

# Converting Colors

XYZ(65.9944, 67.3582, 35.1839)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(65.9944, 67.3582, 35.1839)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(66.0407, 67.3281,  
35.1061)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7D18E
RGB	247, 209, 142
RGB Percent	97%, 82%, 56%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1804, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.43, 0.03
HSL	38°, 87%, 76%
HSV	38°, 43%, 97%
XYZ	66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061
YIQ	212.7240, 44.1550, -12.7810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

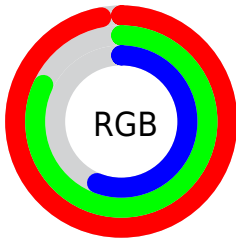
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	202, 247, 142
Decimal	16241038
CIE Lab	85.67, 4.62, 38.15
CIE LCh	86, 38.429, 83.088
Yxy	67.3281, 0.3920, 0.3996
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294431118 (0xFFFF7D18E)
YUV	212.7240, -34.8669, 30.0601
Hunter-Lab	82.0537, 0.0713, 32.0708

# Details

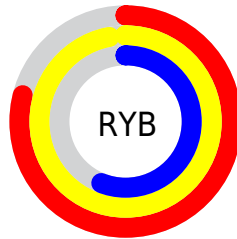
The XYZ color **66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **44.2645, 45.1070, 94.3690**, and the grayscale version is **63.2678, 66.5626, 72.4867**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.9638, 96.7655, 66.3187**, and **34.5959, 35.0168, 14.8331** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.2566, 62.4060, 25.6872**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.3621, 72.6669, 46.7327**.

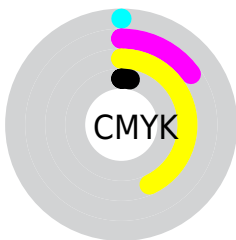
# Distribution



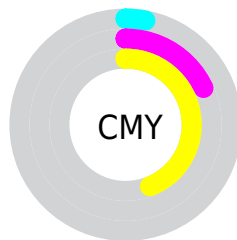
- Red (97%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



66.0407, 67.3281,  
35.1061

66.0407, 67.3281,  
35.1061

436.0088,  
451.1118, 339.9549

48.5733, 49.3513,  
23.4604

112.6022,  
115.3904, 68.8035

34.4942, 34.8982,  
14.7254

142.4269,  
146.2447, 91.6924

23.4382, 23.5845,  
8.4824

177.1014,  
182.1604, 119.1660

15.0399, 15.0257,  
4.3130

216.9911,  
223.5217, 151.6429

8.9339, 8.8374,  
1.7986

262.4614,  
270.7131, 189.5418

4.7548, 4.6353,  
0.4270

313.8775,

2.1374, 2.0349,

324.1190, 233.2810

0.0000

371.6048,  
384.1237, 283.2792

■ 0.7094, 0.6276,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 66.0407, 67.3281,  
35.1061

■ 66.0407, 67.3281,  
35.1061

■ 62.2566, 62.4060,  
25.6872

■ 70.3621, 72.6669,  
46.7327

■ 58.9753, 57.8762,  
18.3267

■ 75.2427, 78.4269,  
60.6947

■ 56.1657, 53.7255,  
12.8630

■ 80.7090, 84.6242,  
77.1153

■ 53.7901, 49.9354,  
9.1084

■ 86.7843, 91.2711,  
96.1072

■ 51.8035, 46.4844,  
6.8361

■ 91.7527, 97.6841,  
108.6268

■ 50.5203, 44.0994,  
5.8493

■ 92.1677, 98.5141,  
108.7651

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.6460, 67.3281, 41.1210



66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061



57.6159, 67.3281, 37.2997

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061



49.7224, 67.3281, 93.8882



78.4199, 67.3281, 106.2455

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061



44.2645, 45.1070, 94.3690

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.8248, 67.3281, 127.2071



66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061



54.4056, 67.3281, 119.0115

# Square

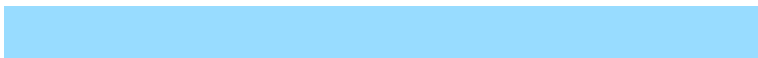
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061



48.6933, 67.3281, 67.6585



61.9887, 67.3281, 132.3455



82.2032, 67.3281, 79.2653



# Rectangle

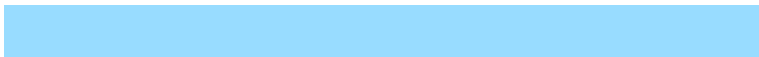
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061



53.1680, 67.3281, 43.4344



61.9887, 67.3281, 132.3455



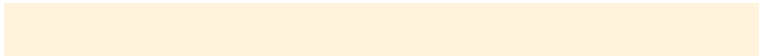
76.1965, 67.3281, 114.4581

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



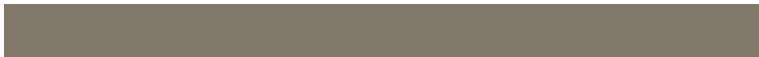
66.0424, 67.3313, 35.1075



86.4567, 90.6299, 81.9384



56.3204, 42.4365, 48.6709



18.2169, 19.0756, 16.6593



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.0424, 67.3313, 35.1075



67.4801, 67.8226, 28.9198



71.7476, 85.7981, 38.3712



17.3810, 18.2461, 17.4033



26.8582, 23.6021, 3.1401



2.4579, 2.2690, 0.3084



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.2645, 45.1070, 94.3690



41.2543, 41.0845, 100.3635



40.1724, 33.1301, 92.2729



16.0720, 16.9083, 20.9591



10.9074, 7.6086, 47.4317



1.0526, 0.8567, 4.2001



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

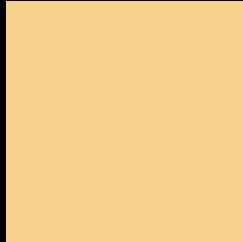
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.0407, 67.3281,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061

### Protanopia

62.3593, 67.2626, 36.0818

### Deuteranopia

68.4166, 67.0608, 37.3550



## Tritanopia

73.7931, 67.2857, 73.3881

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061

## Protanomaly

63.4265, 67.0747, 35.5904

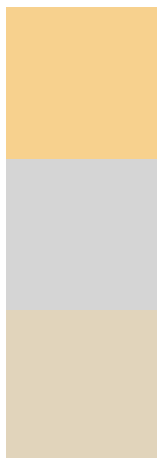
## Deuteranomaly

67.4045, 66.9134, 36.5571

## Tritanomaly

70.2167, 66.8519, 56.7798

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

63.5645, 66.6824, 56.5345

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 209, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 209, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 209, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 209, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 209, 142) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 209, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 209, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 209, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 209, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 209,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.0407, 67.3281, 35.1061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 209, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
209, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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