

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.3569, 71.2319, 74.7461)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.3569, 71.2319, 74.7461)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(67.3741, 71.3083,  
74.5029)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCDCD7
RGB	220, 220, 215
RGB Percent	86%, 86%, 84%
CMY	0.1373, 0.1372, 0.1569
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.14
HSL	60°, 7%, 85%
HSV	60°, 2%, 86%
XYZ	67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029
YIQ	219.4300, 1.6050, -1.5550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

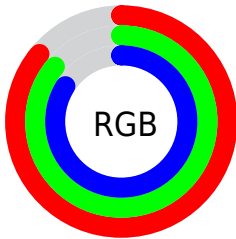
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 220, 215
Decimal	14474455
CIE Lab	87.63, -0.89, 2.44
CIE LCh	88, 2.597, 109.935
Yxy	71.3083, 0.3160, 0.3345
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292664535 (0xFFDCDCD7)
YUV	219.4300, -2.1840, 0.4999
Hunter-Lab	84.4442, -5.3606, 6.8010

# Details

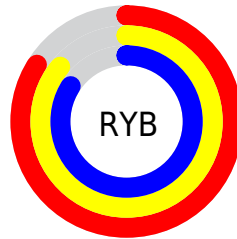
The XYZ color **67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **65.2458, 68.2172, 77.4422**, and the grayscale version is **67.6461, 71.1690, 77.5030**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.3173, 37.4477, 38.6244** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.7305, 70.2525, 60.6012**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.4019, 72.5223, 90.4100**.

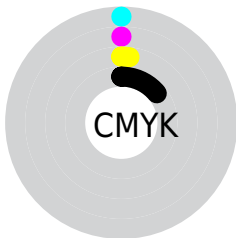
# Distribution



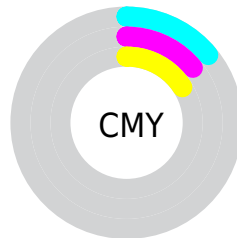
- Red (86%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 67.3741, 71.3083,  
74.5029

■ 67.3741, 71.3083,  
74.5029

440.6868,  
465.1305, 495.4170

■ 49.6605, 52.5938,  
54.7065

114.5031,  
121.0726, 127.3491

■ 35.3604, 37.4786,  
38.7697

144.6493,  
152.8912, 161.2359

■ 24.1085, 25.5783,  
26.2742

179.6704,  
189.8467, 200.6566

■ 15.5393, 16.5084,  
16.8013

219.9317,  
232.3234, 246.0297

■ 9.2875, 9.8846,  
9.9325

265.7987,  
280.7057, 297.7737

■ 4.9878, 5.3225,  
5.2492

317.6366,

■ 2.2748, 2.4377,

335.3781, 356.3073

2.3329

375.8109,  
396.7249, 422.0488

■ 0.7817, 0.8452,  
0.7496

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 67.3741, 71.3083,  
74.5029

■ 67.3741, 71.3083,  
74.5029

■ 64.7305, 70.2525,  
60.6012

■ 70.4019, 72.5223,  
90.4100

■ 62.4501, 69.3397,  
48.6208

■ 73.1709, 73.6306,  
104.9633

■ 60.5188, 68.5666,  
38.4788

■ 73.1763, 73.6333,  
104.9636

■ 58.9193, 67.9262,  
30.0842

■ 73.1817, 73.6361,  
104.9638

■ 57.6330, 67.4110,  
23.3384

■ 73.1871, 73.6389,  
104.9641

■ 56.6391, 67.0129,  
18.1329

■ 73.1925, 73.6417,  
104.9643

■ 55.9147, 66.7225,  
14.3463

■ 73.1979, 73.6444,  
104.9646

■ 55.4332, 66.5293,  
11.8390

■ 73.2033, 73.6472,  
104.9649

■ 55.1629, 66.4205,  
10.4432

■ 73.2086, 73.6500,  
104.9651

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.9832, 71.3083, 74.3563



67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029



66.8756, 71.3083, 75.4836

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029



67.0183, 71.3083, 80.2628



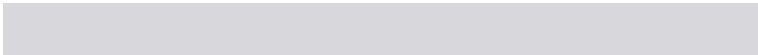
68.9471, 71.3083, 78.2359

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029



65.2458, 68.2172, 77.4422

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.6852, 71.3083, 79.8424



67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029



67.5700, 71.3083, 81.0244

# Square

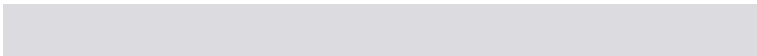
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



