

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.2121, 71.6743, 79.2939)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.2121, 71.6743, 79.2939)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(67.0656, 71.4339,  
79.3606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7DDDE
RGB	215, 221, 222
RGB Percent	84%, 87%, 87%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1333, 0.1294
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	189°, 10%, 86%
HSV	189°, 3%, 87%
XYZ	67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606
YIQ	219.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

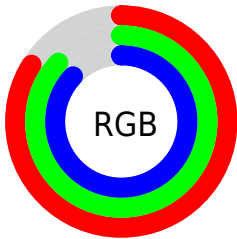
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 218, 222
Decimal	14147038
CIE Lab	87.70, -1.83, -1.20
CIE LCh	88, 2.190, 213.341
Yxy	71.4339, 0.3078, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292337118 (0xFFD7DDDE)
YUV	219.3200, 1.3212, -3.7886
Hunter-Lab	84.5186, -6.2675, 3.4913

# Details

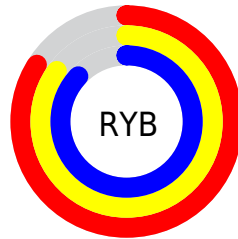
The XYZ color **67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **66.9460, 69.5469, 74.1865**, and the grayscale version is **67.5489, 71.0667, 77.3916**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.1085, 37.5360, 41.9540** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.1580, 66.6479, 78.8020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.8775, 76.7134, 79.9690**.

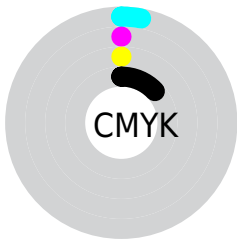
# Distribution



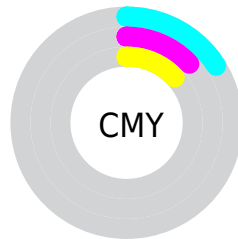
- Red (84%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 67.0656, 71.4339,  
79.3606

■ 67.0656, 71.4339,  
79.3606

439.6070,  
465.5688, 512.4252

■ 49.4088, 52.6964,  
58.6693

114.0637,  
121.2513, 134.2697

■ 35.1598, 37.5604,  
41.9287

144.1357,  
153.1000, 169.3245

■ 23.9531, 25.6417,  
28.7203

179.0769,  
190.0879, 210.0042

■ 15.4234, 16.5558,  
18.6256

219.2525,  
232.5994, 256.7273

■ 9.2053, 9.9183,  
11.2260

265.0280,  
281.0188, 309.9125

■ 4.9335, 5.3448,  
6.1030

316.7687,

■ 2.2427, 2.4510,

335.7306, 369.9781

2.8380

374.8399,  
397.1191, 437.3429

■ 0.7651, 0.8519,  
1.0125

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 67.0656, 71.4339,  
79.3606

■ 67.0656, 71.4339,  
79.3606

■ 60.1580, 66.6479,  
78.8020

■ 74.8775, 76.7134,  
79.9690

■ 54.1133, 62.3280,  
78.2867

■ 81.9831, 81.6502,  
80.5474

■ 48.8954, 58.4574,  
77.8146

■ 82.8570, 83.3980,  
80.8387

■ 44.4639, 55.0150,  
77.3838

■ 83.7468, 85.1777,  
81.1353

■ 40.7745, 51.9781,  
76.9920

■ 84.6527, 86.9895,  
81.4373

■ 37.7786, 49.3213,  
76.6371

■ 85.5748, 88.8335,  
81.7446

■ 35.4215, 47.0165,  
76.3165

■ 86.5130, 90.7099,  
82.0573

■ 33.6405, 45.0309,  
76.0271

■ 87.4675, 92.6189,  
82.3755

■ 32.3594, 43.3254,  
75.7654

■ 88.4383, 94.5606,  
82.6991

# Harmonies

## Analogous

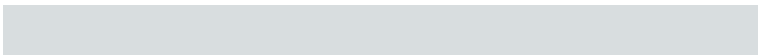
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.9045, 71.4339, 77.9460



