

# Converting Colors

XYZ(66.1140, 68.3056, 77.4308)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(66.1140, 68.3056, 77.4308)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(66.1783, 68.3205,  
77.4094)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBD6DC
RGB	219, 214, 220
RGB Percent	86%, 84%, 86%
CMY	0.1412, 0.1608, 0.1372
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	290°, 8%, 85%
HSV	290°, 3%, 86%
XYZ	66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094
YIQ	216.1790, 1.0540, 2.9260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

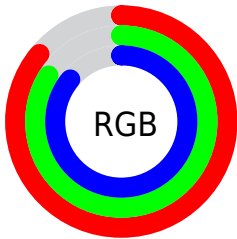
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
RYB	219, 214, 220
Decimal	14407388
CIELab	86.17, 2.79, -2.35
CIElCh	86, 3.649, 319.859
Yxy	68.3205, 0.3123, 0.3224
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292597468 (0xFFDBD6DC)
YUV	216.1790, 1.8838, 2.4740
Hunter-Lab	82.6562, -1.7332, 2.3329

# Details

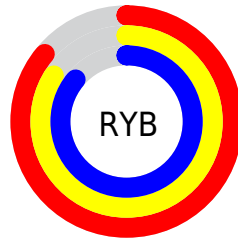
The XYZ color **66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **65.7576, 70.4903, 73.7619**, and the grayscale version is **65.3810, 68.7859, 74.9078**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **34.4995, 35.4054, 40.6129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.8915, 57.3664, 75.6274**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.2453, 80.7969, 79.4461**.

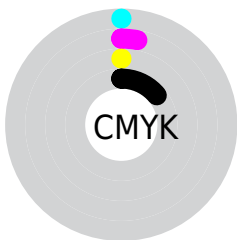
# Distribution



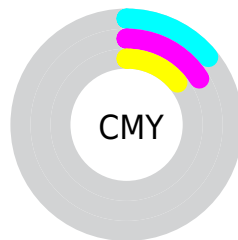
- Red (86%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 66.1783, 68.3205,  
77.4094

■ 66.1783, 68.3205,  
77.4094

436.4929,  
454.6307, 505.6334

■ 48.6854, 50.1585,  
57.0754

112.7985,  
116.8105, 131.4955

■ 34.5835, 35.5394,  
40.6560

142.6565,  
147.9074, 166.0847

■ 23.5072, 24.0787,  
27.7327

177.3670,  
184.0846, 206.2627

■ 15.0912, 15.3920,  
17.8870

217.2952,  
225.7266, 252.4480

■ 8.9702, 9.0949,  
10.7003

262.8065,  
273.2179, 305.0592

■ 4.7787, 4.8032,  
5.7540

314.2663,

■ 2.1514, 2.1322,

326.9427, 364.5148

2.6297

372.0400,  
387.2855, 431.2334

■ 0.7169, 0.6827,  
0.9078

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 66.1783, 68.3205,  
77.4094

