

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.3690, 65.1384, 66.0513)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.3690, 65.1384, 66.0513)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(63.5183, 65.3327,  
66.3894)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DDD1CC
RGB	221, 209, 204
RGB Percent	87%, 82%, 80%
CMY	0.1333, 0.1804, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.08, 0.13
HSL	18°, 20%, 83%
HSV	18°, 8%, 87%
XYZ	63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894
YIQ	212.0180, 8.7570, 0.9890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

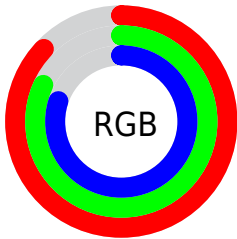
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	221, 211, 204
Decimal	14537164
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	84.65, 3.29, 3.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	85, 5.137, 50.240
Yxy	65.3327, 0.3253, 0.3346
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292727244 (0xFFDDD1CC)
YUV	212.0180, -3.9529, 7.8772
Hunter-Lab	80.8286, -1.1779, 7.8816

# Details

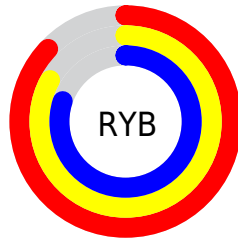
The XYZ color **63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **62.5086, 67.1683, 78.0775**, and the grayscale version is **62.6142, 65.8750, 71.7378**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **32.9523, 33.7517, 33.6321** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.4132, 57.0673, 52.1916**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.3777, 74.5034, 82.6959**.

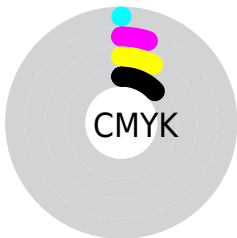
# Distribution



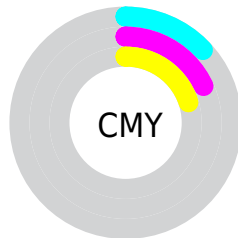
- Red (87%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 63.5183, 65.3327,  
66.3894

■ 63.5183, 65.3327,  
66.3894

427.0779,  
443.9866, 466.2104

■ 46.5209, 47.7309,  
48.1301

108.9945,  
112.5280, 115.6774

■ 32.8634, 33.6138,  
33.5692

138.2040,  
142.8904, 147.5431

■ 22.1805, 22.5971,  
22.2882

172.2149,  
178.2750, 184.7814

■ 14.1070, 14.2963,  
13.8685

211.3926,  
219.0664, 227.8109

■ 8.2773, 8.3270,  
7.8915

256.1024,  
265.6488, 277.0499

■ 4.3262, 4.3049,  
3.9388

306.7096,

■ 1.8883, 1.8455,

318.4067, 332.9172

1.5919

363.5797,  
377.7245, 395.8312

■ 0.5700, 0.5153,  
0.2850

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 63.5183, 65.3327,  
66.3894

■ 63.5183, 65.3327,  
66.3894

■ 57.4132, 57.0673,  
52.1916

■ 70.3777, 74.5034,  
82.6959

■ 52.0306, 49.6709,  
40.0118

■ 78.0112, 84.5972,  
101.1883

■ 47.3442, 43.1172,  
29.7586

■ 83.6291, 94.1123,  
108.3655

■ 43.3240, 37.3753,  
21.3323

■ 39.9376, 32.4125,  
14.6239

■ 37.1500, 28.1937,  
9.5128

■ 34.9218, 24.6806,  
5.8624

■ 33.2088, 21.8314,  
3.5127

■ 31.9538, 19.5970,  
2.2449

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.1895, 65.3327, 68.9729



63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894



62.4715, 65.3327, 65.0900

# Triad

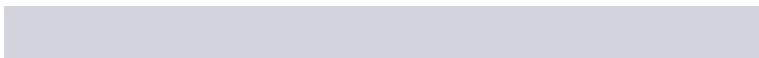
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894



59.9481, 65.3327, 70.0707



62.8631, 65.3327, 77.2298

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894



62.5086, 67.1683, 78.0775

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.7236, 65.3327, 77.5457



63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894



60.0500, 65.3327, 73.3443

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894



60.4164, 65.3327, 67.1717



60.6966, 65.3327, 76.1040



63.8080, 65.3327, 75.2537



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



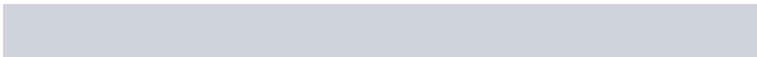
63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894



61.7054, 65.3327, 65.0987



60.6966, 65.3327, 76.1040



62.4898, 65.3327, 77.5359

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.5201, 65.3356, 66.3908



93.1023, 97.4012, 104.2536



63.8308, 63.5261, 73.9884



19.9482, 20.8752, 22.3632



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

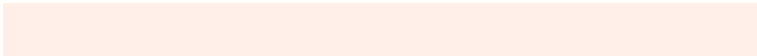


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.5201, 65.3356, 66.3908



86.6222, 88.7082, 88.9381



65.6132, 69.5217, 67.0885



13.3668, 13.6730, 13.6602



18.5078, 11.3012, 1.2059



1.2728, 0.8796, 0.1027

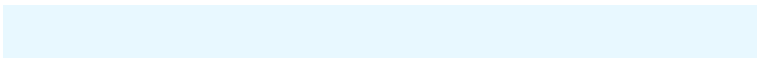


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.5086, 67.1683, 78.0775



84.9876, 91.6694, 107.8224



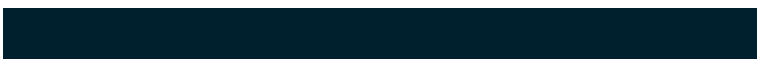
60.4326, 63.0162, 77.3855



13.1044, 14.1485, 16.6924



14.5853, 17.0400, 42.2587

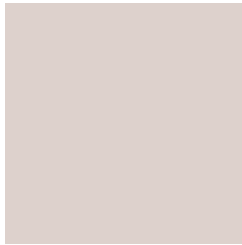


1.0182, 1.2506, 2.7622



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

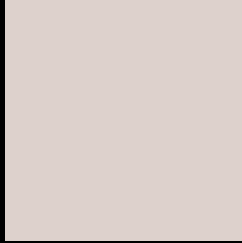
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

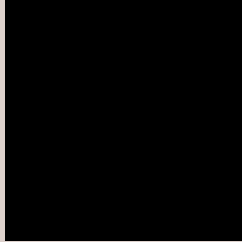
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894.



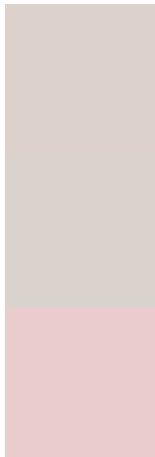
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.5183, 65.3327,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894

### Protanopia

62.6813, 65.2527, 67.0490

### Deuteranopia

66.5440, 65.0859, 66.8132



## Tritanopia

65.9966, 65.2638, 78.2260

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894

## Protanomaly

62.9795, 65.4064, 67.0629

## Deuteranomaly

65.4039, 65.2084, 66.8969

## Tritanomaly

65.0100, 65.2199, 73.4523

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894

## Achromatopsia

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970

## Achromatomaly

62.8272, 65.6391, 69.6799

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(221, 209, 204) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 209, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 209, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 209, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 209, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 209, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 209, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 209, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 209, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 209,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.5183, 65.3327, 66.3894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 209, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
209, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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