

Converting Colors

XYZ(65.7187, 65.0796,
100.9582)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(65.7187, 65.0796, 100.9582)
contains.

XYZ(65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(65.6156, 64.9193,
101.1678)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFCFFC
RGB	207, 207, 252
RGB Percent	81%, 81%, 99%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1882, 0.0118
CMYK	0.18, 0.18, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	240°, 88%, 90%
HSV	240°, 18%, 99%
XYZ	65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678
YIQ	212.1300, -14.4450, 13.9950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

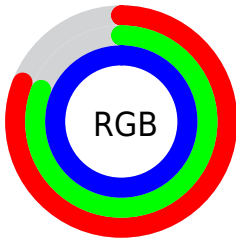
Format	Color
R _Y B	207, 207, 252
Decimal	13619196
CIE Lab	84.44, 8.96, -21.98
CIE LCh	84, 23.740, 292.179
Yxy	64.9193, 0.2832, 0.2802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291809276 (0xFFCFCFFC)
YUV	212.1300, 19.6559, -4.4990
Hunter-Lab	80.5725, 4.3626, -18.0445

Details

The XYZ color **65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **86.2182, 94.8210, 72.7912**, and the grayscale version is **62.5477, 65.8050, 71.6617**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **34.1905, 33.3980, 56.2742** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.5038, 50.3257, 98.9904**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.8293, 82.0459, 103.7255**.

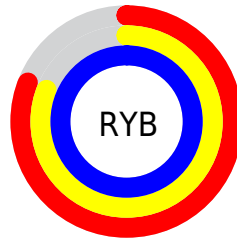
Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (81%)

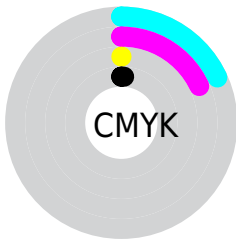
Blue (99%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (99%)

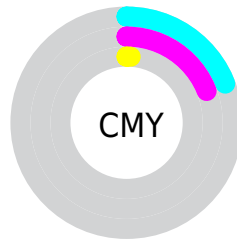


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.6156, 64.9193,
101.1678

■ 65.6156, 64.9193,
101.1678

434.5112,
442.5019, 585.2089

■ 48.2270, 47.3956,
76.6539

111.9952,
111.9338, 164.8269

■ 34.2187, 33.3485,
56.4590

141.7169,
142.1935, 204.8092

■ 23.2253, 22.3936,
40.1646

176.2804,
177.4673, 250.7847

■ 14.8816, 14.1464,
27.3521

216.0509,
218.1396, 303.1719

■ 8.8221, 8.2225,
17.6031

261.3939,
264.5948, 362.3894

■ 4.6815, 4.2377,
10.4989

312.6748,

■ 2.0944, 1.8074,

317.2173, 428.8557

5.6211

370.2587,
376.3916, 502.9894

■ 0.6862, 0.4918,
2.5510

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8670

■ 65.6156, 64.9193,
101.1678

■ 65.6156, 64.9193,
101.1678

■ 53.5038, 50.3257,
98.9904

■ 79.8293, 82.0459,
103.7255

■ 43.3885, 38.1376,
97.1710

94.5709, 99.8084,
106.3770

■ 35.1645, 28.2282,
95.6917

■ 28.7144, 20.4561,
94.5315

■ 23.9075, 14.6641,
93.6669

■ 20.5957, 10.6735,
93.0712

■ 18.6039, 8.2733,
92.7129

■ 17.6973, 7.1807,
92.5498

■ 17.5710, 7.0286,
92.5271

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.3328, 64.9193, 103.5749



65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678



70.0745, 64.9193, 90.0527

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678



68.1398, 64.9193, 50.1192



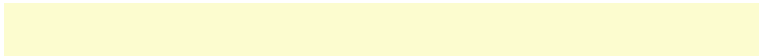
52.1840, 64.9193, 66.8035

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678



86.2182, 94.8210, 72.7912

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.0278, 64.9193, 54.3165



65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678



63.0955, 64.9193, 45.6201

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678



71.5888, 64.9193, 60.2700



57.9507, 64.9193, 47.0390



52.7735, 64.9193, 82.2380

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678



71.8807, 64.9193, 79.9615



57.9507, 64.9193, 47.0390



52.5359, 64.9193, 62.1572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.6176, 64.9220, 101.1693



86.5806, 89.7951, 107.3766



77.9958, 89.8682, 104.7101



18.2869, 18.9247, 22.9390



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.6176, 64.9220, 101.1693



63.2508, 61.6846, 103.1804



72.1183, 68.2724, 101.4733



16.2832, 16.6432, 21.7395



9.1529, 3.6613, 48.1978



0.8477, 0.3391, 4.4640

Inverse Universe

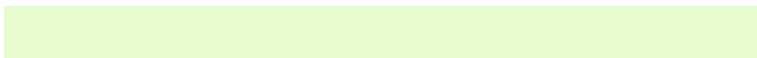
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.7218, 69.8277, 68.6270



72.8276, 67.4818, 64.7247



78.7876, 90.9914, 72.4436



17.2447, 17.2252, 17.8785



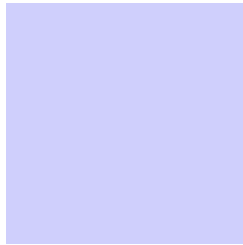
20.9120, 10.7805, 0.9789



1.9368, 0.9985, 0.0907

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

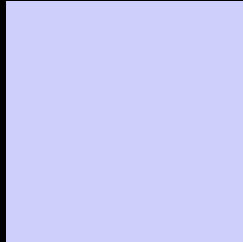
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

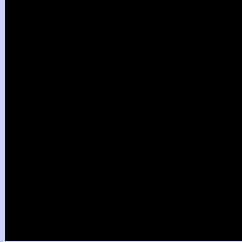
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678.

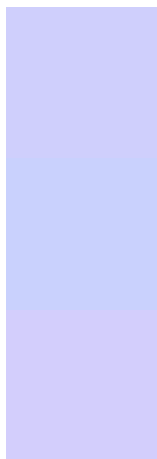


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.6156, 64.9193,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678

Protanopia

64.6175, 65.1103, 102.0903

Deuteranopia

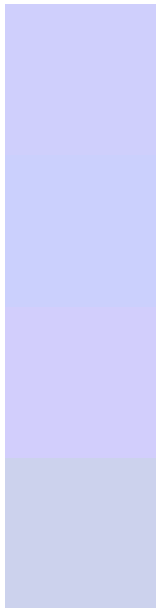
66.5060, 65.0198, 101.1403



Tritanopia

61.9265, 64.8865, 82.6593

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678

Protanomaly

64.9141, 64.9001, 102.0341

Deuteranomaly

66.2203, 64.8725, 101.1269

Tritanomaly

63.2345, 65.0450, 89.3429

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678

Achromatopsia

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970

Achromatomaly

63.4901, 65.3409, 81.9388

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 207, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 207, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 207, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 207, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 207, 252) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 207, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 207, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 207, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 207, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 207,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 65.6156, 64.9193, 101.1678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 207, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
207, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor