

# Converting Colors

XYZ(66.6732, 83.8638, 73.1069)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(66.6732, 83.8638, 73.1069)  
contains.

|  |    |
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# Color

**XYZ(66.6805, 83.7935,  
72.9809)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | <a href="#">BDFAD1</a>       |
| RGB         | 189, 250, 209                |
| RGB Percent | 74%, 98%, 82%                |
| CMY         | 0.2588, 0.0196, 0.1804       |
| CMYK        | 0.24, 0.00, 0.16, 0.02       |
| HSL         | 140°, 86%, 86%               |
| HSV         | 140°, 24%, 98%               |
| XYZ         | 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809    |
| YIQ         | 227.0870, -23.1950, -25.6830 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

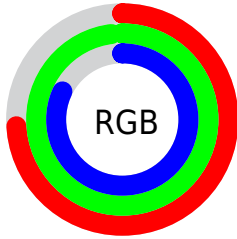
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 189, 235, 250                  |
| Decimal                             | 12450513                       |
| CIELab                              | 93.36, -27.10, 13.52           |
| CIELCh                              | 93, 30.289, 153.483            |
| Yxy                                 | 83.7935, 0.2984,<br>0.3750     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4290640593<br>(0xFFBDFAD1)     |
| YUV                                 | 227.0870, -8.9169,<br>-33.4023 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 91.5388, -30.1664,<br>16.8072  |

# Details

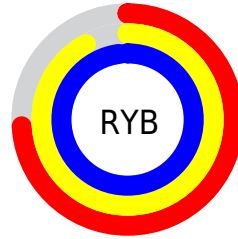
The XYZ color **66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **71.9078, 62.4343, 83.1276**, and the grayscale version is **73.1537, 76.9634, 83.8132**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.8160, 98.3328, 108.7487**, and **34.8179, 45.5748, 37.9721** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.0337, 80.0816, 62.3302**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.6203, 88.1512, 84.8413**.

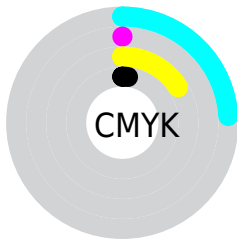
# Distribution



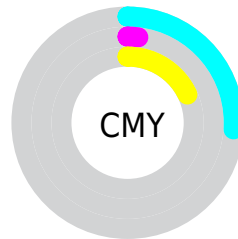
- Red (74%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 66.6805, 83.7935,  
72.9809

 66.6805, 83.7935,  
72.9809


438.2570,  
507.6273, 490.0176

 49.0948, 62.8450,  
53.4686


 113.5148,  
138.6863, 125.1708

 34.9095, 45.7158,  
37.7867


143.4941,  
173.3993, 158.6854

 23.7594, 32.0216,  
25.5166


178.3353,  
213.4693, 197.7046

 15.2790, 21.3780,  
16.2399

218.4037,  
259.2806, 242.6469

 9.1030, 13.4006,  
9.5379

264.0647,  
311.2177, 293.9308

 4.8661, 7.7050,  
4.9921

315.6837,

 2.2028, 3.9068,

369.6649, 351.9749

2.1839

373.6260,  
435.0066, 417.1976

■ 0.7442, 1.6215,  
0.6651

■ 0.0000, 0.3721,  
0.0000

■ 66.6805, 83.7935,  
72.9809

■ 66.6805, 83.7935,  
72.9809

■ 59.0337, 80.0816,  
62.3302

■ 75.6203, 88.1512,  
84.8413

■ 52.6114, 76.9741,  
52.8452

■ 85.9036, 93.1731,  
97.9421

■ 47.3491, 74.4408,  
44.4876

■ 93.4772, 96.8544,  
108.3757

■ 43.1734, 72.4448,  
37.2148

■ 40.0020, 70.9446,  
30.9814

■ 37.7401, 69.8922,  
25.7385

■ 36.2728, 69.2296,  
21.4332

■ 35.7089, 68.9831,  
19.4087

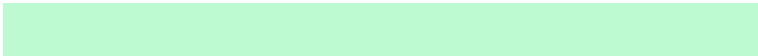
# Harmonies

## Analogous

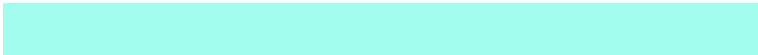
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.4701, 83.7935, 59.2590



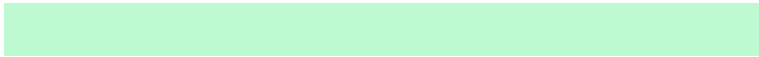
66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809



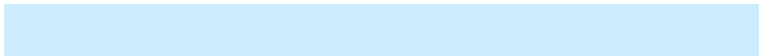
65.2809, 83.7935, 93.9343

# Triad

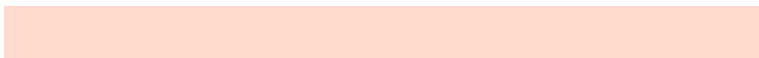
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809



