

Converting Colors

XYZ(66.0765, 68.1445, 83.0704)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(66.0765, 68.1445, 83.0704)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(66.0745, 68.1416,
83.0689)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7D6E4
RGB	215, 214, 228
RGB Percent	84%, 84%, 89%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1608, 0.1059
CMYK	0.06, 0.06, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	244°, 21%, 87%
HSV	244°, 6%, 89%
XYZ	66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689
YIQ	215.8950, -3.8980, 4.5660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

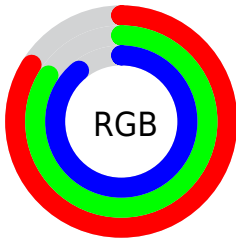
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 214, 228
Decimal	14145252
CIE Lab	86.08, 2.94, -6.75
CIE LCh	86, 7.367, 293.538
Yxy	68.1416, 0.3041, 0.3136
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292335332 (0xFFD7D6E4)
YUV	215.8950, 5.9678, -0.7849
Hunter-Lab	82.5479, -1.5807, -1.8806

Details

The XYZ color **66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **71.5619, 76.6745, 74.6495**, and the grayscale version is **65.1630, 68.5565, 74.6581**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **34.4382, 35.2870, 44.5311** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.8827, 54.3988, 81.0072**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.8827, 83.9204, 85.4405**.

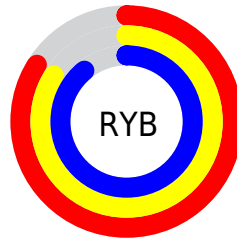
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (84%)

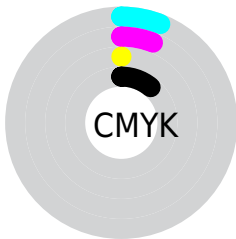
Blue (89%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (89%)

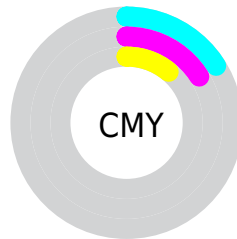


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.0745, 68.1416,
83.0689

■ 66.0745, 68.1416,
83.0689

436.1277,
453.9975, 525.1931

■ 48.6008, 50.0129,
61.7061

112.6504,
116.5547, 139.5221

■ 34.5162, 35.4237,
44.3610

142.4833,
147.6079, 175.4494

■ 23.4552, 23.9894,
30.6151

177.1667,
183.7381, 217.0688

■ 15.0525, 15.3258,
20.0499

217.0658,
225.3297, 264.7985

■ 8.9428, 9.0483,
12.2469

262.5462,
272.7670, 319.0573

■ 4.7607, 4.7727,
6.7875

313.9730,

■ 2.1409, 2.1145,

326.4345, 380.2637

3.2531

371.7118,
386.7165, 448.8361

■ 0.7113, 0.6728,
1.2253

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 66.0745, 68.1416,
83.0689

■ 66.0745, 68.1416,
83.0689

■ 54.8827, 54.3988,
81.0072

■ 78.8827, 83.9204,
85.4405

■ 45.2375, 42.6008,
79.2383

■ 91.0038, 98.3815,
87.5929

■ 37.0724, 32.6623,
77.7503

■ 30.3142, 24.4883,
76.5288

■ 24.8830, 17.9756,
75.5580

■ 20.6913, 13.0099,
74.8204

■ 17.6408, 9.4628,
74.2965

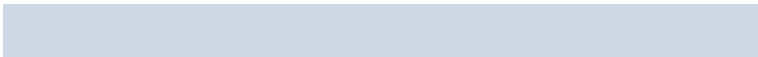
■ 15.6182, 7.1848,
73.9634

■ 14.4860, 5.9920,
73.7929

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.4011, 68.1416, 83.8433



66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689



67.4185, 68.1416, 79.8709

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689



66.7193, 68.1416, 66.9505



61.5873, 68.1416, 73.1509

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689



71.5619, 76.6745, 74.6495

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.1851, 68.1416, 68.7939



66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689



65.1334, 68.1416, 65.3161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689



67.7953, 68.1416, 70.5355



63.4760, 68.1416, 65.9760



61.8294, 68.1416, 77.9781

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689



67.9369, 68.1416, 76.8665



63.4760, 68.1416, 65.9760



61.6964, 68.1416, 71.5854

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.0765, 68.1445, 83.0704



91.7233, 95.9017, 108.2843



69.2245, 74.8739, 84.2034



19.6674, 20.5698, 23.1837



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.0765, 68.1445, 83.0704



83.7792, 86.1255, 106.8160



68.1563, 69.2167, 83.1677



14.1605, 14.5296, 18.2025



8.2480, 3.3179, 42.5889



0.6430, 0.2625, 3.1487

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.9089, 70.1361, 82.5293



89.4136, 89.0536, 106.0146



69.4184, 75.5694, 74.5492



15.1900, 15.0647, 18.0555



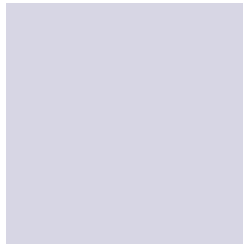
25.3383, 12.2695, 37.0059



1.8858, 0.9120, 2.8050

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

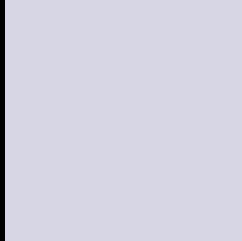
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

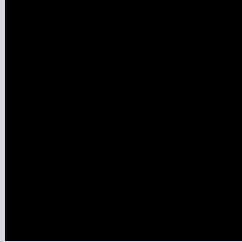
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

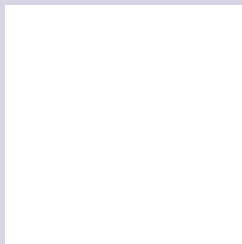
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689.

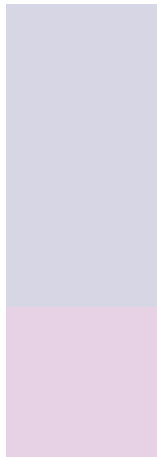


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.0745, 68.1416,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689

Protanopia

66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689

Deuteranopia

69.5764, 68.0811, 83.6026



Tritanopia

66.3538, 68.2534, 84.5399

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689

Protanomaly

66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689

Deuteranomaly

68.4885, 68.2532, 83.6932

Tritanomaly

66.2138, 68.1974, 83.8023

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689

Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800

Achromatomaly

65.5376, 68.3671, 77.4521

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(215, 214, 228) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 214, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 214, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 214, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

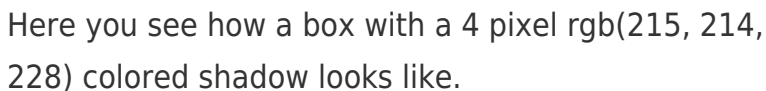
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 214, 228) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 214, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 214, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 214, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 214, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 214, 228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.0745, 68.1416, 83.0689 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 214, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
214, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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