

Converting Colors

XYZ(66.9209, 86.8975, 44.3974)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(66.9209, 86.8975, 44.3974)
contains.

XYZ(66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(66.8532, 86.8657,
44.2536)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDF99B
RGB	205, 255, 155
RGB Percent	80%, 100%, 61%
CMY	0.1961, 0.0000, 0.3921
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.39, 0.00
HSL	90°, 100%, 80%
HSV	90°, 39%, 100%
XYZ	66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536
YIQ	228.6500, 2.3000, -41.7000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

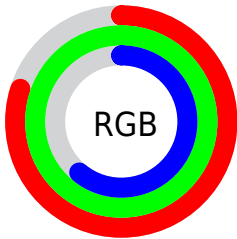
Format	Color
RYB	155, 255, 205
Decimal	13500315
CIELab	94.68, -32.41, 42.68
CIElCh	95, 53.594, 127.211
Yxy	86.8657, 0.3377, 0.4388
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291690395 (0xFFCDDFF9B)
YUV	228.6500, -36.3094, -20.7410
Hunter-Lab	93.2018, -35.0659, 37.0895

Details

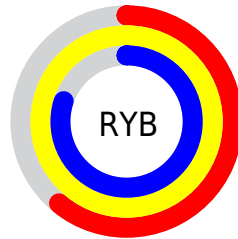
The XYZ color **66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF99**. A complement of this color would be **54.9494, 43.6432, 100.1356**, and the grayscale version is **74.4755, 78.3541, 85.3276**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661**, and **34.9868, 47.7370, 19.9405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.5575, 84.3575, 33.9828**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.8884, 89.7028, 56.9219**.

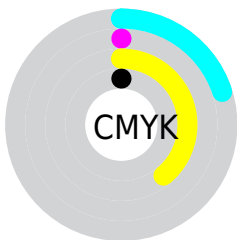
Distribution



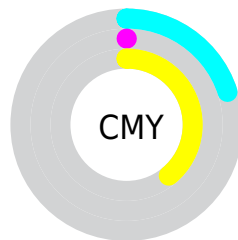
- Red (80%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66.8532, 86.8657,
44.2536


 66.8532, 86.8657,
44.2536


438.8628,
517.7815, 379.8137

 49.2356, 65.3841,
30.5313

 113.7610,
142.9769, 82.9058

 35.0217, 47.7726,
19.9867

 143.7819,
178.3753, 108.6727

 23.8462, 33.6468,
12.2014

178.6679,
219.1814, 139.2915

 15.3437, 22.6224,
6.7568

218.7845,
265.7796, 175.1808

 9.1488, 14.3149,
3.2343

264.4969,
318.5544, 216.7592

 4.8963, 8.3400,
1.2155

316.1705,

 2.2207, 4.3133,

377.8900, 264.4451

0.0000

374.1707,
444.1709, 318.6571

■ 0.7536, 1.8503,
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.5182,
0.0000

■ 66.8532, 86.8657,
44.2536

■ 66.8532, 86.8657,
44.2536

■ 61.5575, 84.3575,
33.9828

■ 72.8884, 89.7028,
56.9219

■ 56.9649, 82.1629,
25.9541

■ 79.6950, 92.8824,
72.1221

■ 53.0367, 80.2655,
20.0001

■ 87.3039, 96.4174,
89.9833

■ 49.7289, 78.6470,
15.9279

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 46.9905, 77.2860,
13.5087

■ 44.7482, 76.1523,
12.3979

■ 44.5866, 76.0703,
12.3331

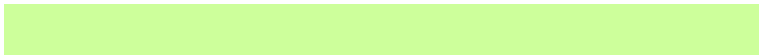
Harmonies

Analogous

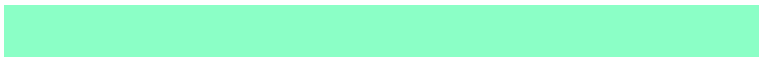
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.1195, 86.8657, 35.5052



66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536



59.4753, 86.8657, 66.9515

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536



72.2478, 86.8657, 188.7148



113.3591, 86.8657, 84.9274

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536



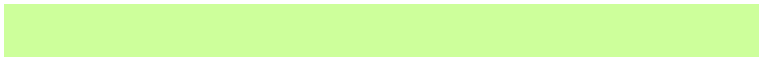
54.9494, 43.6432, 100.1356

Split Complementary

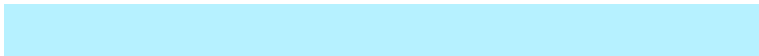
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110.9649, 86.8657, 128.9278



