

Converting Colors

XYZ(63.3231, 83.6442,
107.4152)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(63.3231, 83.6442, 107.4152)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(63.3257, 83.6455,
107.4153)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 84FFFF |
| RGB | 132, 255, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 52%, 100%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.4823, 0.0000, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.48, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 180°, 100%, 76% |
| HSV | 180°, 48%, 100% |
| XYZ | 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153 |
| YIQ | 218.2230, -73.3080, -26.0760 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

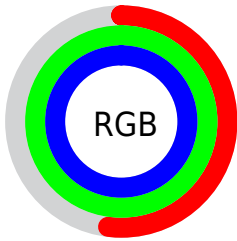
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 132, 194, 255 |
| Decimal | 8716287 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 93.30, -34.40, -10.66 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 93, 36.016, 197.208 |
| Yxy | 83.6455, 0.2489, 0.3288 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286906367 (0xFF84FFFF) |
| YUV | 218.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176 |
| Hunter-Lab | 91.4579, -36.4575, -5.6143 |

Details

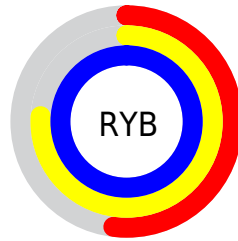
The XYZ color **63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **53.6573, 39.4301, 26.6145**, and the grayscale version is **66.7098, 70.1840, 76.4303**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.5482, 89.9465, 107.9873**, and **32.7710, 45.6943, 60.5188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.8141, 81.8352, 107.2510**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.8135, 85.9591, 107.6254**.

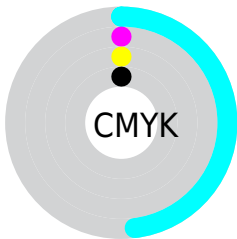
Distribution



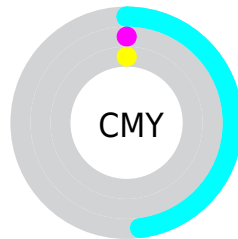
- Red (52%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

63.3257, 83.6455,
107.4153

63.3257, 83.6455,
107.4153

426.3915,
507.1353, 605.1627

46.3644, 62.7228,
81.8563

108.7184,
138.4792, 173.4512

32.7393, 45.6170,
60.7120

137.8806,
173.1589, 214.7652

22.0851, 31.9437,
43.5637

171.8404,
213.1932, 262.1681

14.0364, 21.3185,
29.9930

210.9631,
258.9663, 316.0782

8.2278, 13.3570,
19.5813

255.6143,
310.8626, 376.9142

4.2941, 7.6748,
11.9100

306.1592,

1.8698, 3.8876,

369.2667, 445.0946

6.5606

362.9631,
434.5628, 521.0379

■ 0.5592, 1.6109,
3.1146

■ 0.0000, 0.3649,
1.1535

■ 63.3257, 83.6455,
107.4153

■ 63.3257, 83.6455,
107.4153

■ 59.8141, 81.8352,
107.2510

■ 67.8135, 85.9591,
107.6254

■ 57.2038, 80.4896,
107.1288

■ 73.3398, 88.8080,
107.8840

■ 55.4134, 79.5666,
107.0450

■ 79.9648, 92.2233,
108.1940

■ 54.3456, 79.0161,
106.9951

■ 87.7435, 96.2334,
108.5581

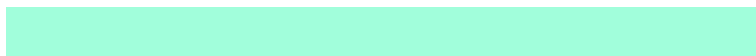
■ 53.8664, 78.7691, 95.0500, 100.0000,
106.9726 108.9000

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.0137, 83.6455, 79.9960



63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153



67.7477, 83.6455, 135.0232

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153



93.6480, 83.6455, 131.3568



83.6084, 83.6455, 49.0525

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153



53.6573, 39.4301, 26.6145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5441, 83.6455, 57.8778



63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153



98.6428, 83.6455, 103.1340

Square

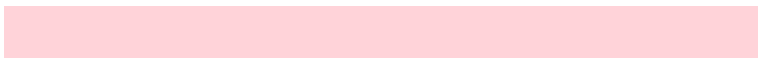
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153



85.0200, 83.6455, 150.6208



98.2234, 83.6455, 76.4833



74.2291, 83.6455, 49.7453

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153



72.6461, 83.6455, 148.2008



98.2234, 83.6455, 76.4833



86.7773, 83.6455, 50.9169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.3266, 83.6460, 107.4154



83.1138, 93.8466, 108.3414



49.4418, 78.0921, 34.2992



17.4406, 19.9071, 23.1732



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.3266, 83.6460, 107.4154



59.8854, 81.8720, 107.2543



46.7479, 50.4886, 101.8891



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.5420, 44.9840, 99.7307



64.5581, 39.0163, 98.7360



64.5866, 61.2887, 30.2576



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



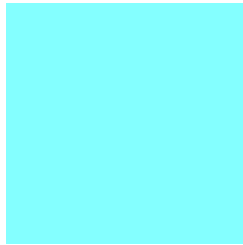
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

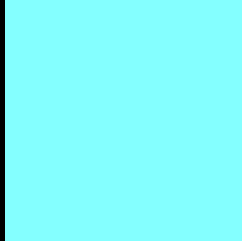
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

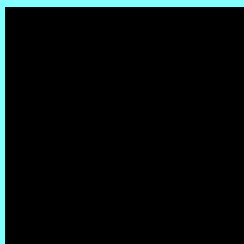
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

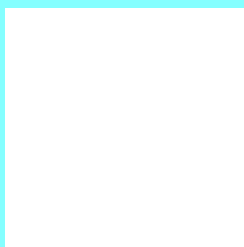
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153.

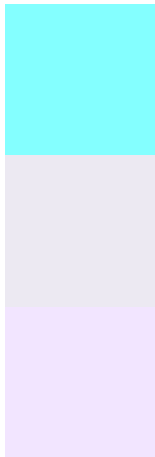


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.3257, 83.6455,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153

Protanopia

79.7580, 82.5215, 95.7289

Deuteranopia

82.6873, 82.1359, 106.1035



Tritanopia

72.1389, 83.1278, 106.8509

Trichromacy



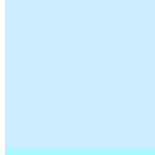
Original Color

63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153



Protanomaly

71.5325, 81.6318, 99.9820



Deuteranomaly

72.9817, 80.9256, 106.3814



Tritanomaly

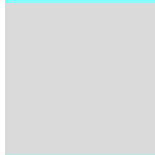
68.1950, 82.9009, 107.0150

Monochromacy



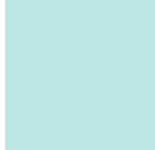
Original Color

63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153



Achromatopsia

66.6397, 70.1102, 76.3500



Achromatomaly

63.4932, 73.4861, 86.4391

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.3257, 83.6455, 107.4153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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