

# Converting Colors

XYZ(66.2598, 56.6813,  
147.5006)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(66.2598, 56.6813, 147.5006)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(57.6471, 53.3873,  
101.8742)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2B9FF
RGB	194, 185, 255
RGB Percent	76%, 73%, 100%
CMY	0.2392, 0.2745, 0.0000
CMYK	0.24, 0.27, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	248°, 100%, 86%
HSV	248°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742
YIQ	195.6710, -17.1060, 23.6780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

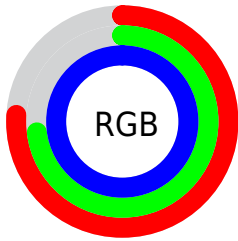
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">194, 185, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12761599</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">78.10, 17.62, -33.37</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">78, 37.733, 297.837</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">53.3873, 0.2708, 0.2508</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290951679</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC2B9FF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">195.6710, 29.2492, -1.4655</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">73.0666, 12.9639, -31.5193</a>

# Details

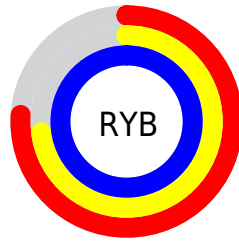
The XYZ color **57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **82.5239, 94.6160, 59.8145**, and the grayscale version is **52.1116, 54.8255, 59.7050**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.2890, 90.6398, 107.3969**, and **29.0918, 26.0687, 56.9245** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.5003, 40.9359, 100.0056**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.6066, 68.1957, 104.1022**.

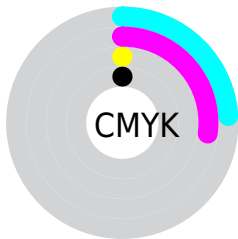
# Distribution



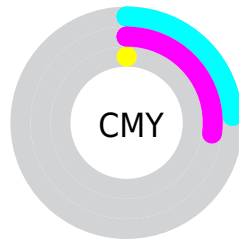
- Red (76%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 57.6471, 53.3873,  
101.8742

■ 57.6471, 53.3873,  
101.8742

405.8448,  
399.7693, 587.4829

■ 41.7672, 38.1120,  
77.2411

■ 100.5347, 95.1740,  
165.8047

■ 29.1093, 26.0697,  
56.9380

128.2731,  
122.4543, 205.9391

■ 19.3082, 16.8758,  
40.5465

160.6950,  
154.5050, 252.0778

■ 11.9985, 10.1459,  
27.6478

198.1657,  
191.7106, 304.6392

■ 6.8149, 5.4958,  
17.8236

241.0508,  
234.4554, 364.0418

■ 3.3919, 2.5410,  
10.6553

289.7154,

■ 1.3642, 0.8971,

283.1239, 430.7043

5.7243

344.5249,  
338.1003, 505.0451

■ 0.2305, 0.0000,  
2.6121

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8987

■ 57.6471, 53.3873,  
101.8742

■ 57.6471, 53.3873,  
101.8742

■ 47.5003, 40.9359,  
100.0056

■ 69.6066, 68.1957,  
104.1022

■ 39.0724, 30.7137,  
98.4767

■ 83.4566, 85.4678,  
106.7060

■ 32.2687, 22.5898,  
97.2673

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 26.9829, 16.4174,  
96.3545

■ 23.0962, 12.0306,  
95.7126

■ 20.4710, 9.2350,  
95.3113

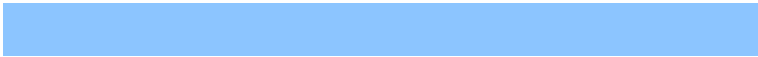
■ 18.9367, 7.7819,  
95.1117

■ 18.6703, 7.5398,  
95.0790

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.2104, 53.3873, 108.8057



57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742



63.6998, 53.3873, 82.5024

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742



58.6610, 53.3873, 30.1126



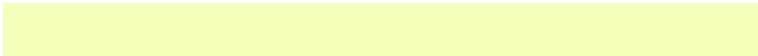
37.8666, 53.3873, 56.6123

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742



82.5239, 94.6160, 59.8145

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.6743, 53.3873, 39.1026



57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742



51.2794, 53.3873, 26.2909

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742



64.3239, 53.3873, 41.1737



44.4134, 53.3873, 29.1360



39.2224, 53.3873, 79.1990



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742



65.8834, 53.3873, 67.1004



44.4134, 53.3873, 29.1360



38.1204, 53.3873, 49.9964

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.6487, 53.3894, 101.8745



82.6434, 84.4507, 106.5526



71.2685, 83.9547, 107.0564



17.2200, 17.4896, 22.7182



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.6487, 53.3894, 101.8745



51.7978, 46.1939, 100.7940



67.4481, 58.4412, 102.3331



17.2200, 17.4896, 22.7182



9.8223, 3.9741, 49.6840



1.0209, 0.4202, 4.8406



# Inverse Universe

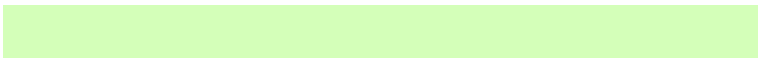
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.2246, 62.6135, 95.3106



72.1313, 56.8719, 92.9082



71.6215, 88.9956, 59.3042



18.6862, 18.2578, 22.2309



28.4927, 13.8864, 37.5745

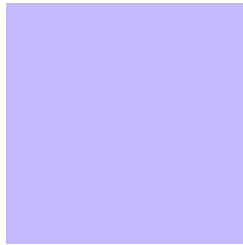


2.8011, 1.3628, 3.7999



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

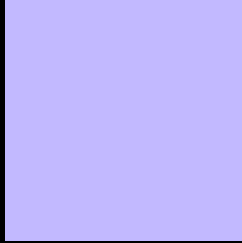
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

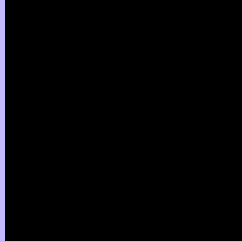
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742.



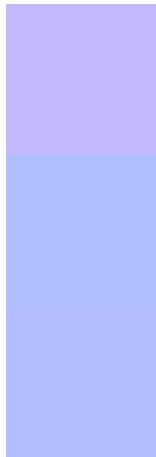
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 57.6471, 53.3873,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742

### Protanopia

54.3600, 53.5956, 102.0876

### Deuteranopia

54.8933, 53.5664, 101.2121



## Tritanopia

50.8080, 53.5013, 67.9705

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742

## Protanomaly

55.5390, 53.5603, 102.0187

## Deuteranomaly

55.6398, 53.3125, 101.1237

## Tritanomaly

53.0973, 53.4440, 79.4687

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742

## Achromatopsia

52.4687, 55.2011, 60.1140

## Achromatomaly

53.8797, 54.3111, 73.2890

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 185, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 185, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 185, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 185, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 185, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 185, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 185, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 185, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 185, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 185, 255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 57.6471, 53.3873, 101.8742 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 185, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
185, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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