

# Converting Colors

XYZ(65.9491, 68.8443, 99.2118)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(65.9491, 68.8443, 99.2118)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(65.9991, 68.8828,  
99.4397)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9D9F9
RGB	201, 217, 249
RGB Percent	79%, 85%, 98%
CMY	0.2118, 0.1490, 0.0235
CMYK	0.19, 0.13, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	220°, 80%, 88%
HSV	220°, 19%, 98%
XYZ	65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397
YIQ	215.8640, -19.8080, 6.5600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

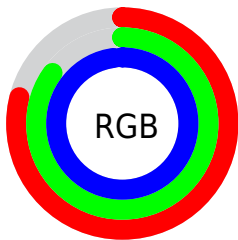
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 213, 249
Decimal	13228537
CIE Lab	86.45, 1.18, -17.41
CIE LCh	86, 17.452, 273.890
Yxy	68.8828, 0.2817, 0.2940
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291418617 (0xFFC9D9F9)
YUV	215.8640, 16.3360, -13.0357
Hunter-Lab	82.9957, -3.2972, -12.9402

# Details

The XYZ color **65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **78.7489, 82.6344, 67.0593**, and the grayscale version is **65.0814, 68.4707, 74.5646**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **34.4000, 35.8019, 55.5495** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.7752, 57.5785, 97.7977**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7426, 81.6127, 101.2790**.

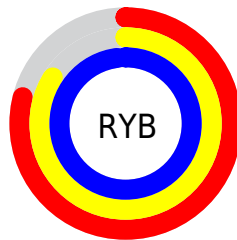
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (85%)

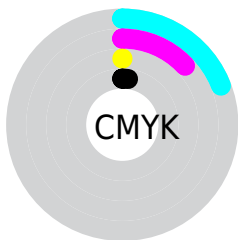
Blue (98%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (98%)