67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606



67.4491, 71.4339, 80.3613

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606



68.7914, 71.4339, 79.0686



67.8376, 71.4339, 74.9613

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606



66.9460, 69.5469, 74.1865

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.3445, 71.4339, 75.2534



67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606



68.8968, 71.4339, 77.6129

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



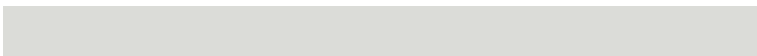
67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606



68.4457, 71.4339, 80.1912



68.7328, 71.4339, 76.2193



67.3488, 71.4339, 75.4164

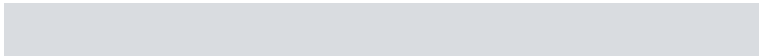


# Rectangle

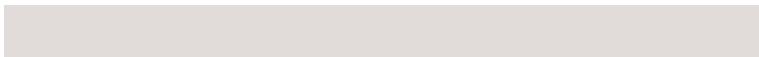
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606



67.7801, 71.4339, 80.6524



68.7328, 71.4339, 76.2193



68.0115, 71.4339, 74.9754

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.0676, 71.4369, 79.3622



94.0024, 99.2882, 108.8178



66.5327, 71.6452, 75.2439



20.1314, 21.2593, 23.2924



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

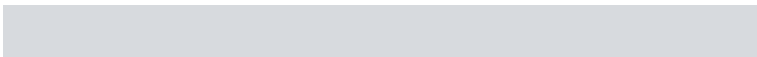
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.0676, 71.4369, 79.3622



90.9350, 97.1937, 108.5752



66.1694, 69.6405, 79.0628



14.6784, 15.7315, 17.6505



18.8829, 25.2354, 44.9240



1.3551, 1.8416, 3.1293



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.4773, 69.3523, 78.2401



91.6490, 93.5707, 106.6175



67.8357, 71.3265, 74.4831



14.8140, 15.0445, 17.2782



23.4714, 11.4556, 30.2120

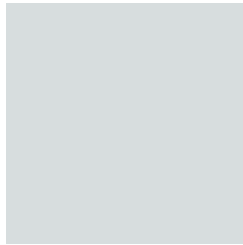


1.6502, 0.8034, 2.2169



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

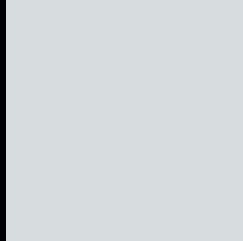
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

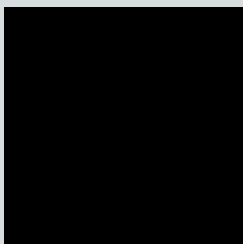
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

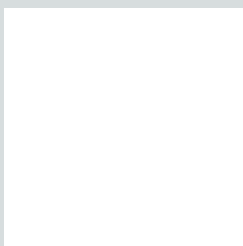
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606.



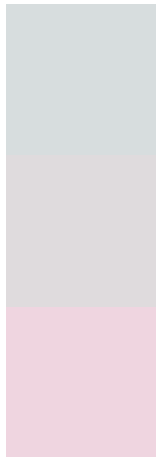
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.0656, 71.4339,

79.3606.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606

### Protanopia

68.8141, 71.5715, 78.5944

### Deuteranopia

72.8454, 71.3210, 80.4480



## Tritanopia

69.0871, 71.4709, 89.5109

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606

## Protanomaly

68.1595, 71.6225, 78.6387

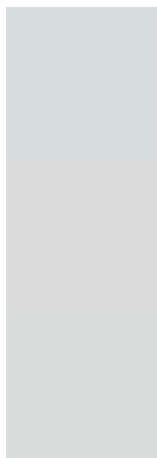
## Deuteranomaly

70.5083, 71.2624, 79.8509

## Tritanomaly

68.3359, 71.5549, 85.8111

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606

## Achromatopsia

67.3311, 70.8376, 77.1421

## Achromatomaly

67.4249, 71.2591, 77.9109

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(215, 221, 222) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 221, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 221, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 221, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 221, 222) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 221, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 221, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 221, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 221, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 221,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.0656, 71.4339, 79.3606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 221, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
221, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor