.2615



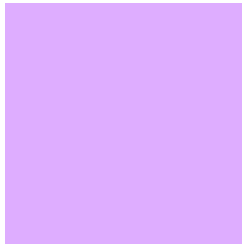
22.8871, 11.6441, 8.0559



2.2807, 1.1547, 1.0598

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

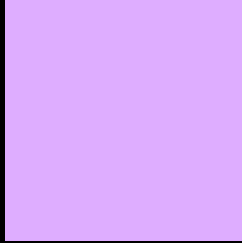
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.1178, 52.6367,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410

Protanopia

53.6970, 52.9311, 101.9943

Deuteranopia

54.1284, 52.8884, 99.4511



Tritanopia

54.8899, 52.5506, 61.2831

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410



Protanomaly

56.6763, 52.5773, 101.7690



Deuteranomaly

56.9112, 52.4282, 100.0486



Tritanomaly

57.4263, 52.3559, 74.0968

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410



Achromatopsia

53.0703, 55.8340, 60.8033



Achromatomaly

56.0917, 54.1502, 73.8254

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 173, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 173, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 173, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 173, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 173, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 173, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 173, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 173, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 173, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 173,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.1178, 52.6367, 101.4410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 173, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
173, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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