

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.3469, 71.7207, 70.3167)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.3469, 71.7207, 70.3167)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.4893, 71.8459,  
70.6322)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEDDD1
RGB	222, 221, 209
RGB Percent	87%, 87%, 82%
CMY	0.1294, 0.1333, 0.1804
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.06, 0.13
HSL	55°, 16%, 85%
HSV	55°, 6%, 87%
XYZ	67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322
YIQ	219.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

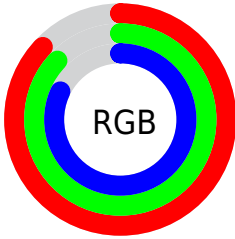
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	210, 222, 209
Decimal	14605777
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	87.89, -1.75, 6.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 6.247, 106.282
Y <sub>xy</sub>	71.8459, 0.3214, 0.3422
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292795857 (0xFFDEDDD1)
<b>Y<sub>UV</sub></b>	219.9310, -5.3890, 1.8145
Hunter-Lab	84.7620, -6.2079, 9.9270

# Details

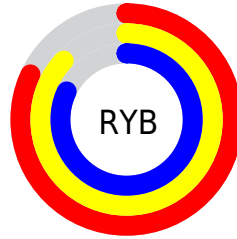
The XYZ color **67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **62.5260, 64.9216, 78.3439**, and the grayscale version is **68.0153, 71.5574, 77.9260**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.4890, 37.8545, 36.4465** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.4840, 69.9311, 57.0018**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.8862, 73.9293, 86.2845**.

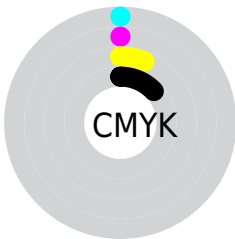
# Distribution



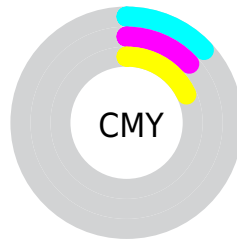
- Red (87%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 67.4893, 71.8459,  
70.6322

■ 67.4893, 71.8459,  
70.6322

441.0896,  
467.0051, 481.6156

■ 49.7545, 53.0328,  
51.5621

114.6672,  
121.8374, 121.7994

■ 35.4354, 37.8290,  
36.2763

144.8410,  
153.7846, 154.7337

■ 24.1665, 25.8500,  
24.3563

179.8919,  
190.8787, 193.1263

■ 15.5826, 16.7114,  
15.3835

220.1852,  
233.5039, 237.3960

■ 9.3183, 10.0290,  
8.9394

266.0862,  
282.0448, 287.9613

■ 5.0081, 5.4182,  
4.6054

317.9604,

■ 2.2868, 2.4946,

336.8857, 345.2406

1.9630

376.1731,  
398.4110, 409.6525

■ 0.7879, 0.8740,  
0.5324

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 67.4893, 71.8459,  
70.6322

