

# Converting Colors

XYZ(65.9558, 71.1074, 93.4084)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(65.9558, 71.1074, 93.4084)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(65.8179, 70.8728,  
93.4299)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8DEF1
RGB	200, 222, 241
RGB Percent	78%, 87%, 95%
CMY	0.2157, 0.1294, 0.0549
CMYK	0.17, 0.08, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	208°, 59%, 86%
HSV	208°, 17%, 95%
XYZ	65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299
YIQ	217.5880, -19.2110, 1.2450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

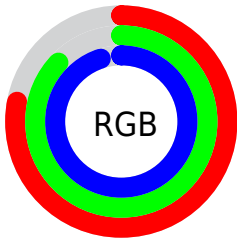
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	200, 214, 241
Decimal	13164273
CIE Lab	87.42, -3.43, -11.74
CIE LCh	87, 12.228, 253.692
Yxy	70.8728, 0.2860, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291354353 (0xFFC8DEF1)
YUV	217.5880, 11.5421, -15.4247
Hunter-Lab	84.1860, -7.7714, -6.8701

# Details

The XYZ color **65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **72.0330, 73.5339, 65.0420**, and the grayscale version is **66.2913, 69.7436, 75.9508**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **34.4297, 37.2512, 51.2745** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.0139, 62.0778, 92.1975**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.8372, 80.5896, 94.7785**.

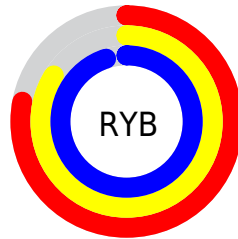
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (87%)

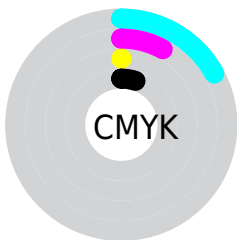
Blue (95%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (95%)

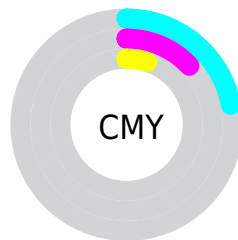


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65.8179, 70.8728,  
93.4299

■ 65.8179, 70.8728,  
93.4299

435.2243,  
463.6087, 559.9816

■ 48.3918, 52.2384,  
70.2392

112.2841,  
120.4526, 154.0705

■ 34.3498, 37.1951,  
51.2436

142.0549,  
152.1668, 192.3575

■ 23.3266, 25.3586,  
36.0244

176.6712,  
189.0097, 236.5137

■ 14.9569, 16.3444,  
24.1632

216.4985,  
231.3657, 286.9577

■ 8.8752, 9.7682,  
15.2414

261.9021,  
279.6192, 344.1079

■ 4.7163, 5.2455,  
8.8405

313.2474,

■ 2.1148, 2.3920,

334.1546, 408.3829

4.5419

370.8996,  
395.3563, 480.2013

■ 0.6973, 0.8218,  
1.9271

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5099

■ 65.8179, 70.8728,  
93.4299

■ 65.8179, 70.8728,  
93.4299

■ 57.0139, 62.0778,  
92.1975

■ 75.8372, 80.5896,  
94.7785

■ 49.3675, 54.1637,  
91.0729

■ 87.1133, 91.2496,  
96.2418

■ 42.8259, 47.0995,  
90.0541

■ 92.8774, 99.1310,  
97.4592

■ 37.3292, 40.8482,  
89.1372

■ 32.8111, 35.3695,  
88.3179

■ 29.1971, 30.6187,  
87.5913

■ 26.4003, 26.5444,  
86.9523

■ 24.3101, 23.0825,  
86.3943

■ 23.7718, 22.1397,  
86.2407

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.4333, 70.8728, 88.6626



65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299



68.6831, 70.8728, 93.6431

# Triad

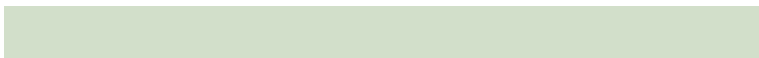
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299



