

# Converting Colors

XYZ(63.6296, 85.0869, 62.4428)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(63.6296, 85.0869, 62.4428)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(63.5241, 84.7466,  
62.2999)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2FFBF
RGB	178, 255, 191
RGB Percent	70%, 100%, 75%
CMY	0.3020, 0.0000, 0.2510
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	130°, 100%, 85%
HSV	130°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999
YIQ	224.6810, -25.3480, -36.2280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

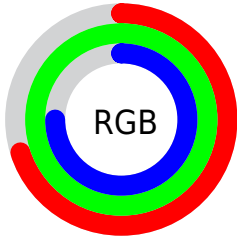
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">178, 244, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11730879</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">93.77, -36.01, 23.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">94, 42.849, 147.174</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">84.7466, 0.3017, 0.4025</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289920959</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB2FFBF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">224.6810, -16.6047, -40.9392</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">92.0579, -37.9283, 24.3162</a>

# Details

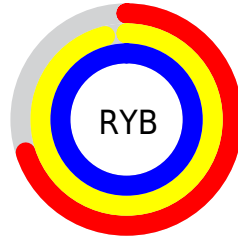
The XYZ color **63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.1876, 59.5122, 91.6334**, and the grayscale version is **71.4671, 75.1890, 81.8808**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.9642, 95.9595, 102.7455**, and **32.8778, 46.4053, 30.8912** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.0405, 81.1389, 50.6427**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.4339, 89.0505, 75.7884**.

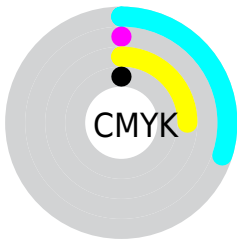
# Distribution



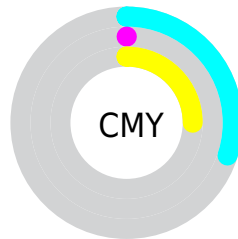
- Red (70%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 63.5241, 84.7466,  
62.2999

 63.5241, 84.7466,  
62.2999


427.0986,  
510.7892, 451.0620

 46.5256, 63.6320,  
44.8377


 109.0028,  
140.0191, 109.7347

 32.8671, 46.3527,  
30.9876


138.2138,  
174.9458, 140.5443

 22.1834, 32.5242,  
20.3310


172.2262,  
215.2453, 176.6402

 14.1091, 21.7622,  
12.4494

211.4055,  
261.3021, 218.4408

 8.2788, 13.6823,  
6.9243

256.1171,  
313.5004, 266.3648

 4.3272, 7.9000,  
3.3371

306.7262,

 1.8888, 4.0310,

372.2248, 320.8306

1.2692

363.5982,  
437.8596, 382.2568

■ 0.5703, 1.6909,  
0.0364

■ 0.0000, 0.4178,  
0.0000

■ 63.5241, 84.7466,  
62.2999

■ 63.5241, 84.7466,  
62.2999

■ 56.0405, 81.1389,  
50.6427

■ 72.4339, 89.0505,  
75.7884

■ 49.9066, 78.1897,  
40.7340

■ 82.8376, 94.0839,  
91.1782

■ 45.0413, 75.8590,  
32.4905

94.8002, 99.8789,  
108.5405

■ 41.3538, 74.1018,  
25.8205

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 38.7411, 72.8673,  
20.6235

■ 37.0817, 72.0950,  
16.7873

■ 36.1971, 71.6948,  
14.2215

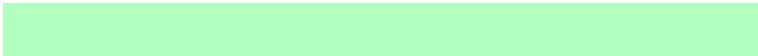
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.9628, 84.7466, 46.9958



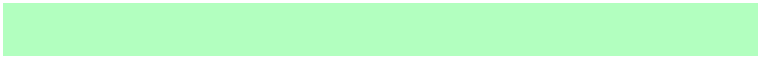
63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999



60.6099, 84.7466, 89.2191

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999



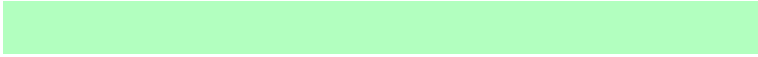
79.4750, 84.7466, 170.0910



101.6273, 84.7466, 66.5101

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999



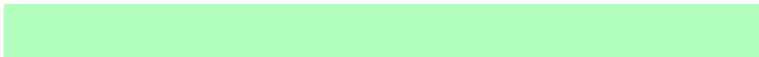
73.1876, 59.5122, 91.6334

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.4421, 84.7466, 95.3991



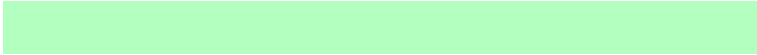
63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999