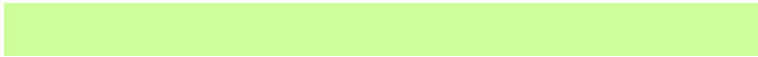
66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536



86.1055, 86.8657, 197.7142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536



62.3265, 86.8657, 151.4228



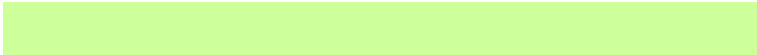
100.5597, 86.8657, 173.3008



106.7652, 86.8657, 54.1114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536



57.7729, 86.8657, 90.7575



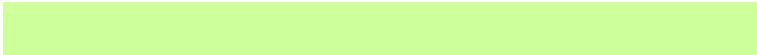
100.5597, 86.8657, 173.3008



113.5905, 86.8657, 98.5125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.8535, 86.8658, 44.2549



85.1022, 95.3963, 84.7337



68.9883, 67.2900, 40.3638



17.9991, 20.3183, 17.6253



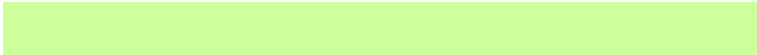
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



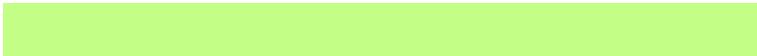
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

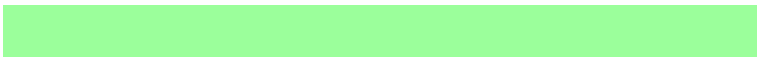
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.8535, 86.8658, 44.2549



62.6684, 84.8854, 36.0586



55.1948, 80.8555, 43.7092



18.6369, 20.6143, 19.1410



23.4696, 39.8371, 6.4524



2.4111, 3.9437, 0.6341

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.9494, 43.6432, 100.1356



49.2604, 36.2021, 98.9991



71.0118, 51.9237, 100.8873



17.8684, 17.8239, 22.7485



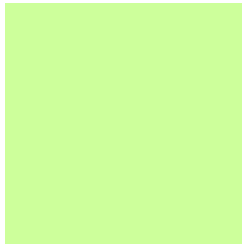
14.2163, 6.2392, 49.8896



1.5101, 0.6724, 4.8635

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

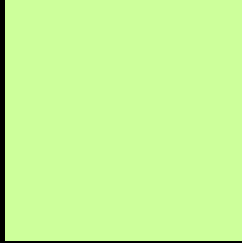
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

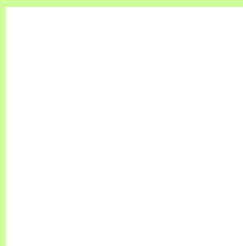
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536.

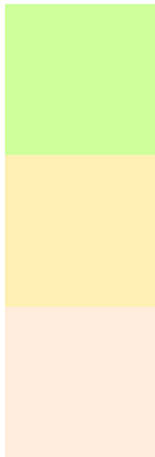


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 66.8532, 86.8657,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536

Protanopia

80.2432, 86.2477, 55.0660

Deuteranopia

83.8903, 86.3129, 78.5682



Tritanopia

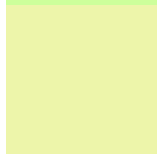
80.8693, 86.2993, 107.0029

Trichromacy



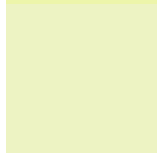
Original Color

66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536



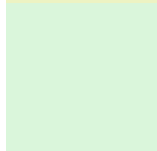
Protanomaly

74.8332, 86.2116, 50.7266



Deuteranomaly

76.8260, 86.0458, 64.1891



Tritanomaly

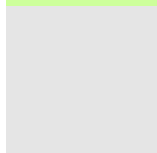
74.6554, 85.9314, 79.6695

Monochromacy



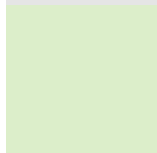
Original Color

66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536



Achromatopsia

74.4753, 78.3538, 85.3273



Achromatomaly

70.7504, 80.6290, 67.7111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 255, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 255, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 255, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 255, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 255, 155) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 255, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 255, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 255, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 255, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 255,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 66.8532, 86.8657, 44.2536 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 255, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
255, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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