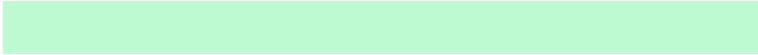
80.5796, 83.7935, 142.5369



93.1464, 83.7935, 69.0662

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809



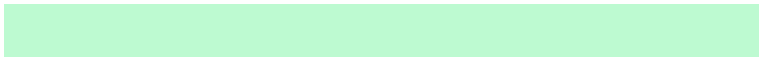
71.9078, 62.4343, 83.1276

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.9711, 83.7935, 88.5916



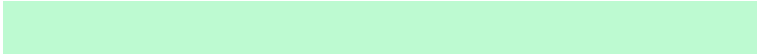
66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809



88.4168, 83.7935, 133.0413

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809



72.9837, 83.7935, 136.5059



94.1856, 83.7935, 112.3086

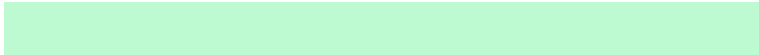


86.6960, 83.7935, 57.2781



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809



66.3758, 83.7935, 109.9027



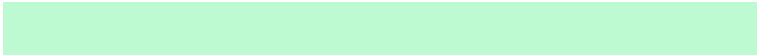
94.1856, 83.7935, 112.3086



94.5703, 83.7935, 74.8140

# Sweetspot

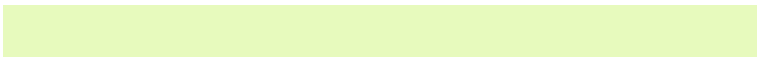
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.6828, 83.7970, 72.9828



86.9132, 96.0216, 98.7490



76.2269, 88.9856, 61.3035



18.4600, 20.4827, 20.9556



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

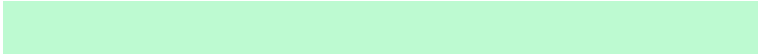


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

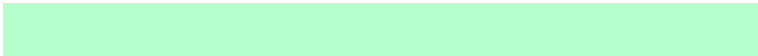


# Same Dimension

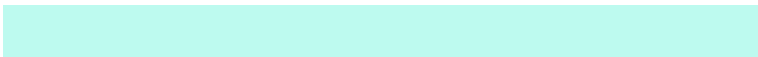
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.6828, 83.7970, 72.9828



65.8829, 85.7718, 71.0276



70.7275, 85.4149, 94.2819



17.2520, 19.4031, 19.5276



18.9990, 36.6126, 10.6038



1.8063, 3.4096, 1.2278



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.9078, 62.4343, 83.1276



72.1633, 60.0838, 83.2141



68.0712, 60.8997, 62.9245



17.7369, 17.4221, 20.4700



24.7319, 12.3085, 21.0942

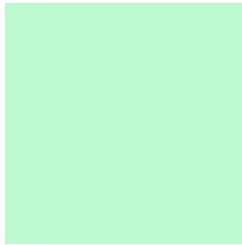


2.3394, 1.1595, 2.2107



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

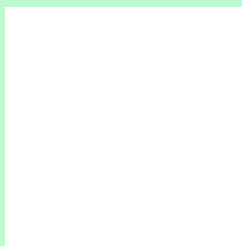
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809.



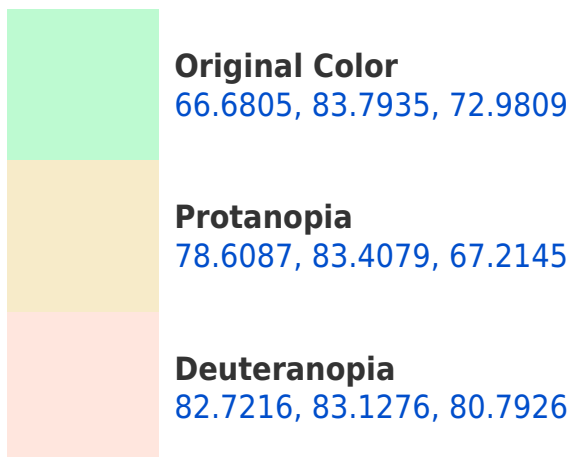
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.6805, 83.7935,

72.9809.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

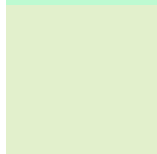
76.0836, 83.8322, 106.7789

# Trichromacy



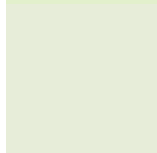
## Original Color

66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809



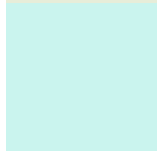
## Protanomaly

73.4232, 82.8486, 69.2483



## Deuteranomaly

75.7636, 82.5671, 77.5895



## Tritanomaly

72.1404, 83.4310, 93.1905

# Monochromacy



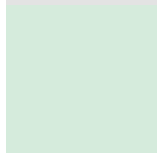
## Original Color

66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809



## Achromatopsia

73.0128, 76.8151, 83.6517



## Achromatomaly

70.0672, 78.7301, 79.2136

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 250, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 250, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 250, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 250, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 250, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 250, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 250, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 250, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 250, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 250,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.6805, 83.7935, 72.9809 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 250, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
250, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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