90.9620, 84.7466, 160.0120

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999



69.2593, 84.7466, 155.5934



100.3728, 84.7466, 130.5883

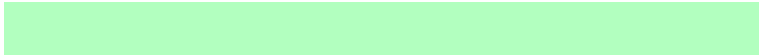


93.0036, 84.7466, 48.9941



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999



61.3984, 84.7466, 112.0446



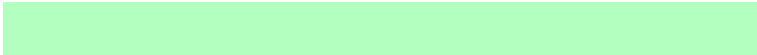
100.3728, 84.7466, 130.5883



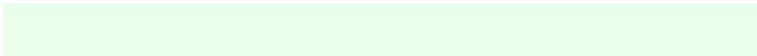
103.3176, 84.7466, 74.9788

# Sweetspot

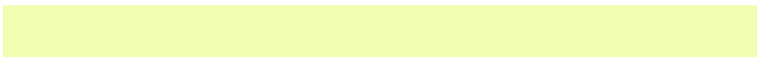
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.5247, 84.7469, 62.3012



84.1844, 94.7359, 93.1486



80.4713, 93.6412, 55.9536



17.6687, 20.1078, 19.4251



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

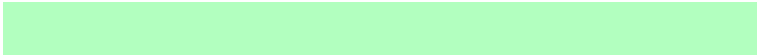


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

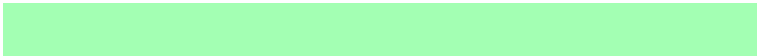


# Same Dimension

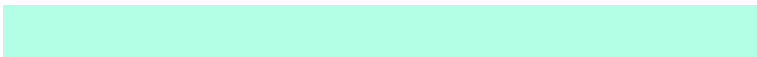
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.5247, 84.7469, 62.3012



59.0116, 82.5702, 55.3163



68.3100, 86.6610, 87.5003



17.8967, 20.2182, 19.7589



18.9501, 37.4766, 7.6223



1.8784, 3.6623, 0.9174



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.1876, 59.5122, 91.6334



70.0267, 53.7871, 88.7404



68.0200, 57.4451, 64.4210



18.6532, 18.2446, 22.0570



27.8032, 13.6106, 33.9437

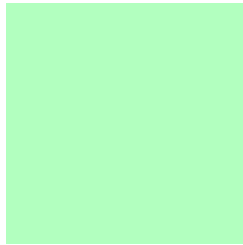


2.7404, 1.3385, 3.4804



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

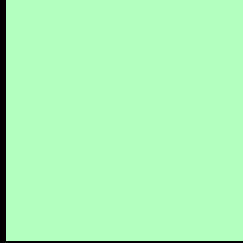
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

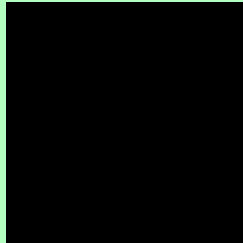
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999.



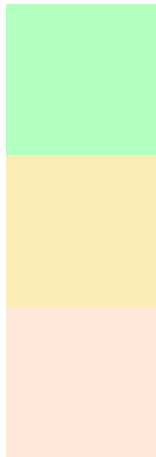
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.5241, 84.7466,

62.2999.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999

### Protanopia

78.5838, 84.0638, 56.3401

### Deuteranopia

82.7515, 84.0352, 78.1886



## Tritanopia

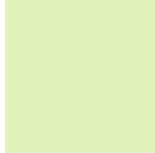
76.0966, 84.2796, 106.8646

# Trichromacy



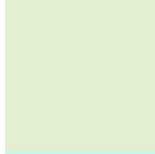
## Original Color

63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999



## Protanomaly

71.8589, 83.6115, 58.2502



## Deuteranomaly

74.2238, 83.2051, 71.8227



## Tritanomaly

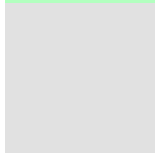
71.1150, 84.3535, 88.8776

# Monochromacy



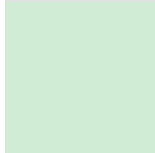
## Original Color

63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999



## Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954



## Achromatomaly

68.0181, 78.2049, 74.4609

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 255, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 255, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 255, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 255, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 255, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 255, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 255, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 255, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 255, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 255,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.5241, 84.7466, 62.2999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 255, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
255, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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