

# Converting Colors

XYZ(65.9778, 66.2626, 72.6039)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(65.9778, 66.2626, 72.6039)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(66.0575, 66.1355,  
72.9022)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2D0D6
RGB	226, 208, 214
RGB Percent	89%, 82%, 84%
CMY	0.1137, 0.1843, 0.1608
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.05, 0.11
HSL	340°, 24%, 85%
HSV	340°, 8%, 89%
XYZ	66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022
YIQ	214.0660, 8.8020, 5.6820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

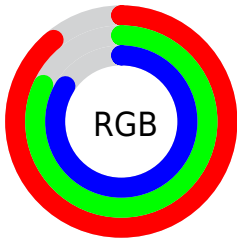
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 208, 214
Decimal	14864598
CIE Lab	85.07, 7.26, -0.72
CIE LCh	85, 7.300, 354.368
Yxy	66.1355, 0.3221, 0.3225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293054678 (0xFFE2D0D6)
YUV	214.0660, -0.0325, 10.4661
Hunter-Lab	81.3237, 2.6751, 3.7764

# Details

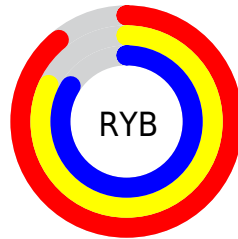
The XYZ color **66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **66.1295, 72.9716, 78.3132**, and the grayscale version is **63.9585, 67.2894, 73.2781**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **34.6082, 34.2723, 37.5921** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.0991, 55.1570, 61.5228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.9828, 78.7613, 85.4841**.

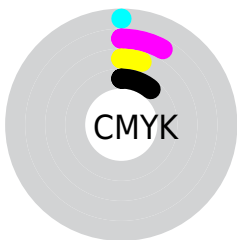
# Distribution



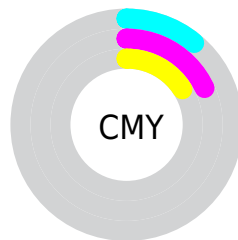
- Red (89%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



66.0575, 66.1355,  
72.9022

66.0575, 66.1355,  
72.9022

436.0679,  
446.8613, 489.7375

48.5870, 48.3824,  
53.4047

112.6261,  
113.6808, 125.0580

34.5051, 34.1298,  
37.7360

142.4549,  
144.2418, 158.5533

23.4466, 22.9933,  
25.4776

177.1339,  
179.8408, 197.5517

15.0462, 14.5886,  
16.2110

217.0283,  
220.8624, 242.4716

8.9383, 8.5312,  
9.5176

262.5035,  
267.6908, 293.7315

4.7578, 4.4367,  
4.9789

313.9250,

2.1391, 1.9207,

320.7105, 351.7502

2.1764

371.6580,  
380.3059, 416.9460

■ 0.7104, 0.5608,  
0.6607

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 66.0575, 66.1355,  
72.9022

■ 66.0575, 66.1355,  
72.9022

■ 59.0991, 55.1570,  
61.5228

■ 73.9828, 78.7613,  
85.4841

■ 53.0643, 45.7491,  
51.3052

■ 82.9052, 93.0896,  
99.2988

■ 47.9144, 37.8418,  
42.2127

■ 85.1744, 94.9090,  
108.4378

■ 43.6060, 31.3568,  
34.2049

■ 40.0919, 26.2081,  
27.2388

■ 37.3198, 22.3009,  
21.2683

■ 35.2308, 19.5271,  
16.2432

■ 33.7565, 17.7604,  
12.1081

■ 32.8030, 16.8243,  
8.7966

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.4635, 66.1355, 77.4127



66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022



65.7827, 66.1355, 68.3403

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022



61.5649, 66.1355, 64.0766



61.0367, 66.1355, 79.6197

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022



66.1295, 72.9716, 78.3132

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.0248, 66.1355, 75.8095



66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022



60.3261, 66.1355, 66.8653

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



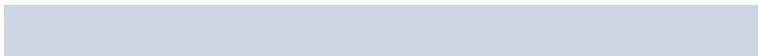
66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022



63.1705, 66.1355, 63.3737



59.7670, 66.1355, 71.1257



62.5502, 66.1355, 81.3980



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022



65.1461, 66.1355, 65.8652



59.7670, 66.1355, 71.1257



60.6276, 66.1355, 78.5263

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.0594, 66.1384, 72.9036



92.9018, 96.5720, 105.5067



65.8008, 65.8214, 81.1891



19.9073, 20.7063, 22.6184



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.0594, 66.1384, 72.9036



84.8300, 83.7486, 92.5804



66.0456, 67.3141, 69.1898



13.8947, 13.7755, 15.2155



18.6730, 9.5362, 4.9435



1.3349, 0.6772, 0.5562



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.0594, 66.1384, 72.9036



84.8300, 83.7486, 92.5804



66.1297, 71.6781, 82.3023



13.8947, 13.7755, 15.2155



18.6730, 9.5362, 4.9435

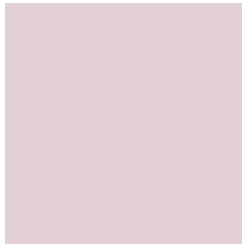


1.3349, 0.6772, 0.5562



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

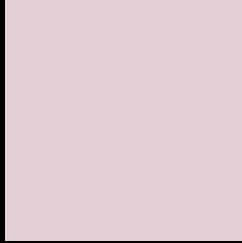
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

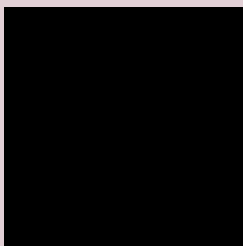
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022.



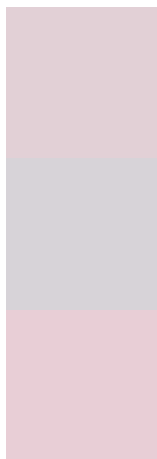
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.0575, 66.1355,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022

### Protanopia

63.7133, 65.9935, 74.3457

### Deuteranopia

67.4876, 66.1535, 72.8302



## Tritanopia

67.3107, 66.2843, 79.0585

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022

## Protanomaly

64.5258, 66.0596, 73.6399

## Deuteranomaly

67.0835, 66.3037, 72.8805

## Tritanomaly

66.9096, 66.1238, 76.9468

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022

## Achromatopsia

63.9157, 67.2443, 73.2291

## Achromatomaly

64.5945, 66.8474, 73.1167

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 208, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 208, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 208, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 208, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 208, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 208, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 208, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 208, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 208, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 208,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.0575, 66.1355, 72.9022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 208, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
208, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor