

# Converting Colors

XYZ(64.5316, 65.4164, 47.6951)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(64.5316, 65.4164, 47.6951)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(64.5886, 65.5704,  
47.7803)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDCFAB
RGB	237, 207, 171
RGB Percent	93%, 81%, 67%
CMY	0.0706, 0.1882, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.28, 0.07
HSL	33°, 65%, 80%
HSV	33°, 28%, 93%
XYZ	64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803
YIQ	211.8660, 29.4360, -4.8360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

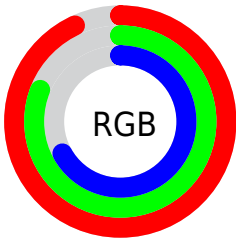
Format	Color
RYB	226, 237, 171
Decimal	15585195
CIELab	84.78, 5.20, 21.77
CIELCh	85, 22.384, 76.562
Yxy	65.5704, 0.3630, 0.3685
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293775275 (0xFFEDCFAB)
YUV	211.8660, -20.1469, 22.0425
Hunter-Lab	80.9756, 0.6699, 21.6983

# Details

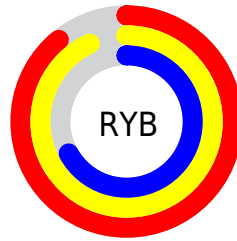
The XYZ color **64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **52.9670, 56.5443, 88.2436**, and the grayscale version is **62.6076, 65.8681, 71.7303**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7275, 98.2710, 86.1379**, and **33.5434, 33.8177, 22.2123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.0083, 59.7065, 36.0898**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.7554, 71.9584, 61.6661**.

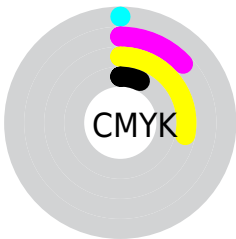
# Distribution



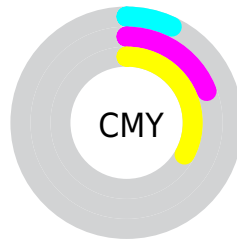
- Red (93%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 64.5886, 65.5704,  
47.7803

 64.5886, 65.5704,  
47.7803


430.8807,  
444.8389, 394.4042

 47.3910, 47.9237,  
33.2942


 110.5272,  
112.8695, 88.2393

 33.5541, 33.7665,  
22.0789


139.9989,  
143.2908, 115.0493

 22.7125, 22.7143,  
13.7160


174.2927,  
178.7390, 146.8044

 14.5009, 14.3827,  
7.7869

213.7740,  
219.5987, 183.9230

 8.5539, 8.3873,  
3.8731

258.8081,  
266.2541, 226.8238

 4.5061, 4.3438,  
1.5560

309.7603,

 1.9923, 1.8677,

319.0896, 275.9252

0.2591

366.9961,  
378.4898, 331.6458

■ 0.6296, 0.5288,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 64.5886, 65.5704,  
47.7803

■ 64.5886, 65.5704,  
47.7803

■ 60.0083, 59.7065,  
36.0898

■ 69.7554, 71.9584,  
61.6661

■ 55.9843, 54.3420,  
26.4754

■ 75.5272, 78.8764,  
77.8497

■ 52.4909, 49.4632,  
18.8124

■ 81.9276, 86.3415,  
96.4323

■ 49.4982, 45.0520,  
12.9614

■ 87.1888, 93.6518,  
108.0890

■ 46.9723, 41.0888,  
8.7636

■ 88.7352, 96.7446,  
108.6045

■ 44.8741, 37.5514,  
6.0326

■ 43.1514, 34.4122,  
4.5144

■ 42.8137, 33.7816,  
4.2640

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.1845, 65.5704, 53.1754



64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803



59.6165, 65.5704, 48.0788

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803



53.5366, 65.5704, 79.5526



69.5835, 65.5704, 92.0967

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803



52.9670, 56.5443, 88.2436

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.1096, 65.5704, 101.2427



64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803



55.9303, 65.5704, 93.3629

# Square

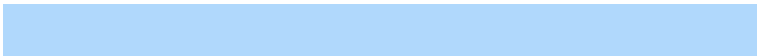
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803



53.4138, 65.5704, 65.1728



60.1104, 65.5704, 101.7349



72.1709, 65.5704, 78.0012



# Rectangle

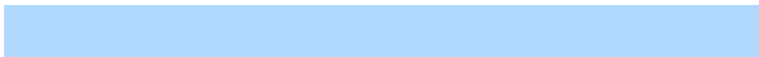
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803



56.7579, 65.5704, 51.4467



60.1104, 65.5704, 101.7349



68.2398, 65.5704, 95.9298

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.5903, 65.5734, 47.7817



89.0510, 92.9817, 91.5484



60.1256, 51.3860, 62.5033



18.8306, 19.6294, 18.9407



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.5903, 65.5734, 47.7817



73.3264, 73.6945, 48.8129



71.8303, 81.1373, 50.4042



15.7465, 16.4159, 15.8574



23.5076, 18.7094, 2.3723



1.9419, 1.6611, 0.2183



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.9670, 56.5443, 88.2436



57.6355, 61.5082, 103.4423



47.1276, 44.1482, 86.1587



14.7951, 15.6766, 19.1684



11.3843, 9.4156, 44.9603



0.9890, 0.9294, 3.5621



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

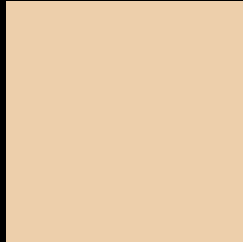
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

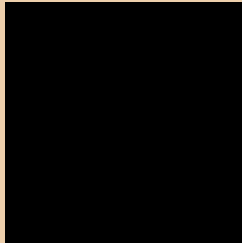
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.5886, 65.5704,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803

### Protanopia

61.5776, 65.4530, 48.9234

### Deuteranopia

66.8084, 65.2833, 48.1095



## Tritanopia

69.8993, 65.6084, 73.9453

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803

## Protanomaly

62.8061, 65.7298, 48.4066

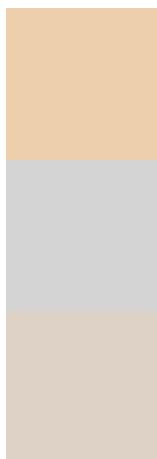
## Deuteranomaly

66.0014, 65.2190, 48.1396

## Tritanomaly

67.7164, 65.4073, 63.6994

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803

## Achromatopsia

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970

## Achromatomaly

62.9434, 65.4966, 62.1479

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 207, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 207, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 207, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 207, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 207, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 207, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 207, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 207, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 207, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 207,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 64.5886, 65.5704, 47.7803 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 207, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
207, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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