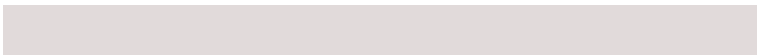
67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029



66.6710, 71.3083, 78.8028



68.1803, 71.3083, 80.8693



68.8939, 71.3083, 76.4939



# Rectangle

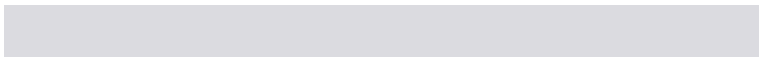
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



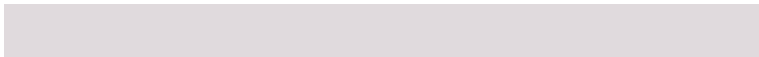
67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029



66.6720, 71.3083, 76.4868



68.1803, 71.3083, 80.8693



68.8930, 71.3083, 78.8101

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.3761, 71.3114, 74.5044



94.6413, 99.8365, 106.7520



66.0836, 68.7246, 74.0733



20.2614, 21.3708, 22.8720



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.3761, 71.3114, 74.5044



93.8403, 99.5159, 102.5417



66.6257, 70.9245, 74.4693



14.4881, 15.3942, 15.6436



32.3115, 38.9547, 5.8160

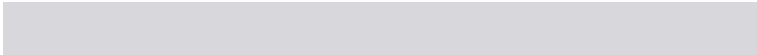


2.0936, 2.5238, 0.3768



# Inverse Universe

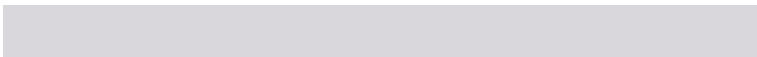
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.2458, 68.2172, 77.4422



89.9014, 93.7948, 107.9736



65.9850, 68.5983, 77.4768



13.7311, 14.2947, 16.6876



7.5834, 3.0335, 39.9242

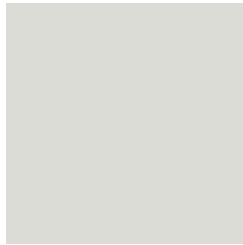


0.4916, 0.1967, 2.5865



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

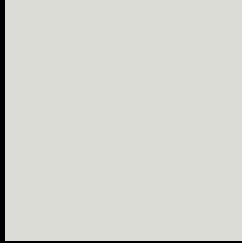
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

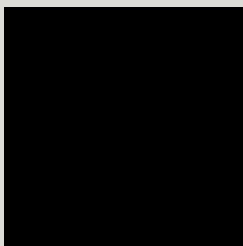
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

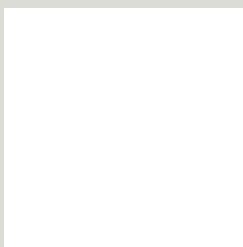
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029.



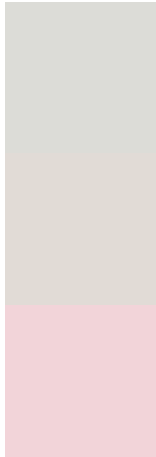
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.3741, 71.3083,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029

### Protanopia

68.5205, 71.5256, 73.8127

### Deuteranopia

72.6858, 70.9740, 75.5140



## Tritanopia

70.0956, 71.2542, 87.9009

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029

## Protanomaly

67.9005, 71.2061, 73.7837

## Deuteranomaly

70.6268, 71.0512, 74.9576

## Tritanomaly

69.0607, 71.2185, 82.7797

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029

## Achromatopsia

67.3311, 70.8376, 77.1421

## Achromatomaly

67.1998, 70.7851, 76.4507

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 220, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 220, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 220, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 220, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 220, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 220, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 220, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 220, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 220, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 220,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.3741, 71.3083, 74.5029 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 220, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
220, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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