

# Converting Colors

XYZ(66.0807, 65.0925, 65.6364)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(66.0807, 65.0925, 65.6364)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(66.2151, 65.2981,  
65.6138)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | E9CDCB                    |
| RGB           | 233, 205, 203             |
| RGB Percent   | 91%, 80%, 80%             |
| CMY           | 0.0863, 0.1961, 0.2039    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.12, 0.13, 0.09    |
| HSL           | 4°, 41%, 85%              |
| HSV           | 4°, 13%, 91%              |
| XYZ           | 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138 |
| YIQ           | 213.1440, 17.3300, 5.3140 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

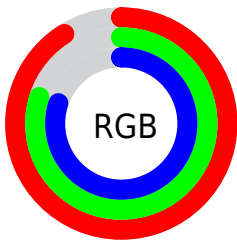
| Format                              | Color                         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 233, 205, 203                 |
| Decimal                             | 15322571                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 84.64, 9.46, 4.58             |
| CIE LCh                             | 85, 10.514, 25.834            |
| Yxy                                 | 65.2981, 0.3359,<br>0.3312    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4293512651<br>(0xFFE9CDCB)    |
| YUV                                 | 213.1440, -5.0010,<br>17.4137 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 80.8072, 4.8539,<br>8.4228    |

# Details

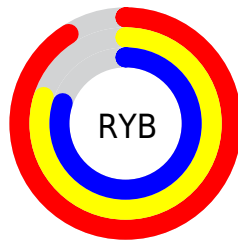
The XYZ color **66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **67.9121, 75.7300, 88.1295**, and the grayscale version is **63.3680, 66.6681, 72.6015**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **34.6229, 33.6503, 33.1041** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.8000, 54.5821, 50.4570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.7740, 77.6324, 83.2122**.

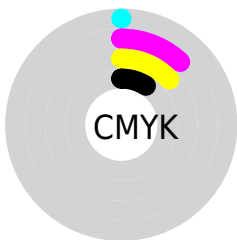
# Distribution



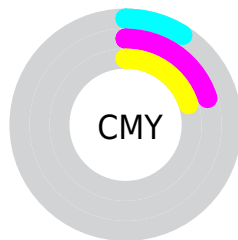
- Red (91%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



66.2151, 65.2981,  
65.6138

66.2151, 65.2981,  
65.6138

436.6223,  
443.8624, 463.3609

48.7154, 47.7028,  
47.5045

112.8510,  
112.4783, 114.5536

34.6074, 33.5916,  
33.0774

142.7179,  
142.8321, 146.2211

23.5257, 22.5800,  
21.9142

177.4380,  
178.2075, 183.2450

15.1050, 14.2837,  
13.5961

217.3765,  
218.9888, 226.0440

8.9799, 8.3183,  
7.7048

262.8988,  
265.5606, 275.0366

4.7851, 4.2993,  
3.8216

314.3703,

2.1552, 1.8423,

318.3072, 330.6412

1.5280

372.1563,  
377.6130, 393.2765

■ 0.7189, 0.5134,  
0.2386

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 66.2151, 65.2981,  
65.6138

■ 66.2151, 65.2981,  
65.6138

■ 58.8000, 54.5821,  
50.4570

■ 74.7740, 77.6324,  
83.2122

■ 52.4751, 45.4091,  
37.6300

■ 84.5165, 91.6391,  
103.3490

■ 47.1905, 37.7106,  
27.0186

■ 87.4146, 96.0638,  
108.5427

■ 42.8904, 31.4096,  
18.4972

■ 39.5138, 26.4222,  
11.9277

■ 36.9927, 22.6555,  
7.1553

■ 35.2499, 20.0044,  
4.0020

■ 34.1941, 18.3460,  
2.2530

■ 33.7835, 17.6816,  
1.6323

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.6746, 65.2981, 72.0417



66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138



64.6330, 65.2981, 60.9316

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138



58.4042, 65.2981, 64.0842



61.7366, 65.2981, 84.7839

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138



67.9121, 75.7300, 88.1295

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.5638, 65.2981, 82.3378



66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138



57.6708, 65.2981, 70.1637

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138



60.1180, 65.2981, 60.0883



58.0899, 65.2981, 76.8807



64.0513, 65.2981, 83.3777



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138



63.1749, 65.2981, 59.2886



58.0899, 65.2981, 76.8807



60.9659, 65.2981, 84.3810

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.2169, 65.3010, 65.6152



90.4892, 93.4369, 99.4920



69.3848, 65.8059, 84.6468



19.1904, 19.7431, 20.9287



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.2169, 65.3010, 65.6152



79.1431, 77.0793, 76.1818



69.9777, 72.8227, 66.8688



15.1463, 15.2155, 15.6573



19.2004, 10.0951, 0.9366



1.5361, 0.8495, 0.0830

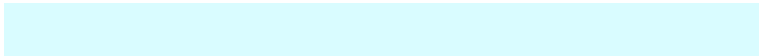


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.9121, 75.7300, 88.1295



81.5412, 91.8338, 108.0358



63.8933, 67.6923, 86.7899



15.4265, 16.9395, 19.3788



22.5251, 31.6973, 48.6740



1.7948, 2.5410, 3.8307



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

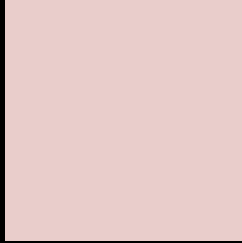
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

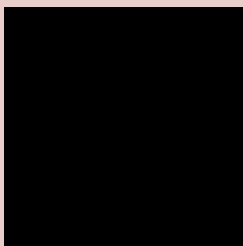
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138.



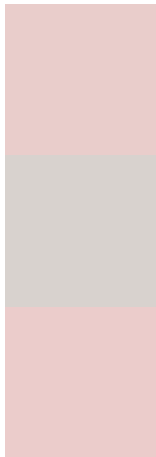
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.2151, 65.2981,

65.6138.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138

### Protanopia

62.5061, 65.1483, 67.6730

### Deuteranopia

66.6333, 65.1597, 65.5650



## Tritanopia

68.2718, 65.4360, 75.3618

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138

## Protanomaly

63.6995, 65.0491, 66.9560

## Deuteranomaly

66.3040, 64.9900, 65.5496

## Tritanomaly

67.5348, 65.4823, 72.0307

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

64.0704, 65.9123, 69.6671

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 205, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 205, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 205, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 205, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 205, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 205, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 205, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 205, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 205, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 205,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.2151, 65.2981, 65.6138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 205, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
205, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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