■ 67.4893, 71.8459,  
70.6322

■ 64.4840, 69.9311,  
57.0018

■ 70.8862, 73.9293,  
86.2845

■ 61.8485, 68.1691,  
45.3056

■ 74.6837, 76.1779,  
104.0321

■ 59.5680, 66.5564,  
35.4565

■ 75.4005, 77.2016,  
105.5351

■ 57.6244, 65.0856,  
27.3590

■ 75.8657, 78.1320,  
105.6902

■ 55.9979, 63.7489,  
20.9089

■ 76.3355, 79.0715,  
105.8468

■ 54.6665, 62.5374,  
15.9909

■ 76.8099, 80.0203,  
106.0049

■ 53.6055, 61.4412,  
12.4751

■ 77.2889, 80.9784,  
106.1646

■ 52.7862, 60.4488,  
10.2098

■ 77.7726, 81.9458,  
106.3258

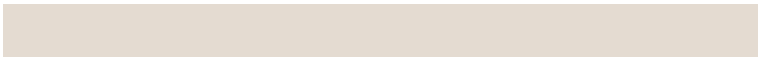
■ 52.1730, 59.5460,  
9.0079

■ 78.2609, 82.9224,  
106.4886

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.9673, 71.8459, 70.5437



67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322



66.2428, 71.8459, 72.7072

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322



66.3314, 71.8459, 84.2934



71.1013, 71.8459, 80.1848

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322



62.5260, 64.9216, 78.3439

# Split Complementary

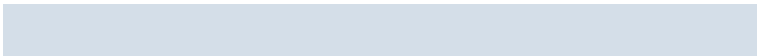
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.3736, 71.8459, 84.0214



67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322



67.6120, 71.8459, 86.4510

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322



65.5809, 71.8459, 80.5451



69.0917, 71.8459, 86.3497



71.0673, 71.8459, 75.9558



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322



65.7044, 71.8459, 74.9821



69.0917, 71.8459, 86.3497



70.9372, 71.8459, 81.5662

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.4913, 71.8490, 70.6338



94.1151, 99.4268, 104.5912



64.5689, 65.7889, 70.3237



20.1543, 21.2875, 22.4319



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

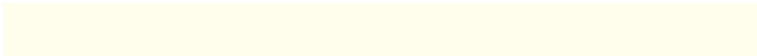


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.4913, 71.8490, 70.6338



91.8732, 98.0336, 94.3159



66.1225, 71.5350, 70.6453



14.9075, 15.9226, 15.1787



30.8961, 35.2300, 5.1717



2.1687, 2.4962, 0.3675



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.5260, 64.9216, 78.3439



83.7507, 86.7014, 106.9286



63.8396, 65.2349, 78.3351



13.4965, 13.9540, 17.3697



7.9817, 3.4329, 41.2903

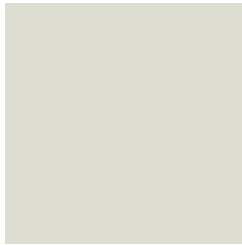


0.5831, 0.2977, 2.8720



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

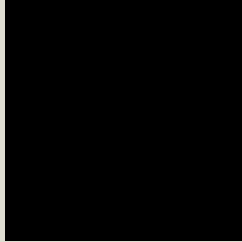
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

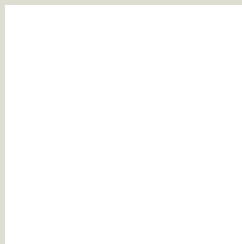
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322.



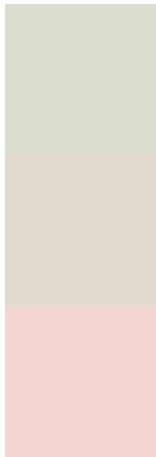
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.4893, 71.8459,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322

### Protanopia

68.3952, 71.5480, 69.8798

### Deuteranopia

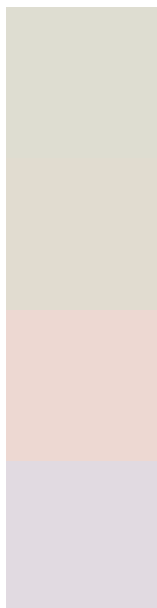
73.2083, 71.7041, 71.6098



## Tritanopia

71.0282, 71.7350, 87.9445

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322

## Protanomaly

68.0297, 71.7480, 69.9377

## Deuteranomaly

71.1138, 71.7694, 71.0775

## Tritanomaly

69.7133, 71.5866, 81.3775

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322

## Achromatopsia

68.0267, 71.5694, 77.9390

## Achromatomaly

67.8067, 71.5164, 75.1960

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(222, 221, 209) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 221, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 221, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 221, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 221, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 221, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 221, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 221, 209); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 221, 209); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 221, 209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.4893, 71.8459, 70.6322 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 221, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
221, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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