

# Converting Colors

XYZ(66.4895, 71.1957, 62.9651)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(66.4895, 71.1957, 62.9651)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(66.4117, 71.0649,  
63.0400)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0DCC5
RGB	224, 220, 197
RGB Percent	88%, 86%, 77%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1372, 0.2274
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.12, 0.12
HSL	51°, 30%, 83%
HSV	51°, 12%, 88%
XYZ	66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400
YIQ	218.5740, 9.7670, -6.3050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

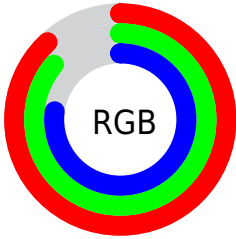
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">202, 224, 197</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14736581</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.52, -2.51, 11.78</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">88, 12.049, 102.022</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">71.0649, 0.3312, 0.3544</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292926661</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFE0DCC5</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">218.5740, -10.6360, 4.7586</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">84.3000, -6.9024, 14.6726</a>

# Details

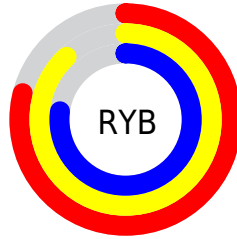
The XYZ color **66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.3671, 59.0244, 78.8909**, and the grayscale version is **67.1051, 70.5998, 76.8831**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.8894, 99.9358, 108.0543**, and **34.7752, 37.3285, 31.3589** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.1727, 68.3934, 50.2243**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.0532, 73.9298, 77.8732**.

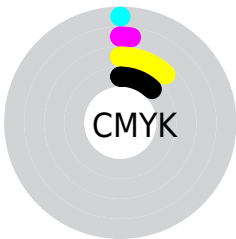
# Distribution



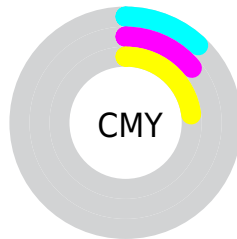
- Red (88%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 66.4117, 71.0649,  
63.0400

■ 66.4117, 71.0649,  
63.0400

437.3133,  
464.2803, 453.8266

■ 48.8756, 52.3952,  
45.4324

113.1315,  
120.7261, 110.8133

■ 34.7350, 37.3201,  
31.4527

143.0459,  
152.4864, 141.8161

■ 23.6243, 25.4555,  
20.6825

177.8172,  
189.3790, 178.1211

■ 15.1784, 16.4167,  
12.7031

217.8106,  
231.7883, 220.1467

■ 9.0318, 9.8195,  
7.0961

263.3916,  
280.0987, 268.3115

■ 4.8192, 5.2795,  
3.4429

314.9254,

■ 2.1752, 2.4121,

334.6945, 323.0340

1.3250

372.7776,  
395.9603, 384.7329

■ 0.7296, 0.8321,  
0.0821

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 66.4117, 71.0649,  
63.0400

■ 66.4117, 71.0649,  
63.0400

■ 63.1727, 68.3934,  
50.2243

■ 70.0532, 73.9298,  
77.8732

■ 60.3137, 65.8989,  
39.3333

■ 74.1074, 76.9851,  
94.8023

■ 57.8184, 63.5772,  
30.2736

■ 77.0736, 79.6331,  
105.9163

■ 55.6672, 61.4203,  
22.9422

■ 78.0046, 81.4952,  
106.2266

53.8385, 59.4194,  
17.2261

78.9532, 83.3925,  
106.5428

52.3082, 57.5646,  
12.9986

79.9196, 85.3252,  
106.8649

51.0485, 55.8447,  
10.1140

80.9039, 87.2937,  
107.1930

50.0262, 54.2463,  
8.3977

81.9060, 89.2979,  
107.5271

49.3395, 53.0451,  
7.6382

82.9261, 91.3382,  
107.8671

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.2481, 71.0649, 63.4083



66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400



63.9479, 71.0649, 66.3099

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400



63.5611, 71.0649, 88.3494



72.8846, 71.0649, 82.3159

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400



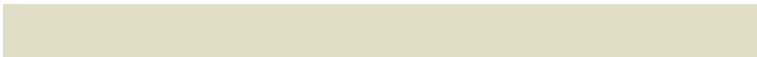
57.3671, 59.0244, 78.8909

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.2747, 71.0649, 89.6130



66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400



65.8702, 71.0649, 93.2612

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400



62.3333, 71.0649, 80.6879



68.6912, 71.0649, 93.7393



73.0395, 71.0649, 74.1591



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400



62.8270, 71.0649, 70.2562



68.6912, 71.0649, 93.7393



72.4936, 71.0649, 84.9646

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.4136, 71.0680, 63.0415



92.9713, 98.4011, 100.3194



61.2561, 60.0002, 63.6429



19.8182, 20.9985, 21.1380



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.4136, 71.0680, 63.0415



88.1635, 94.5858, 80.8353



64.6268, 71.7223, 63.2620



14.6899, 15.6657, 14.5563



28.7857, 31.0092, 4.4682



2.0429, 2.2447, 0.3256



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.3671, 59.0244, 78.8909



74.1663, 75.9518, 105.3589



59.0004, 58.5017, 78.7039



13.1149, 13.5690, 17.3155



8.2017, 3.8730, 41.3637

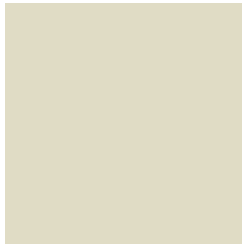


0.6207, 0.3728, 2.8845



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

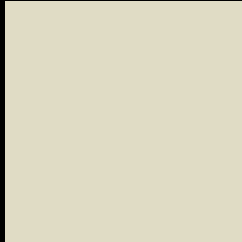
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

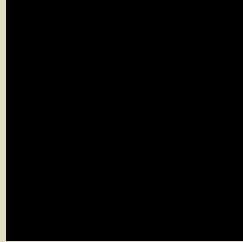
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

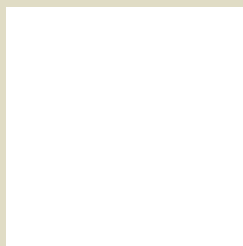
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.4117, 71.0649,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400

### Protanopia

67.6084, 71.3066, 62.4248

### Deuteranopia

72.3145, 70.6685, 63.8618



## **Tritanopia**

71.1790, 71.0851, 86.3132

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400

## Protanomaly

66.9739, 70.9795, 62.3951

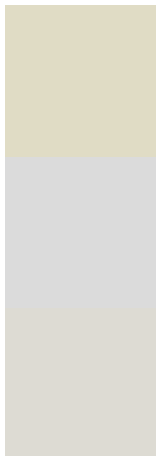
## Deuteranomaly

69.8362, 70.5211, 63.3572

## Tritanomaly

69.2776, 71.0711, 77.0846

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400

## Achromatopsia

67.3311, 70.8376, 77.1421

## Achromatomaly

66.9082, 70.7383, 71.7554

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 220, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 220, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 220, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 220, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 220, 197) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 220, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 220, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 220, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 220, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 220,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.4117, 71.0649, 63.0400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 220, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
220, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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