

# Converting Colors

XYZ(64.5354, 68.5049, 75.1718)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(64.5354, 68.5049, 75.1718)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(64.7778, 68.7816,  
75.5077)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5D9D9
RGB	213, 217, 217
RGB Percent	84%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.1647, 0.1490, 0.1490
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	180°, 5%, 84%
HSV	180°, 2%, 85%
XYZ	64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077
YIQ	215.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

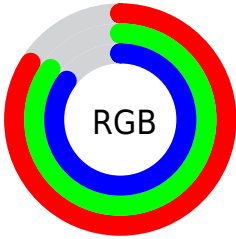
Format	Color
RYP	213, 215, 217
Decimal	14014937
CIELab	86.40, -1.35, -0.48
CIElCh	86, 1.432, 199.713
Yxy	68.7816, 0.3098, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292205017 (0xFFD5D9D9)
YUV	215.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591
Hunter-Lab	82.9347, -5.7147, 4.0738

# Details

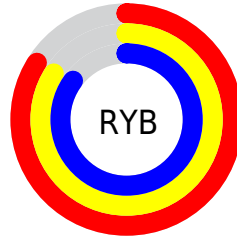
The XYZ color **64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **64.4223, 67.1461, 72.5192**, and the grayscale version is **65.1358, 68.5279, 74.6269**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **33.5425, 35.7184, 39.3089** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.8979, 65.7526, 75.2208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.5039, 72.2507, 75.8370**.

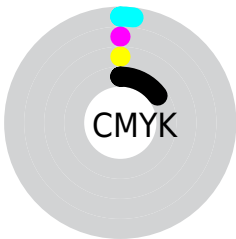
# Distribution



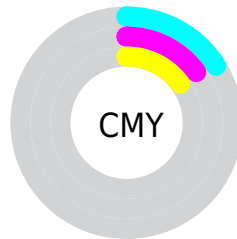
- Red (84%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64.7778, 68.7816,  
75.5077

■ 64.7778, 68.7816,  
75.5077

431.5509,  
456.2603, 498.9627

■ 47.5450, 50.5339,  
55.5247

110.7978,  
117.4696, 128.7845

■ 33.6764, 35.8378,  
39.4205

140.3157,  
148.6786, 162.9153

■ 22.8068, 24.3089,  
26.7767

174.6594,  
184.9769, 202.5992

■ 14.5709, 15.5629,  
17.1746

214.1941,  
226.7487, 248.2546

■ 8.6031, 9.2154,  
10.1958

259.2852,  
274.3786, 300.3001

■ 4.5382, 4.8820,  
5.4217

310.2982,

■ 2.0109, 2.1782,

328.2509, 359.1543

2.4337

367.5983,  
388.7500, 425.2356

■ 0.6401, 0.7081,  
0.8047

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 64.7778, 68.7816,  
75.5077

■ 64.7778, 68.7816,  
75.5077

■ 58.8979, 65.7526,  
75.2208

■ 71.5039, 72.2507,  
75.8370

■ 53.8250, 63.1378,  
74.9703

■ 78.5838, 75.9002,  
76.1815

■ 49.5259, 60.9217,  
74.7560

■ 78.5863, 75.9012,  
76.1947

■ 45.9623, 59.0850,  
74.5761

■ 78.5888, 75.9022,  
76.2079

■ 43.0932, 57.6062,  
74.4287

■ 78.5913, 75.9032,  
76.2212

■ 40.8732, 56.4620,  
74.3117

■ 78.5939, 75.9042,  
76.2344

■ 39.2517, 55.6264,  
74.2227

■ 78.5964, 75.9052,  
76.2476

■ 38.1705, 55.0693,  
74.1590

■ 78.5989, 75.9062,  
76.2609

■ 37.5600, 54.7549,  
74.1174

■ 78.6014, 75.9072,  
76.2741

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.7509, 68.7816, 74.5666



64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077



64.9644, 68.7816, 76.2899

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077



65.8613, 68.7816, 76.0757



65.4885, 68.7816, 73.1131

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077



64.4223, 67.1461, 72.5192

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.7871, 68.7816, 73.5103



64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077



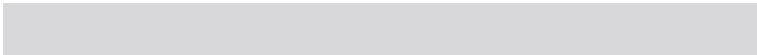
66.0028, 68.7816, 75.2173

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077



65.5897, 68.7816, 76.6197



65.9756, 68.7816, 74.2786



65.1605, 68.7816, 73.1894



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077



65.1545, 68.7816, 76.6134



65.9756, 68.7816, 74.2786



65.5957, 68.7816, 73.1955

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.7798, 68.7845, 75.5092



94.1177, 99.5194, 108.8545



64.2849, 68.5889, 72.8025



20.1549, 21.3063, 23.2998



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.7798, 68.7845, 75.5092



93.1978, 99.0452, 108.8095



64.2843, 67.7929, 75.3463



14.4521, 15.3488, 16.8525



22.5870, 33.0674, 44.8521



1.4635, 2.1423, 2.9066



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.4223, 67.1461, 72.5192



92.6349, 96.4652, 104.1013



64.9115, 68.1252, 72.6800



14.3705, 14.9748, 16.1699



17.3230, 8.9302, 0.8151

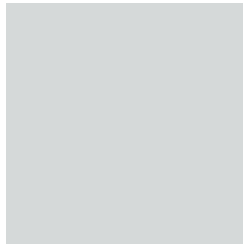


1.1224, 0.5786, 0.0537



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

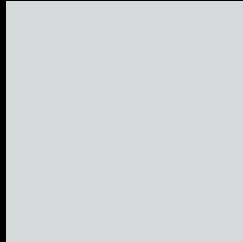
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

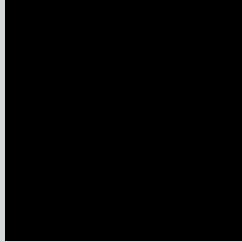
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

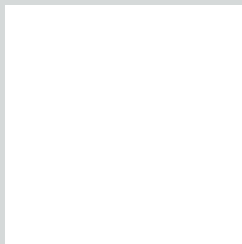
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077.



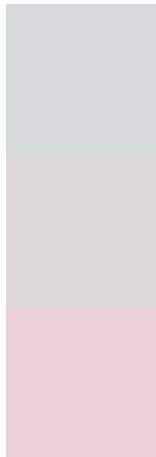
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.7778, 68.7816,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077

### Protanopia

66.2103, 68.7744, 74.7509

### Deuteranopia

70.1787, 68.5483, 76.5502



## Tritanopia

66.8903, 68.8741, 86.1125

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077

## Protanomaly

65.5658, 68.8213, 74.7939

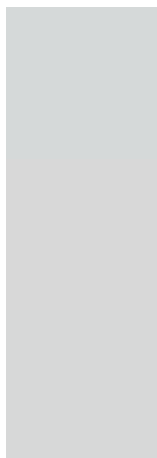
## Deuteranomaly

68.1933, 68.6429, 75.9849

## Tritanomaly

66.1526, 68.9539, 82.4959

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077

## Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800

## Achromatomaly

64.9749, 68.5167, 74.7662

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(213, 217, 217) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 217, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 217, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 217, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 217, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 217, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 217, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 217, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 217, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 217,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 64.7778, 68.7816, 75.5077 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 217, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
217, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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