

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.0878, 49.4114,  
100.6092)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.0878, 49.4114, 100.6092)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.0974, 49.4149,  
100.6094)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F599FF
RGB	245, 153, 255
RGB Percent	96%, 60%, 100%
CMY	0.0392, 0.4000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.04, 0.40, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	294°, 100%, 80%
HSV	294°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094
YIQ	192.1360, 22.0900, 51.2260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

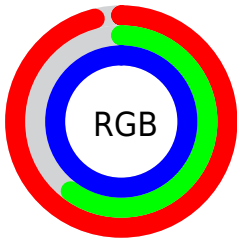
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 153, 255
Decimal	16095743
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.71, 49.91, -36.68
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	76, 61.938, 323.684
Y <sub>xy</sub>	49.4149, 0.3090, 0.2276
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294285823 (0xFFFF599FF)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	192.1360, 30.9920, 46.3617
Hunter-Lab	70.2957, 47.3610, -35.6506

# Details

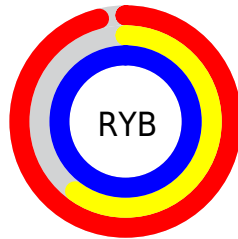
The XYZ color **67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **56.6152, 81.6070, 42.9071**, and the grayscale version is **49.9994, 52.6033, 57.2850**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.0905, 74.0809, 104.5802**, and **35.1484, 23.5657, 56.1222** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.4953, 41.4958, 99.3234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.6060, 59.1277, 102.1938**.

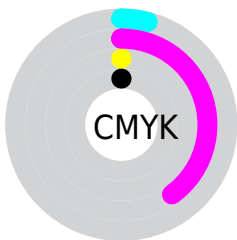
# Distribution



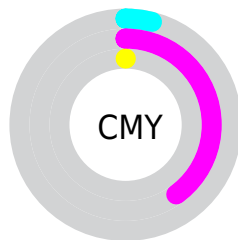
- Red (96%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 67.0974, 49.4149,  
100.6094


 67.0974, 49.4149,  
100.6094


439.7184,  
384.3734, 583.4081

 49.4348, 34.9487,  
76.1899


 114.1090, 89.3074,  
164.0536

 35.1804, 23.6234,  
56.0806


 144.1887,  
115.5024, 203.9153

 23.9691, 15.0545,  
39.8631


179.1381,  
146.3759, 249.7614

 15.4353, 8.8576,  
27.1189

219.3226,  
182.3122, 302.0106

 9.2138, 4.6484,  
17.4293

265.1075,  
223.6957, 361.0813

 4.9391, 2.0425,  
10.3759

316.8582,

 2.2460, 0.6320,

270.9108, 427.3921

5.5400

374.9400,  
324.3419, 501.3615

■ 0.7668, 0.0000,  
2.5032

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8419

■ 67.0974, 49.4149,  
100.6094

■ 67.0974, 49.4149,  
100.6094

■ 62.4953, 41.4958,  
99.3234

■ 72.6060, 59.1277,  
102.1938

■ 58.7379, 35.2495,  
98.3157

■ 79.0689, 70.7324,  
104.0931

■ 55.7626, 30.5500,  
97.5655

■ 86.5358, 84.3277,  
106.3237

■ 53.4960, 27.2508,  
97.0481

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 51.8509, 25.1772,  
96.7346

■ 50.6844, 24.0437,  
96.5773

■ 50.6842, 24.0435,  
96.5773

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.4059, 49.4149, 134.9627



67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094



72.5059, 49.4149, 61.0638

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094



49.4381, 49.4149, 12.2521



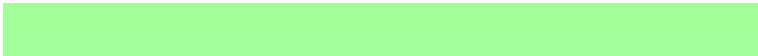
29.5116, 49.4149, 83.4097

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094



56.6152, 81.6070, 42.9071

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.2637, 49.4149, 47.1444



67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094



38.6453, 49.4149, 14.1889

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094



61.2933, 49.4149, 17.2457



31.3294, 49.4149, 24.3736



35.0681, 49.4149, 122.5251



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



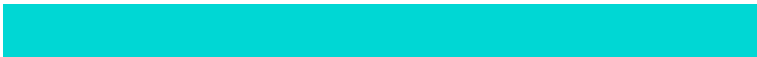
67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094



71.8498, 49.4149, 40.1894



31.3294, 49.4149, 24.3736



28.6164, 49.4149, 70.1918

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.0989, 49.4170, 100.6097



84.9583, 81.4421, 105.8499



44.3214, 40.2600, 100.0427



17.9691, 17.0385, 22.5916



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.0989, 49.4170, 100.6097



63.3456, 42.9407, 99.5574



64.7955, 48.9096, 69.7791



18.6068, 18.2046, 22.7831



26.5553, 12.6002, 50.4671



2.6344, 1.2520, 4.9161



# Inverse Universe

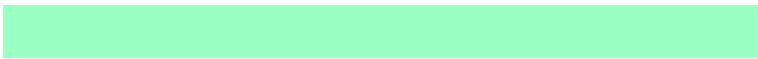
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.2433, 46.6887, 40.5413



54.6528, 39.9577, 31.4581



58.6134, 82.1790, 63.6960



18.0817, 18.0160, 19.0474



21.6642, 11.1550, 1.6161



2.1324, 1.0953, 0.2785



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

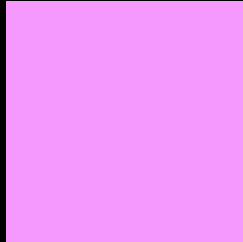
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

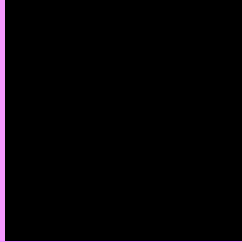
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.0974, 49.4149,

100.6094.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094

### Protanopia

50.9160, 49.9173, 101.5592

### Deuteranopia

51.0340, 49.7785, 96.5410



## Tritanopia

56.8924, 49.4155, 50.7956

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094



## Protanomaly

55.2417, 48.5765, 101.0724



## Deuteranomaly

55.6449, 48.8579, 97.7645



## Tritanomaly

60.2024, 49.1486, 66.6352

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094



## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



## Achromatomaly

55.0501, 50.5960, 71.1545

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 153, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 153, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 153, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 153, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 153, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 153, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 153, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 153, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 153, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 153,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.0974, 49.4149, 100.6094 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 153, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
153, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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