

# Converting Colors

XYZ(65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(65.1389, 65.2715,  
74.1312)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFCFD8
RGB	223, 207, 216
RGB Percent	87%, 81%, 85%
CMY	0.1255, 0.1882, 0.1529
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.03, 0.13
HSL	326°, 20%, 84%
HSV	326°, 7%, 87%
XYZ	65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312
YIQ	212.8100, 6.6470, 6.1910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

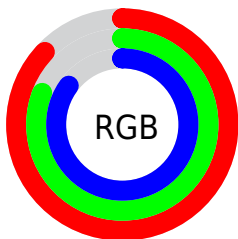
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 207, 216
Decimal	14667736
CIE Lab	84.62, 7.11, -2.46
CIE LCh	85, 7.520, 340.936
Yxy	65.2715, 0.3185, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292857816 (0xFFDFCFD8)
YUV	212.8100, 1.5727, 8.9366
Hunter-Lab	80.7908, 2.5347, 2.1508

# Details

The XYZ color **65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **64.2599, 70.8975, 73.9195**, and the grayscale version is **63.1072, 66.3937, 72.3027**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **33.9727, 33.6805, 38.4286** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.8893, 54.7309, 66.0076**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.2302, 77.3738, 82.9066**.

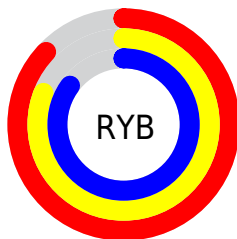
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (81%)

Blue (85%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (85%)

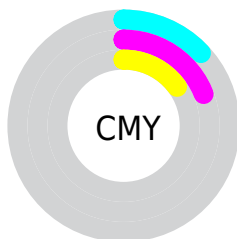


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



65.1389, 65.2715,  
74.1312

65.1389, 65.2715,  
74.1312

432.8283,  
443.7670, 494.1016

47.8388, 47.6813,  
54.4040

111.3141,  
112.4401, 126.8175

33.9100, 33.5745,  
38.5294

140.9200,  
142.7873, 160.6137

22.9870, 22.5669,  
26.0888

175.3585,  
178.1555, 199.9367

14.7046, 14.2741,  
16.6637

214.9950,  
218.9292, 245.2049

8.6973, 8.3115,  
9.8356

260.1949,  
265.4929, 296.8370

4.5998, 4.2949,  
5.1859

311.3235,

2.0467, 1.8399,

318.2308, 355.2514

2.2961

368.7462,  
377.5273, 420.8668

■ 0.6600, 0.5118,  
0.7290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 65.1389, 65.2715,  
74.1312

■ 65.1389, 65.2715,  
74.1312

■ 58.8893, 54.7309,  
66.0076

■ 72.2302, 77.3738,  
82.9066

■ 53.4426, 45.6794,  
58.5143

■ 80.1889, 91.0897,  
92.3463

■ 48.7655, 38.0511,  
51.6343

■ 82.7156, 93.8177,  
100.3572

■ 44.8198, 31.7721,  
45.3482

■ 84.2418, 94.4282,  
108.3942

■ 41.5640, 26.7616,  
39.6352

■ 38.9521, 22.9299,  
34.4730

■ 36.9324, 20.1758,  
29.8369

■ 35.4441, 18.3807,  
25.6990

■ 34.4080, 17.3881,  
22.0250

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.1771, 65.2715, 78.2825



65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312



65.2613, 65.2715, 69.3307

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312



61.4284, 65.2715, 62.3761



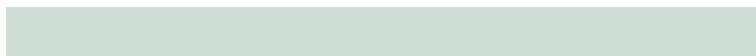
59.6325, 65.2715, 77.2986

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312



64.2599, 70.8975, 73.9195

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.9238, 65.2715, 72.8373



65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312



59.9481, 65.2715, 64.3139

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312



63.0986, 65.2715, 62.6875



59.0383, 65.2715, 68.0934



60.9905, 65.2715, 80.1674



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312



64.8479, 65.2715, 66.4236



59.0383, 65.2715, 68.0934



59.3116, 65.2715, 75.9273

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.1408, 65.2743, 74.1326



93.0873, 96.6462, 106.4834



63.3467, 64.2427, 78.8742



19.9451, 20.7214, 22.8173



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.1408, 65.2743, 74.1326



86.5856, 85.5913, 98.3091



64.1399, 64.8740, 68.8622



14.0284, 13.8290, 15.9200



20.1431, 10.1243, 12.6854



1.4410, 0.7197, 1.1150



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.1408, 65.2743, 74.1326



86.5856, 85.5913, 98.3091



65.2977, 71.3126, 79.3846



14.0284, 13.8290, 15.9200



20.1431, 10.1243, 12.6854

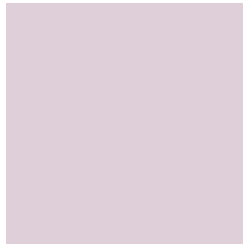


1.4410, 0.7197, 1.1150



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

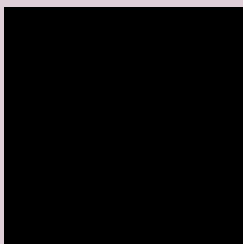
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

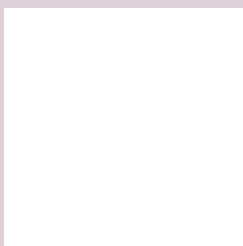
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.1389, 65.2715,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312

### Protanopia

63.1421, 65.3013, 75.6061

### Deuteranopia

66.5391, 65.2785, 74.0588



## Tritanopia

65.9966, 65.2638, 78.2260

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312

## Protanomaly

63.9401, 65.3624, 74.8918

## Deuteranomaly

66.1445, 65.4314, 74.1091

## Tritanomaly

65.7300, 65.1572, 76.8224

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

64.0471, 66.1953, 73.0196

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 207, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 207, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 207, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 207, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 207, 216) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 207, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 207, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 207, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 207, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 207,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 65.1389, 65.2715, 74.1312 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 207, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
207, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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