

# Converting Colors

XYZ(64.5431, 67.6199, 72.2123)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(64.5431, 67.6199, 72.2123)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(64.5455, 67.5983,  
71.9332)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D9D6D4
RGB	217, 214, 212
RGB Percent	85%, 84%, 83%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1608, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.15
HSL	24°, 6%, 84%
HSV	24°, 2%, 85%
XYZ	64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332
YIQ	214.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

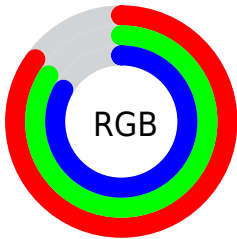
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	217, 215, 212
Decimal	14276308
CIE Lab	85.81, 0.67, 1.34
CIE LCh	86, 1.497, 63.347
Yxy	67.5983, 0.3163, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292466388 (0xFFD9D6D4)
YUV	214.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443
Hunter-Lab	82.2182, -3.7502, 5.6795

# Details

The XYZ color **64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **63.9762, 67.6068, 75.3241**, and the grayscale version is **64.3766, 67.7292, 73.7571**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **33.3842, 34.9120, 36.8774** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.8299, 60.2567, 57.4181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.8957, 75.6184, 88.4766**.

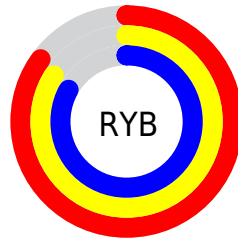
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (84%)

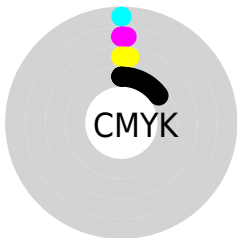
Blue (83%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (83%)

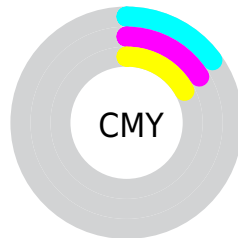


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64.5455, 67.5983,  
71.9332

■ 64.5455, 67.5983,  
71.9332

430.7280,  
452.0715, 486.2803

■ 47.3560, 49.5710,  
52.6176

110.4655,  
115.7773, 123.6684

■ 33.5263, 35.0727,  
37.1120

139.9267,  
146.6978, 156.9251

■ 22.6911, 23.7188,  
24.9977

174.2092,  
182.6848, 195.6659

■ 14.4850, 15.1252,  
15.8564

213.6783,  
224.1227, 240.3093

■ 8.5427, 8.9073,  
9.2693

258.6993,  
271.3960, 291.2739

■ 4.4988, 4.6808,  
4.8181

309.6377,

■ 1.9880, 2.0612,

324.8889, 348.9783

2.0840

366.8588,  
384.9859, 413.8409

■ 0.6272, 0.6427,  
0.6062

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 64.5455, 67.5983,  
71.9332

■ 64.5455, 67.5983,  
71.9332

■ 58.8299, 60.2567,  
57.4181

■ 70.8957, 75.6184,  
88.4766

■ 53.7224, 53.5669,  
44.8481

■ 77.8295, 84.2996,  
106.7771

■ 49.2031, 47.5129,  
34.1407

■ 81.7962, 92.2330,  
108.0994

■ 45.2488, 42.0749,  
25.2058

■ 82.4257, 93.4919,  
108.3092

■ 41.8343, 37.2318,  
17.9457

■ 38.9328, 32.9614,  
12.2531

■ 36.5142, 29.2398,  
8.0083

■ 34.5452, 26.0409,  
5.0734

■ 32.9865, 23.3355,  
3.2837

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.8009, 67.5983, 72.5730



64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332



64.2118, 67.5983, 71.7395

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332



63.5961, 67.5983, 73.7130



64.6122, 67.5983, 75.1870

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332



63.9762, 67.6068, 75.3241

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.2885, 67.5983, 75.4986



64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332



63.7026, 67.5983, 74.6429

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332



63.6644, 67.5983, 72.7617



63.9557, 67.5983, 75.2986



64.8395, 67.5983, 74.4508



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332



63.9900, 67.5983, 71.8880



63.9557, 67.5983, 75.2986



64.5110, 67.5983, 75.3452

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.5474, 67.6012, 71.9347



94.1566, 98.8657, 106.5902



64.4254, 66.7460, 73.7786



20.1628, 21.1733, 22.8390



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

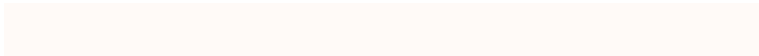


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.5474, 67.6012, 71.9347



92.3975, 96.6269, 102.0601



65.1840, 68.8745, 72.1469



14.2103, 14.8379, 15.5509



19.4806, 13.2467, 1.5301



1.3450, 1.0240, 0.1268



# Inverse Universe

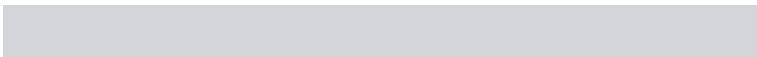
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.9762, 67.6068, 75.3241



91.3211, 96.6374, 108.4475



63.3454, 66.3452, 75.1138



14.0034, 14.8399, 16.7785



12.5229, 12.9151, 41.5712

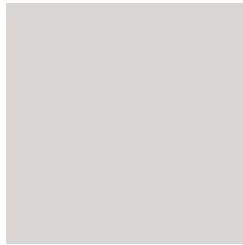


0.8948, 1.0037, 2.7210



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

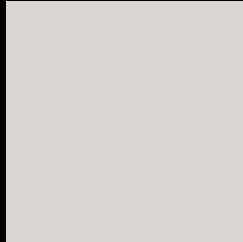
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

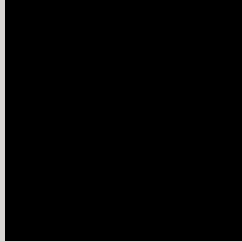
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

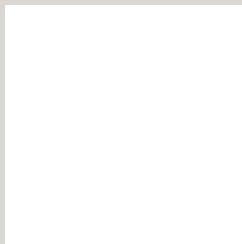
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332.



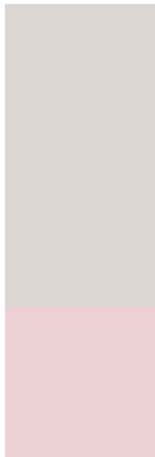
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.5455, 67.5983,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332

### Protanopia

64.8913, 67.4020, 71.8771

### Deuteranopia

68.8271, 67.5780, 72.3671



## Tritanopia

66.7605, 67.7485, 82.9569

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332

## Protanomaly

64.5914, 67.2474, 71.8631

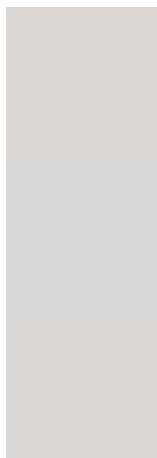
## Deuteranomaly

67.0517, 67.3913, 72.4246

## Tritanomaly

65.8925, 67.7679, 78.7148

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332

## Achromatopsia

64.5905, 67.9542, 74.0022

## Achromatomaly

64.7569, 68.0548, 73.3412

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 214, 212) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 214, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 214, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 214, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 214, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 214, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 214, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 214, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 214, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 214,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 64.5455, 67.5983, 71.9332 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 214, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
214, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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