

# Converting Colors

XYZ(65.7471, 69.1376, 56.4568)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(65.7471, 69.1376, 56.4568)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(65.7319, 69.3149,  
56.3690)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5D8BA
RGB	229, 216, 186
RGB Percent	90%, 85%, 73%
CMY	0.1020, 0.1529, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.19, 0.10
HSL	42°, 45%, 81%
HSV	42°, 19%, 90%
XYZ	65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690
YIQ	216.4670, 17.3780, -6.5740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

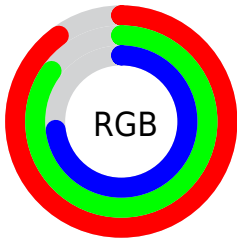
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	205, 229, 186
Decimal	15063226
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	86.66, -0.34, 16.41
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	87, 16.411, 91.172
Yxy	69.3149, 0.3434, 0.3621
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293253306 (0xFFE5D8BA)
YUV	216.4670, -15.0202, 10.9914
Hunter-Lab	83.2556, -4.7680, 18.1360

# Details

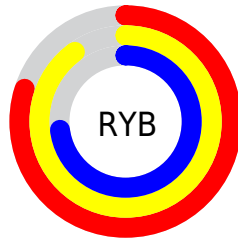
The XYZ color **65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **54.8157, 56.9419, 82.2311**, and the grayscale version is **65.6813, 69.1019, 75.2519**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.0270, 99.1908, 98.2471**, and **34.2121, 36.0674, 27.3488** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.7546, 64.9487, 43.9796**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.1778, 73.9928, 70.8411**.

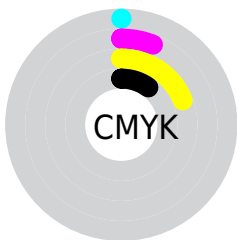
# Distribution



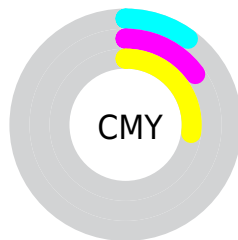
- Red (90%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65.7319, 69.3149,  
56.3690

■ 65.7319, 69.3149,  
56.3690

434.9212,  
458.1408, 428.5080

■ 48.3217, 50.9682,  
40.0929

■ 112.1613,  
118.2312, 101.0351

■ 34.2940, 36.1833,  
27.2966

141.9112,  
149.5697, 130.2621

■ 23.2835, 24.5758,  
17.5617

176.5051,  
186.0075, 164.6431

■ 14.9248, 15.7613,  
10.4696

216.3083,  
227.9290, 204.5968

■ 8.8526, 9.3554,  
5.6018

261.6861,  
275.7188, 250.5415

■ 4.7015, 4.9737,  
2.5396

313.0040,

■ 2.1062, 2.2318,

329.7610, 302.8960

0.8610

370.6272,  
390.4403, 362.0786

■ 0.6926, 0.7373,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 65.7319, 69.3149,  
56.3690

■ 65.7319, 69.3149,  
56.3690

■ 61.7546, 64.9487,  
43.9796

■ 70.1778, 73.9928,  
70.8411

■ 58.2209, 60.8756,  
33.5705

■ 75.1050, 78.9817,  
87.4829

■ 55.1116, 57.0889,  
25.0373

■ 80.5324, 84.2931,  
106.3820

■ 52.4039, 53.5778,  
18.2639

■ 82.6205, 88.3924,  
107.3146

■ 50.0725, 50.3308,  
13.1216

■ 84.7387, 92.6289,  
108.0207

■ 48.0884, 47.3347,  
9.4638

■ 86.1233, 95.3981,  
108.4822

■ 46.4180, 44.5744,  
7.1171

■ 45.0106, 42.0280,  
5.8203

■ 44.8482, 41.7279,  
5.6905

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.4798, 69.3149, 58.5342



65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690



62.1599, 69.3149, 58.8974

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690



59.8068, 69.3149, 86.8682



72.5144, 69.3149, 86.0539

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690



54.8157, 56.9419, 82.2311

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.7492, 69.3149, 94.8968



65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690



62.4101, 69.3149, 95.3979

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690



58.8215, 69.3149, 75.9024



66.0318, 69.3149, 98.4666



73.4855, 69.3149, 75.0435



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690



60.3347, 69.3149, 63.0602



66.0318, 69.3149, 98.4666



71.7588, 69.3149, 89.4144

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.7337, 69.3180, 56.3705



91.2262, 96.1386, 95.9531



60.2533, 55.9289, 62.0295



19.4400, 20.4896, 20.2495



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

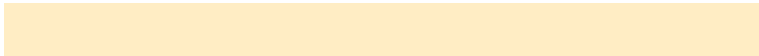


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.7337, 69.3180, 56.3705



81.6075, 85.9892, 64.7301



66.7372, 74.9749, 57.4095



15.2147, 16.0432, 15.1992



25.7523, 24.0788, 3.2904



1.9837, 1.9407, 0.2700



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.8157, 56.9419, 82.2311



64.9717, 67.1339, 104.1415



53.9208, 52.2298, 81.3687



13.9362, 14.5938, 18.2267



9.4028, 5.8678, 43.0202



0.7743, 0.5925, 3.2055



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

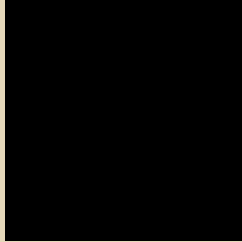
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690.



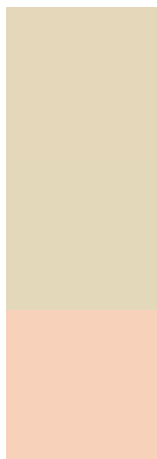
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.7319, 69.3149,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690

### Protanopia

65.4137, 69.1509, 56.3542

### Deuteranopia

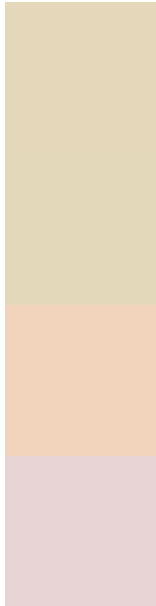
70.4815, 69.1452, 56.6453



## Tritanopia

70.8434, 69.1317, 82.2829

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690

## Protanomaly

65.4137, 69.1509, 56.3542

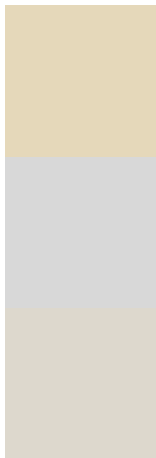
## Deuteranomaly

68.7888, 69.3756, 56.7790

## Tritanomaly

68.7059, 68.9962, 71.9838

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690

## Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800

## Achromatomaly

65.3941, 68.8917, 67.6084

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 216, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 216, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 216, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 216, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 216, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 216, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 216, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 216, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 216, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 216,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 65.7319, 69.3149, 56.3690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 216, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
216, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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