

# Converting Colors

XYZ(65.5351, 40.9703, 99.0617)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(65.5351, 40.9703, 99.0617)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(65.5354, 40.9708,  
99.0618)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF74FF
RGB	255, 116, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 45%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5451, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 73%
HSV	300°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618
YIQ	173.4070, 38.2250, 72.6970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

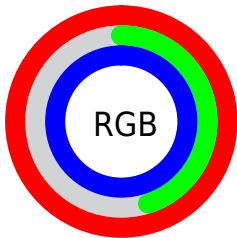
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 116, 255
Decimal	16741631
CIE Lab	70.16, 70.36, -45.25
CIE LCh	70, 83.658, 327.254
Yxy	40.9708, 0.3188, 0.1993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294931711 (0xFFFF74FF)
YUV	173.4070, 40.2253, 71.5571
Hunter-Lab	64.0084, 70.7435, -46.9535

# Details

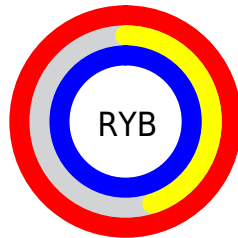
The XYZ color **65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66FF**. A complement of this color would be **46.1161, 76.4946, 28.8593**, and the grayscale version is **39.7168, 41.7852, 45.5041**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.4261, 58.7521, 102.0254**, and **34.1129, 18.5077, 55.2005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.9890, 35.8781, 98.2130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.8897, 47.6795, 100.1799**.

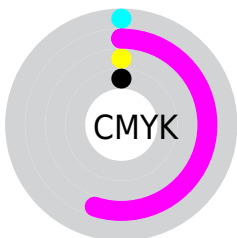
# Distribution



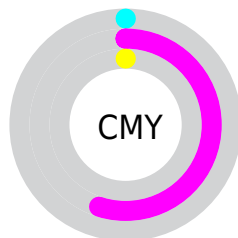
- Red (100%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65.5354, 40.9708,  
99.0618


 65.5354, 40.9708,  
99.0618


434.2283,  
350.1986, 578.4015


 48.1617, 28.2963,  
74.9047


 111.8807, 76.6396,  
161.9079

 34.1667, 18.5491,  
55.0336


 141.5829,  
100.4026, 201.4340

 23.1852, 11.3449,  
39.0298


 176.1254,  
128.6306, 246.9202

 14.8518, 6.2993,  
26.4749

215.8734,  
161.7079, 298.7850

 8.8011, 3.0279,  
16.9503

261.1924,  
200.0190, 357.4470

 4.6677, 1.1463,  
10.0375

312.4476,

 2.0864, 0.0172,

243.9482, 423.3247

5.3179

370.0045,  
293.8799, 496.8367

■ 0.6818, 0.0000,  
2.3730

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7717

■ 65.5354, 40.9708,  
99.0618

■ 65.5354, 40.9708,  
99.0618

■ 62.9890, 35.8781,  
98.2130

■ 68.8897, 47.6795,  
100.1799

■ 61.1807, 32.2613,  
97.6102

■ 73.1099, 56.1198,  
101.5866

■ 60.0323, 29.9645,  
97.2274

■ 78.2511, 66.4021,  
103.3004

■ 59.4471, 28.7943,  
97.0324

■ 84.3631, 78.6262,  
105.3377

■ 59.2900, 28.4800,  
96.9800

■ 91.4924, 92.8848,  
107.7141

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.2791, 40.9708, 150.7602



65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618



71.5876, 40.9708, 48.3200

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618



40.2162, 40.9708, 3.7347



19.9181, 40.9708, 88.7918

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618



46.1161, 76.4946, 28.8593

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1256, 40.9708, 41.0954



65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618



28.0904, 40.9708, 5.5540

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618



54.9824, 40.9708, 6.5040



20.7356, 40.9708, 14.9991



26.3700, 40.9708, 142.7726



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



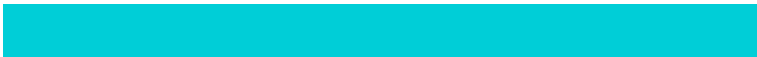
65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618



69.8697, 40.9708, 25.7812



20.7356, 40.9708, 14.9991



18.8275, 40.9708, 70.9078

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.5361, 40.9723, 99.0620



83.3872, 76.6744, 105.0124



31.4995, 23.4257, 97.4692



17.5681, 15.8512, 22.3836



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.5361, 40.9723, 99.0620



62.8832, 35.6664, 98.1777



56.2963, 37.2764, 50.4059



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.5361, 40.9723, 99.0620



62.8832, 35.6664, 98.1777



51.7735, 78.7575, 58.6510



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

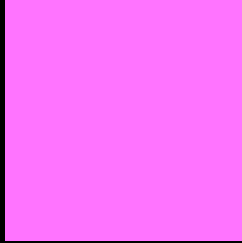
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.5354, 40.9708,

99.0618.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618

### Protanopia

43.2225, 41.2587, 100.2934

### Deuteranopia

42.3370, 41.2429, 92.9181



## Tritanopia

52.3849, 40.7006, 35.2320

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618



## Protanomaly

48.2478, 38.9778, 99.5883



## Deuteranomaly

47.7724, 38.8426, 94.6020



## Tritanomaly

56.0396, 40.2669, 53.5339

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618



## Achromatopsia

39.7200, 41.7885, 45.5077



## Achromatomaly

46.6363, 39.4648, 61.6594

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 116, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 116, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 116, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 116, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 116, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 116, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 116, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 116, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 116, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 116,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 65.5354, 40.9708, 99.0618 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 116, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
116, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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