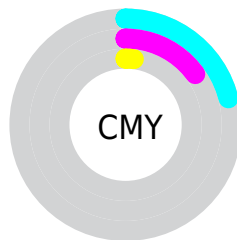


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65.9991, 68.8828,  
99.4397

■ 65.9991, 68.8828,  
99.4397

435.8624,  
456.6175, 579.6261

■ 48.5394, 50.6163,  
75.2184

112.5428,  
117.6142, 162.4321

■ 34.4672, 35.9033,  
55.2890

142.3574,  
148.8478, 202.0404

■ 23.4174, 24.3595,  
39.2330

177.0211,  
185.1726, 247.6147

■ 15.0244, 15.6005,  
26.6318

216.8992,  
226.9729, 299.5736

■ 8.9229, 9.2419,  
17.0669

262.3570,  
274.6331, 358.3357

■ 4.7477, 4.8993,  
10.1197

313.7599,

■ 2.1332, 2.1883,

328.5377, 424.3194

5.3718

371.4732,  
389.0711, 497.9434

■ 0.7072, 0.7136,  
2.4045

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.7889

■ 65.9991, 68.8828,  
99.4397

■ 65.9991, 68.8828,  
99.4397

■ 55.7752, 57.5785,  
97.7977

■ 77.7426, 81.6127,  
101.2790

■ 46.9996, 47.6393,  
96.3418

■ 91.0602, 95.8091,  
103.3173

■ 39.6048, 39.0122,  
95.0663

■ 94.0991, 99.6196,  
103.8926

■ 33.5150, 31.6374,  
93.9638

■ 28.6462, 25.4501,  
93.0262

■ 24.9043, 20.3781,  
92.2444

■ 22.1789, 16.3398,  
91.6086

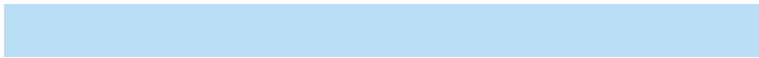
■ 20.3087, 13.2253,  
91.1060

■ 20.1934, 13.0283,  
91.0740

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.1139, 68.8828, 96.7875



65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397



69.8955, 68.8828, 95.0107

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397



72.1284, 68.8828, 63.2759



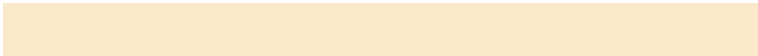
58.7452, 68.8828, 65.6372

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397



78.7489, 82.6344, 67.0593

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.2373, 68.8828, 58.0197



65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397



68.9470, 68.8828, 56.7579

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397



73.5250, 68.8828, 73.5035



64.9458, 68.8828, 54.9364



58.0278, 68.8828, 76.5201



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397



71.9446, 68.8828, 88.8808



64.9458, 68.8828, 54.9364



59.3979, 68.8828, 62.6482

# Sweetspot

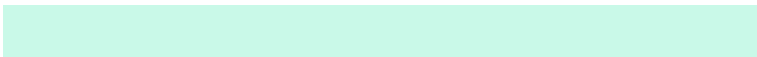
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.0012, 68.8856, 99.4413



86.4756, 90.8772, 107.5910



72.5583, 86.0077, 89.2712



18.3175, 19.2462, 22.9994



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.0012, 68.8856, 99.4413



65.4372, 68.0649, 104.2967



64.0556, 62.0533, 98.2250



16.7558, 17.5884, 21.8971



10.9253, 7.2062, 48.7887



1.1050, 0.8537, 4.5497



# Inverse Universe

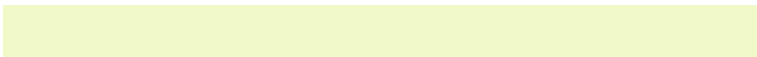
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.4796, 66.9244, 74.7465



73.4411, 65.8508, 73.7399



80.9689, 90.8115, 68.5207



17.4833, 17.3207, 19.1347



21.8066, 11.1384, 5.6901

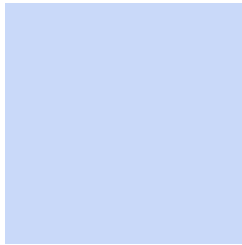


2.0667, 1.0504, 0.7746



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

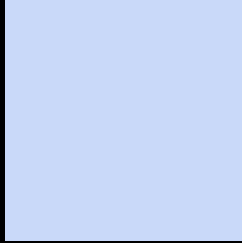
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

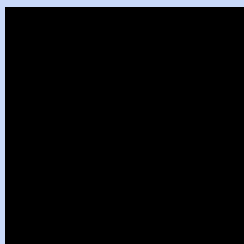
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

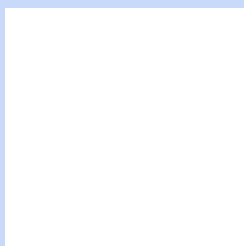
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.9991, 68.8828,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397

### Protanopia

67.6990, 68.6574, 97.6798

### Deuteranopia

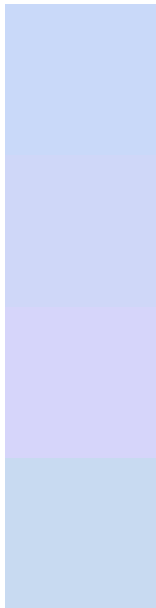
70.3684, 68.8628, 100.0255



## **Tritanopia**

64.1708, 68.9196, 90.0414

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397

## Protanomaly

66.9758, 68.6436, 98.5265

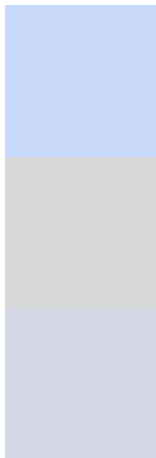
## Deuteranomaly

68.7811, 68.7868, 100.0945

## Tritanomaly

64.7680, 68.7730, 93.0800

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397

## Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800

## Achromatomaly

65.4234, 68.5621, 83.1844

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 217, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 217, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 217, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 217, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 217, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 217, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 217, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 217, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 217, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 217,  
249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 65.9991, 68.8828, 99.4397 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 217, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
217, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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