

# Converting Colors

XYZ(65.8591, 61.3186, 38.4362)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(65.8591, 61.3186, 38.4362)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(65.8394, 61.2592,  
38.4911)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	<a href="#">FFC099</a>
RGB	<a href="#">255, 192, 153</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">100%, 75%, 60%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.0000, 0.2470, 0.4000</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.25, 0.40, 0.00</a>
HSL	<a href="#">23°, 100%, 80%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">23°, 40%, 100%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">206.3910, 50.0670, 1.2270</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

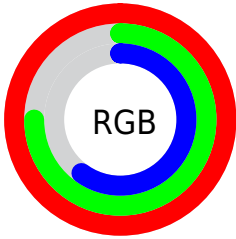
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 216, 153
Decimal	16760985
CIE Lab	82.52, 17.76, 28.44
CIE LCh	83, 33.531, 58.022
Yxy	61.2592, 0.3976, 0.3699
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294951065 (0xFFFFC099)
YUV	206.3910, -26.3218, 42.6301
Hunter-Lab	78.2683, 13.1851, 25.6299

# Details

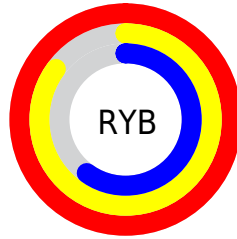
The XYZ color **65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **55.7417, 63.1016, 103.8495**, and the grayscale version is **59.0592, 62.1349, 67.6649**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.5008, 93.5654, 73.1754**, and **34.2517, 30.8720, 16.7240** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.6795, 53.9574, 27.4672**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.8225, 69.4870, 52.0110**.

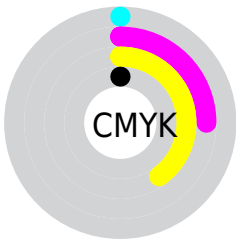
# Distribution



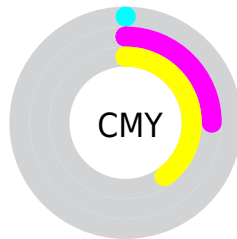
- Red (100%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65.8394, 61.2592,  
38.4911


 65.8394, 61.2592,  
38.4911


435.3000,  
429.2237, 355.0831

 48.4093, 44.4344,  
26.0593


 112.3148,  
106.6541, 74.0720

 34.3637, 31.0121,  
16.6418


 142.0908,  
135.9931, 98.0582

 23.3374, 20.6081,  
9.8202


176.7128,  
170.2722, 126.7328

 14.9649, 12.8378,  
5.1759

216.5461,  
209.8758, 160.5146

 8.8809, 7.3170,  
2.2903

261.9561,  
255.1884, 199.8220

 4.7201, 3.6611,  
0.7258

313.3082,

 2.1170, 1.4859,

306.5943, 245.0735

0.0000

370.9677,  
364.4779, 296.6877

■ 0.6984, 0.2787,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 65.8394, 61.2592,  
38.4911

■ 65.8394, 61.2592,  
38.4911

■ 60.6795, 53.9574,  
27.4672

■ 71.8225, 69.4870,  
52.0110

■ 56.2976, 47.5379,  
18.7794

■ 78.6617, 78.6647,  
68.1657

■ 52.6509, 41.9666,  
12.2547

■ 86.3934, 88.8261,  
87.0883

■ 49.6894, 37.2028,  
7.6941

95.0499, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 47.3555, 33.2015,  
4.8610

■ 45.5624, 29.9049,  
3.3709

■ 45.5623, 29.9047,  
3.3708

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.2694, 61.2592, 49.8105



65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911



58.7024, 61.2592, 34.4991

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911



45.4996, 61.2592, 65.3466



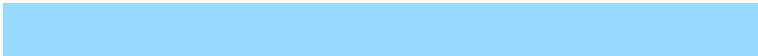
64.9484, 61.2592, 108.0016

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



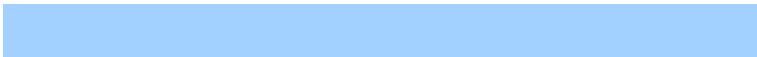
65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911



55.7417, 63.1016, 103.8495

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.7502, 61.2592, 114.4800



65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911



46.8781, 61.2592, 87.0336

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911



47.2914, 61.2592, 47.8918



51.2216, 61.2592, 106.1323



70.7260, 61.2592, 89.8841



# Rectangle

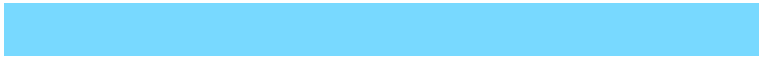
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911



54.0612, 61.2592, 35.7474



51.2216, 61.2592, 106.1323



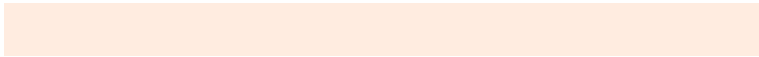
62.5974, 61.2592, 111.7574

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.8409, 61.2621, 38.4923



84.7736, 86.7130, 83.0750



65.2341, 49.0841, 72.0919



17.9229, 18.2695, 17.2339



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.8409, 61.2621, 38.4923



61.6478, 55.3459, 29.4793



78.5637, 86.7077, 42.7332



18.5787, 19.1257, 18.8567



23.9403, 15.8917, 1.8056

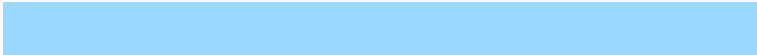


2.4326, 1.7506, 0.2097

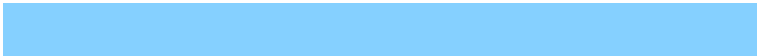


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.7417, 63.1016, 103.8495



50.2628, 57.3801, 103.0341



44.9330, 41.4841, 100.2466



17.9373, 19.2462, 23.0194



15.9234, 16.7564, 51.8296



1.6561, 1.8429, 5.0817



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

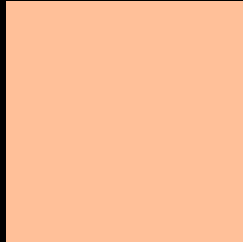
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

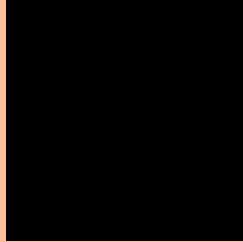
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.8394, 61.2592,

38.4911.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911

### Protanopia

57.3027, 61.2259, 41.5985

### Deuteranopia

62.5959, 61.2542, 38.2298



## Tritanopia

69.6485, 61.3966, 62.8234

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911

## Protanomaly

60.0188, 60.8987, 40.4896

## Deuteranomaly

63.5404, 61.0714, 38.1448

## Tritanomaly

67.9848, 61.0741, 53.0050

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911

## Achromatopsia

58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2138

## Achromatomaly

60.5968, 61.2084, 55.6343

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 192, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 192, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 192, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 192, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 192, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 192, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 192, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 192, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 192, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 192,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 65.8394, 61.2592, 38.4911 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 192, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
192, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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