

# Converting Colors

XYZ(66.7315, 72.3715, 71.0216)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(66.7315, 72.3715, 71.0216)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(66.5116, 72.1305,  
70.7386)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D9DFD1
RGB	217, 223, 209
RGB Percent	85%, 87%, 82%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1255, 0.1804
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.06, 0.13
HSL	86°, 18%, 85%
HSV	86°, 6%, 87%
XYZ	66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386
YIQ	219.6100, 0.9180, -5.6260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

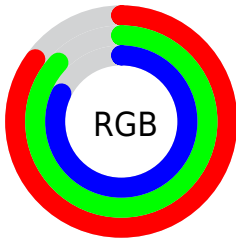
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	209, 223, 215
Decimal	14278609
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	88.03, -4.51, 6.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 7.621, 126.252
Y <sub>xy</sub>	72.1305, 0.3177, 0.3445
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292468689 (0xFFD9DFD1)
YUV	219.6100, -5.2307, -2.2890
Hunter-Lab	84.9297, -8.8369, 10.0677

# Details

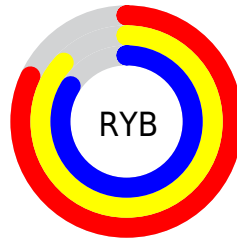
The XYZ color **66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **64.1468, 65.3776, 79.0540**, and the grayscale version is **67.7923, 71.3228, 77.6705**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **34.8193, 38.0532, 36.5202** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.1821, 69.6822, 57.0715**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.3963, 74.8246, 86.4521**.

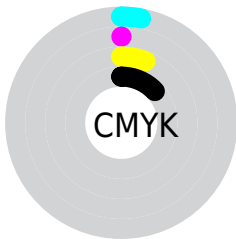
# Distribution



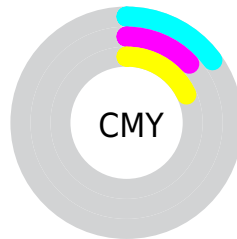
- Red (85%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 66.5116, 72.1305,  
70.7386

■ 66.5116, 72.1305,  
70.7386

437.6642,  
467.9957, 481.9981

■ 48.9571, 53.2653,  
51.6484

113.2740,  
122.2420, 121.9524

■ 34.7998, 38.0146,  
36.3446

143.2125,  
154.2572, 154.9131

■ 23.6745, 25.9940,  
24.4086

178.0098,  
191.4244, 193.3344

■ 15.2158, 16.8192,  
15.4220

218.0311,  
234.1281, 237.6347

■ 9.0583, 10.1056,  
8.9662

263.6418,  
282.7527, 288.2328

■ 4.8366, 5.4691,  
4.6226

315.2074,

■ 2.1855, 2.5250,

337.6826, 345.5470

1.9728

373.0930,  
399.3021, 409.9959

■ 0.7351, 0.8891,  
0.5385

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 66.5116, 72.1305,  
70.7386

■ 66.5116, 72.1305,  
70.7386

■ 61.1821, 69.6822,  
57.0715

■ 72.3963, 74.8246,  
86.4521

■ 56.3831, 67.4624,  
45.3617

■ 78.8479, 77.7624,  
104.2866

■ 52.0967, 65.4660,  
35.5210

■ 82.3344, 79.5339,  
105.6198

■ 48.3016, 63.6842,  
27.4521

■ 85.6791, 81.2582,  
105.7764

■ 44.9746, 62.1074,  
21.0491

■ 42.0904, 60.7250,  
16.1950

■ 39.6208, 59.5254,  
12.7572

■ 37.5332, 58.4952,  
10.5812

■ 35.7874, 57.6179,  
9.4734

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.1779, 72.1305, 69.0012



66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386



65.4080, 72.1305, 74.5751

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386



67.1599, 72.1305, 88.0617



72.0915, 72.1305, 77.4526

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386



64.1468, 65.3776, 79.0540

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.8073, 72.1305, 82.6385



66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386



68.9393, 72.1305, 88.9150

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386



65.7776, 72.1305, 84.6075



70.6457, 72.1305, 86.8903



71.4154, 72.1305, 72.7657



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386



65.1288, 72.1305, 77.8854



70.6457, 72.1305, 86.8903



72.1053, 72.1305, 79.1940

# Sweetspot

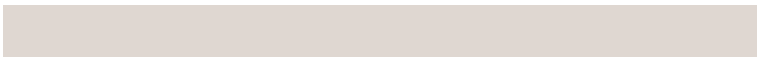
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.5136, 72.1336, 70.7402



93.4398, 99.2635, 104.5953



66.2007, 68.8100, 70.1151



20.0169, 21.2542, 22.4328



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.5136, 72.1336, 70.7402



88.7928, 97.1338, 92.3634



64.5243, 71.1081, 70.6471



14.2746, 15.7217, 14.5890



20.8282, 33.7698, 5.4205



1.5456, 2.3933, 0.3805



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.1468, 65.3776, 79.0540



84.7256, 85.5242, 106.6500



66.1955, 66.4338, 79.1499



13.5065, 13.5291, 17.2872



10.7673, 4.6461, 41.3776

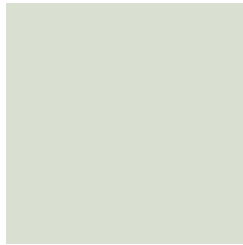


0.8473, 0.3741, 2.8728



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

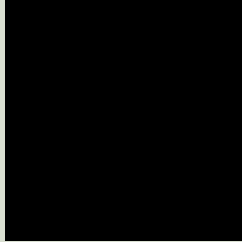
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

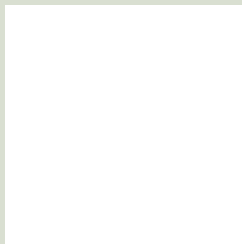
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.5116, 72.1305,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386

### Protanopia

68.8506, 72.1854, 69.3358

### Deuteranopia

73.5582, 71.8845, 71.6262



## Tritanopia

70.2906, 72.0913, 89.5672

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386

## Protanomaly

67.9821, 72.1143, 70.0109

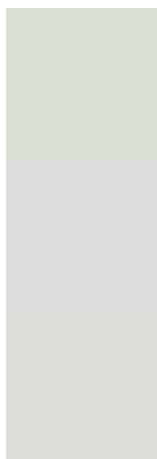
## Deuteranomaly

70.7067, 71.9410, 71.1321

## Tritanomaly

68.8359, 71.8930, 82.2002

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386

## Achromatopsia

68.0267, 71.5694, 77.9390

## Achromatomaly

67.4645, 71.7308, 75.2554

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 223, 209) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 223, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 223, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 223, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 223, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 223, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 223, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 223, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 223, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 223,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.5116, 72.1305, 70.7386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 223, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
223, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor