

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.3983, 41.0500, 80.8699)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.3983, 41.0500, 80.8699)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(62.5220, 40.5191,  
80.8696)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF78E8
RGB	255, 120, 232
RGB Percent	100%, 47%, 91%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5294, 0.0902
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	310°, 100%, 74%
HSV	310°, 53%, 100%
XYZ	62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696
YIQ	173.1330, 44.5080, 63.4520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

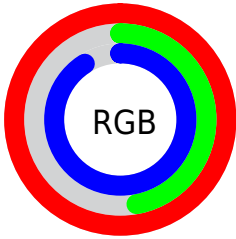
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	255, 120, 232
Decimal	16742632
CIELab	69.84, 64.86, -33.13
CIElCh	70, 72.826, 332.943
Yxy	40.5191, 0.3400, 0.2203
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294932712 (0xFFFF78E8)
YUV	173.1330, 29.0214, 71.7974
Hunter-Lab	63.6546, 63.9283, -30.7664

# Details

The XYZ color **62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. A complement of this color would be **48.4650, 77.4969, 38.3929**, and the grayscale version is **39.6303, 41.6941, 45.4049**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.0121, 59.9243, 102.2207**, and **32.3240, 18.3156, 42.9059** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.2438, 34.9381, 76.7700**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.6335, 47.7421, 85.3233**.

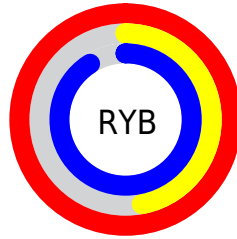
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (47%)

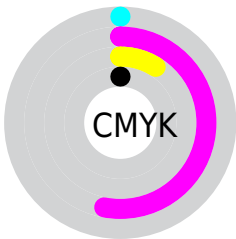
Blue (91%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (91%)

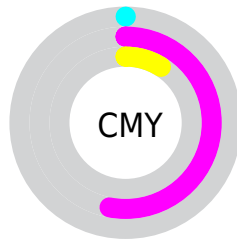


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 62.5220, 40.5191,  
80.8696


 62.5220, 40.5191,  
80.8696

423.5199,  
348.3067, 517.6425


 45.7118, 27.9435,  
59.9038

 107.5653, 75.9533,  
136.4101

 32.2221, 18.2831,  
42.9163


 136.5291, 99.5808,  
171.8219

 21.6876, 11.1534,  
29.4886


 170.2749,  
127.6609, 212.8861

 13.7428, 6.1701,  
19.2020

209.1679,  
160.5782, 260.0213

 8.0225, 2.9488,  
11.6380

253.5736,  
198.7171, 313.6460

 4.1613, 1.1051,  
6.3782

303.8572,

 1.7938, 0.0000,

242.4618, 374.1787

3.0039

360.3842,  
292.1969, 442.0380

■ 0.5139, 0.0000,  
1.0966

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 62.5220, 40.5191,  
80.8696

■ 62.5220, 40.5191,  
80.8696

■ 59.2438, 34.9381,  
76.7700

■ 66.6335, 47.7421,  
85.3233

■ 56.7299, 30.8616,  
72.9994

■ 71.6350, 56.7206,  
90.1489

■ 54.9043, 28.1375,  
69.5324

■ 77.5810, 67.5634,  
95.3657

■ 53.6737, 26.5797,  
66.3375

■ 84.5210, 80.3692,  
100.9907

■ 53.0676, 25.9910,  
64.2131

■ 92.5010, 95.2298,  
107.0396

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.2501, 40.5191, 124.4532



62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696



65.9803, 40.5191, 40.8579

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696



37.3562, 40.5191, 5.8033



22.4064, 40.5191, 89.8594

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



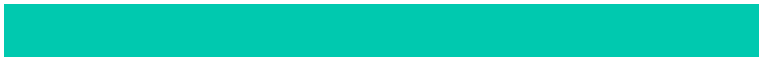
62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696



48.4650, 77.4969, 38.3929

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.9728, 40.5191, 47.5479



62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696



27.4218, 40.5191, 8.9255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696



49.8103, 40.5191, 7.8219



21.6024, 40.5191, 20.6294



29.0664, 40.5191, 131.2500



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696



63.4797, 40.5191, 23.2884



21.6024, 40.5191, 20.6294



21.1366, 40.5191, 74.6887

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.5228, 40.5207, 80.8704



82.2881, 76.2348, 99.2243



36.0095, 26.4501, 97.8152



17.3032, 15.7452, 20.9886



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.5228, 40.5207, 80.8704



58.9419, 34.4365, 76.3546



54.7492, 37.4113, 39.9349



18.6520, 18.2441, 22.0504



27.7778, 13.6004, 33.8102



2.7382, 1.3376, 3.4686



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.5228, 40.5207, 80.8704



58.9419, 34.4365, 76.3546



55.1398, 80.1668, 73.5417



18.6520, 18.2441, 22.0504



27.7778, 13.6004, 33.8102

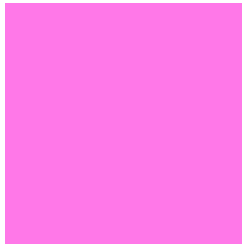


2.7382, 1.3376, 3.4686



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

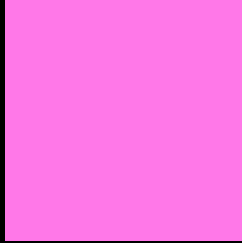
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 62.5220, 40.5191,

80.8696.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696

### Protanopia

43.0371, 40.8880, 100.2316

### Deuteranopia

41.7553, 40.7580, 76.1874



## Tritanopia

52.8891, 40.5510, 33.8937

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696



## Protanomaly

47.1465, 38.7937, 92.9987



## Deuteranomaly

47.1799, 39.1486, 77.7428



## Tritanomaly

55.6927, 40.2101, 48.0060

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696



## Achromatopsia

39.7200, 41.7885, 45.5077



## Achromatomaly

45.9218, 39.7028, 56.2820

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 120, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 120, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 120, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 120, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 120, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 120, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 120, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 120, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 120, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 120,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 62.5220, 40.5191, 80.8696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 120, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
120, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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