

# Converting Colors

XYZ(66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(66.5569, 58.4156,  
82.6303)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDB9E6
RGB	237, 185, 230
RGB Percent	93%, 73%, 90%
CMY	0.0706, 0.2745, 0.0980
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.03, 0.07
HSL	308°, 59%, 83%
HSV	308°, 22%, 93%
XYZ	66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303
YIQ	205.6780, 16.5470, 25.0190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

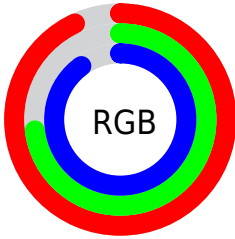
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 185, 230
Decimal	15579622
CIE Lab	80.97, 26.03, -15.24
CIE LCh	81, 30.166, 329.658
Yxy	58.4156, 0.3206, 0.2814
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293769702 (0xFFEDB9E6)
YUV	205.6780, 11.9907, 27.4694
Hunter-Lab	76.4301, 21.6888, -10.5987

# Details

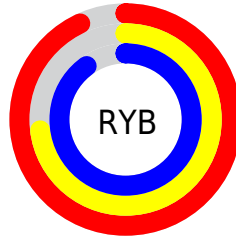
The XYZ color **66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **59.8085, 74.6901, 61.1368**, and the grayscale version is **58.3803, 61.4206, 66.8871**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7453, 91.3906, 107.4651**, and **34.8123, 29.1123, 43.8288** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.5627, 49.1369, 78.7756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.3892, 69.3555, 86.8062**.

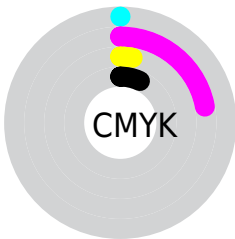
# Distribution



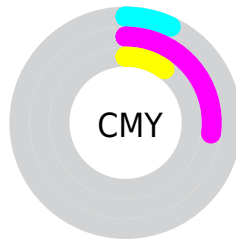
- Red (93%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



66.5569, 58.4156,  
82.6303

66.5569, 58.4156,  
82.6303

437.8232,  
418.7328, 523.6923

48.9940, 42.1429,  
61.3464

113.3386,  
102.5278, 138.9021

34.8292, 29.2132,  
44.0724

143.2880,  
131.1361, 174.7271

23.6973, 19.2421,  
30.3898

178.0971,  
164.6250, 216.2363

15.2327, 11.8454,  
19.8801

218.1310,  
203.3789, 263.8480

9.0703, 6.6385,  
12.1247

263.7553,  
247.7823, 317.9809

4.8445, 3.2371,  
6.7051

315.3352,

2.1901, 1.2567,

298.2194, 379.0536

3.2027

373.2360,  
355.0748, 447.4845

■ 0.7375, 0.1073,  
1.1991

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 66.5569, 58.4156,  
82.6303

■ 66.5569, 58.4156,  
82.6303

■ 61.5627, 49.1369,  
78.7756

■ 72.3892, 69.3555,  
86.8062

■ 57.3604, 41.4298,  
75.2244

■ 79.0924, 82.0250,  
91.3124

■ 53.9073, 35.2080,  
71.9630

■ 86.3503, 95.7907,  
96.0444

■ 51.1544, 30.3738,  
68.9748

■ 86.8275, 95.9816,  
98.5573

49.0470, 26.8179,  
66.2414

87.3131, 96.1758,  
101.1143

47.5222, 24.4143,  
63.7416

87.8071, 96.3734,  
103.7156

46.5042, 23.0117,  
61.4499

88.3095, 96.5744,  
106.3614

45.9563, 22.4171,  
59.7219

88.7355, 96.7447,  
108.6045

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.6858, 58.4156, 98.4596



66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303



68.4322, 58.4156, 63.8104

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303



55.5941, 58.4156, 35.0145



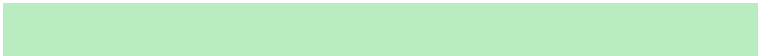
45.7170, 58.4156, 82.2072

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303



59.8085, 74.6901, 61.1368

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.3476, 58.4156, 63.3994



66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303



49.7836, 58.4156, 38.1319

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303



61.8192, 58.4156, 38.2782



45.7801, 58.4156, 47.7495



49.6681, 58.4156, 98.1849



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303



67.6301, 58.4156, 52.7113



45.7801, 58.4156, 47.7495



44.9533, 58.4156, 75.9040

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.5587, 58.4182, 82.6315



89.2331, 88.9815, 105.0642



54.3589, 52.0131, 87.2963



18.9974, 18.8528, 22.4193



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.5587, 58.4182, 82.6315



76.0191, 64.1846, 95.6306



63.1831, 57.0680, 64.8562



15.6225, 15.2768, 18.5633



25.1259, 12.2530, 32.7940



1.9972, 0.9718, 2.7024



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.5587, 58.4182, 82.6315



76.0191, 64.1846, 95.6306



62.9400, 75.9427, 77.6270



15.6225, 15.2768, 18.5633



25.1259, 12.2530, 32.7940

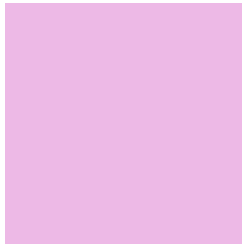


1.9972, 0.9718, 2.7024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

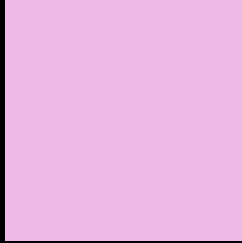
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

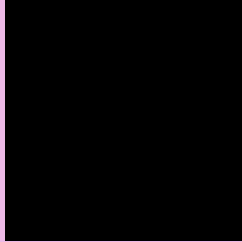
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.5569, 58.4156,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303

### Protanopia

58.3748, 58.9373, 90.7374

### Deuteranopia

59.7559, 58.4912, 81.5392



## Tritanopia

62.9168, 58.5102, 65.1043

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303



## Protanomaly

60.9499, 58.6417, 87.4634



## Deuteranomaly

62.2059, 58.4165, 82.1256



## Tritanomaly

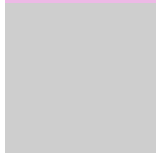
63.9251, 58.2630, 70.8274

# Monochromacy



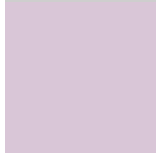
## Original Color

66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303



## Achromatopsia

58.6655, 61.7207, 67.2138



## Achromatomaly

61.0751, 60.0462, 72.6610

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 185, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 185, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 185, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 185, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 185, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 185, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 185, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 185, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 185, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 185,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.5569, 58.4156, 82.6303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 185, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
185, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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