72.8930, 70.8728, 73.4713



63.6054, 70.8728, 66.2493

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299



72.0330, 73.5339, 65.0420

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.0589, 70.8728, 62.7490



65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299



71.4506, 70.8728, 66.7133

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299



72.8240, 70.8728, 81.7126



68.9310, 70.8728, 62.9126



62.1811, 70.8728, 72.7959



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299



70.4845, 70.8728, 91.1452



68.9310, 70.8728, 62.9126



64.3340, 70.8728, 64.6989

# Sweetspot

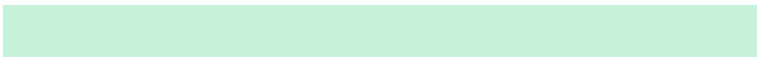
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.8200, 70.8757, 93.4315



88.6581, 93.9500, 108.0691



67.9899, 80.2768, 78.5517



18.7904, 19.9319, 23.1068



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

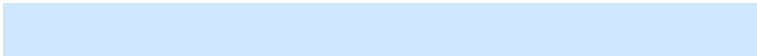


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.8200, 70.8757, 93.4315



71.6312, 77.4162, 105.7752



60.8303, 60.8963, 91.7683



15.5998, 16.6338, 20.1101



13.0272, 12.2787, 46.8113



1.1832, 1.2204, 3.9274



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.1164, 65.2849, 78.0163



77.3089, 70.2361, 85.3574



77.5540, 84.5759, 66.8824



16.1275, 15.9007, 18.2274



21.9012, 11.0329, 12.6620

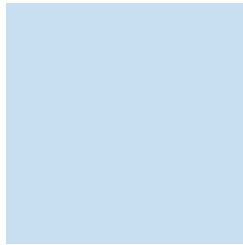


1.8722, 0.9379, 1.3178



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

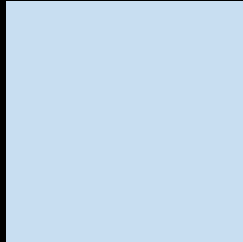
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

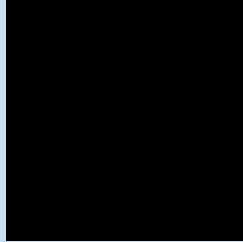
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

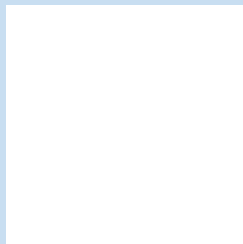
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299.



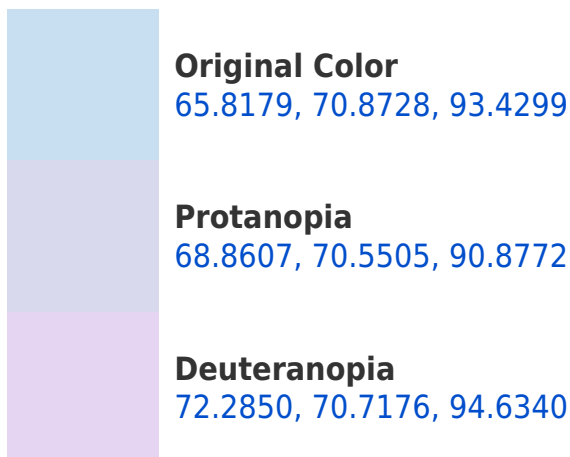
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 65.8179, 70.8728,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

65.6689, 70.8132, 92.6453

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299

## Protanomaly

67.7755, 70.7439, 91.7441

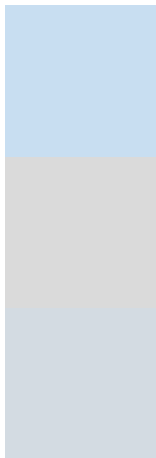
## Deuteranomaly

69.4963, 70.4280, 93.9355

## Tritanomaly

65.6689, 70.8132, 92.6453

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299

## Achromatopsia

66.6397, 70.1102, 76.3500

## Achromatomaly

65.9230, 70.0029, 81.9889

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 222, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 222, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 222, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 222, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 222, 241) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 222, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 222, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 222, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 222, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 222,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 65.8179, 70.8728, 93.4299 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 222, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
222, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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