

# Converting Colors

XYZ(66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(66.6542, 67.8640,  
25.2088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED171
RGB	254, 209, 113
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 44%
CMY	0.0039, 0.1804, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.56, 0.00
HSL	41°, 99%, 72%
HSV	41°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088
YIQ	211.5110, 57.6360, -20.3160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

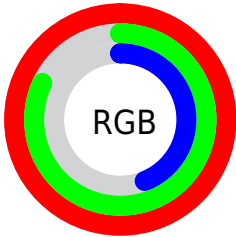
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">179, 254, 113</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16699761</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.94, 4.83, 52.95</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">86, 53.168, 84.786</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">67.8640, 0.4173, 0.4249</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294889841</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF FED171</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">211.5110, -48.5659, 37.2629</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">82.3796, 0.2619, 39.5225</a>

# Details

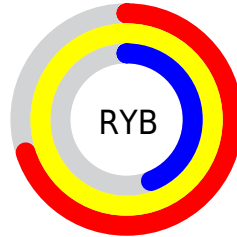
The XYZ color **66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **36.9259, 35.1190, 98.5981**, and the grayscale version is **62.5414, 65.7984, 71.6545**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.9751, 95.5700, 50.5801**, and **34.8118, 35.2489, 9.3838** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.4816, 63.4961, 18.0566**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.3313, 72.6009, 34.5044**.

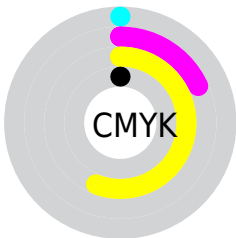
# Distribution



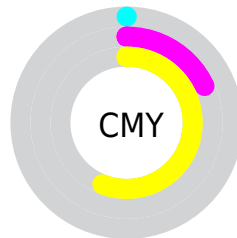
- Red (100%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 66.6542, 67.8640,  
25.2088


 66.6542, 67.8640,  
25.2088


438.1647,  
453.0140, 292.3571

 49.0733, 49.7871,  
16.0123


 113.4773,  
116.1576, 52.9641

 34.8924, 35.2443,  
9.3784


 143.4503,  
147.1430, 72.3599

 23.7461, 23.8511,  
4.8886


 178.2846,  
183.2001, 95.9925

 15.2691, 15.2232,  
2.1245

218.3457,  
224.7132, 124.2805

 9.0960, 8.9762,  
0.6303

263.9989,  
272.0668, 157.6424

 4.8615, 4.7257,  
0.0000

315.6096,

 2.2001, 2.0872,

325.6452, 196.4968

0.0000

373.5431,  
385.8328, 241.2622

■ 0.7428, 0.6574,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 66.6542, 67.8640,  
25.2088

■ 66.6542, 67.8640,  
25.2088

■ 63.4816, 63.4961,  
18.0566

■ 70.3313, 72.6009,  
34.5044

■ 60.7729, 59.4706,  
12.8626

■ 74.5399, 77.7119,  
46.0998

■ 58.4881, 55.7717,  
9.4164

■ 79.3106, 83.2143,  
60.1414

■ 56.5761, 52.3766,  
7.4568

■ 84.6698, 89.1209,  
76.7621

■ 55.8063, 50.9374,  
6.8906

■ 90.6422, 95.4436,  
96.0852

94.6829, 99.8108,  
108.8828

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.9688, 67.8640, 31.5301



66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088



55.1760, 67.8640, 28.2004

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088



45.4943, 67.8640, 105.7212



85.5864, 67.8640, 119.6987

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088



36.9259, 35.1190, 98.5981

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.8253, 67.8640, 153.0258



66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088



51.9208, 67.8640, 143.3360

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088



43.8815, 67.8640, 67.9639



62.3980, 67.8640, 162.8128



90.7437, 67.8640, 80.1559



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088



49.3738, 67.8640, 35.7848



62.3980, 67.8640, 162.8128



82.4437, 67.8640, 132.4377

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



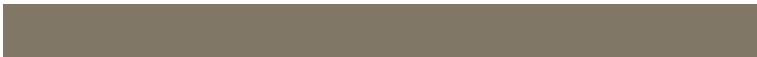
66.6558, 67.8672, 25.2102



84.5842, 89.0052, 74.7778



53.1237, 35.4198, 37.2953



17.8654, 18.7900, 15.2556



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.6558, 67.8672, 25.2102



63.6119, 63.4339, 17.3096



71.2164, 88.9816, 29.0453



19.0438, 20.0558, 19.0118



29.5608, 27.1329, 3.6791



2.9769, 2.8391, 0.3911



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.9259, 35.1190, 98.5981



30.9044, 27.4814, 98.2833



34.0299, 24.2430, 96.6515



17.4761, 18.3238, 22.8657



11.1018, 7.1132, 50.2224



1.1746, 0.8798, 4.9212



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.6542, 67.8640,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088

### Protanopia

62.3200, 67.8432, 26.0301

### Deuteranopia

68.3605, 67.8087, 34.6847



## Tritanopia

74.1369, 67.8374, 72.1373

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088

**Protanomaly**

63.7937, 67.8581, 25.6552

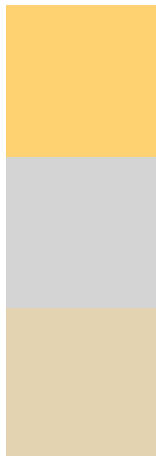
**Deuteranomaly**

67.8926, 68.0104, 31.0217

**Tritanomaly**

70.7687, 67.6201, 50.9170

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088

**Achromatopsia**

62.5785, 65.8375, 71.6970

**Achromatomaly**

62.8093, 66.0540, 50.5136

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 209, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 209, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 209, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 209, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 209, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 209, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 209, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 209, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 209, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 209,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.6542, 67.8640, 25.2088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 209, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
209, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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