■ 66.1783, 68.3205,  
77.4094

■ 59.8915, 57.3664,  
75.6274

■ 73.2453, 80.7969,  
79.4461

■ 54.3490, 47.8659,  
74.0858

■ 80.1488, 92.9109,  
81.4205

■ 49.5205, 39.7580,  
72.7753

■ 81.3138, 93.5115,  
81.4751

■ 45.3718, 32.9740,  
71.6845

■ 82.5036, 94.1249,  
81.5307

41.8652, 27.4393,  
70.8010

83.7184, 94.7511,  
81.5876

38.9598, 23.0717,  
70.1111

84.9582, 95.3903,  
81.6456

36.6093, 19.7795,  
69.5995

86.2233, 96.0424,  
81.7048

34.7607, 17.4566,  
69.2486

87.5137, 96.7077,  
81.7652

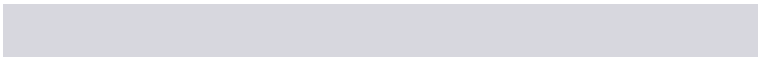
33.3501, 15.9754,  
69.0370

88.8296, 97.3861,  
81.8268

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.4864, 68.3205, 78.8223



66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094



66.5384, 68.3205, 75.2063

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094



65.2212, 68.3205, 69.9312



63.4303, 68.3205, 75.9708

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094



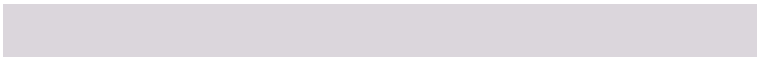
65.7576, 70.4903, 73.7619

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.3607, 68.3205, 73.5785



66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094



64.3898, 68.3205, 70.1259

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094



65.9827, 68.3205, 70.9113



63.7105, 68.3205, 71.4490



63.9016, 68.3205, 77.9794



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094



66.5398, 68.3205, 73.6007



63.7105, 68.3205, 71.4490



63.3593, 68.3205, 75.1837

# Sweetspot

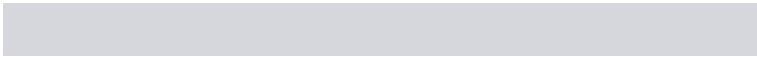
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.1803, 68.3234, 77.4109



94.0856, 98.3032, 108.6233



64.9786, 68.1184, 77.4346



20.1484, 21.0588, 23.2528



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.1803, 68.3234, 77.4109



92.1902, 94.9747, 108.0807



66.2319, 68.3789, 76.1078



14.1706, 14.5212, 16.7081



19.1684, 9.0058, 40.4664



1.2996, 0.6132, 2.6243



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.8299, 68.2182, 73.9911



91.6484, 94.8120, 102.7868



65.7089, 70.4370, 75.0332



14.0667, 14.4901, 15.6899



17.5429, 9.0182, 1.9729

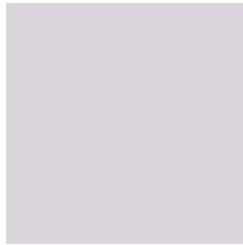


1.1641, 0.5953, 0.2733



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

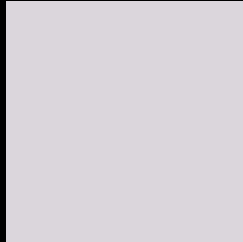
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

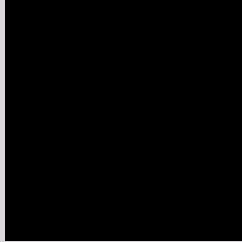
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

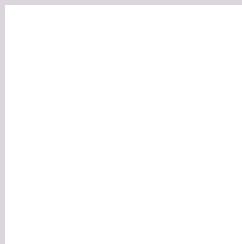
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094.



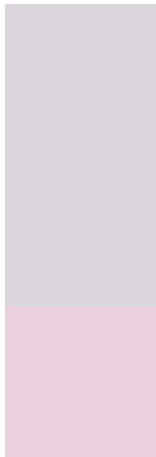
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.1783, 68.3205,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094

### Protanopia

65.8783, 68.1659, 77.3953

### Deuteranopia

69.7833, 68.3138, 77.9145



## Tritanopia

67.4523, 68.4613, 83.7880

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094

## Protanomaly

65.8783, 68.1659, 77.3953

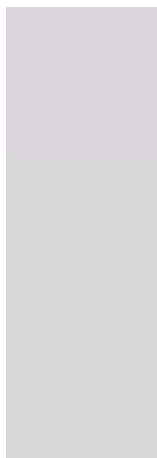
## Deuteranomaly

68.6585, 68.4670, 78.0034

## Tritanomaly

67.0369, 68.2951, 81.6006

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094

## Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800

## Achromatomaly

65.4401, 68.3623, 75.3918

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(219, 214, 220) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 214, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 214, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 214, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 214, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 214, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 214, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 214, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 214, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 214,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.1783, 68.3205, 77.4094 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 214, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
214, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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