

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.3978, 73.2685, 86.0384)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.3978, 73.2685, 86.0384)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.6326, 73.5721,  
86.2375)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D0E2E7
RGB	208, 226, 231
RGB Percent	82%, 89%, 91%
CMY	0.1843, 0.1137, 0.0941
CMYK	0.10, 0.02, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	193°, 32%, 86%
HSV	193°, 10%, 91%
XYZ	67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375
YIQ	221.1880, -12.3330, -2.2610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

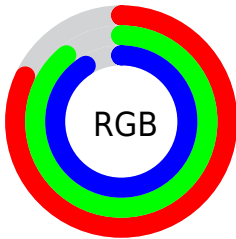
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 218, 231
Decimal	13689575
CIE Lab	88.72, -4.99, -4.49
CIE LCh	89, 6.718, 221.975
Yxy	73.5721, 0.2974, 0.3235
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291879655 (0xFFD0E2E7)
YUV	221.1880, 4.8373, -11.5659
Hunter-Lab	85.7742, -9.3583, 0.4317

# Details

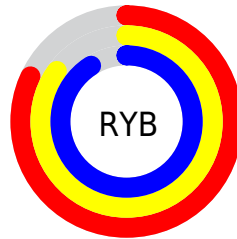
The XYZ color **67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **68.1348, 69.1312, 69.4284**, and the grayscale version is **68.8343, 72.4190, 78.8643**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.6272, 39.0910, 46.2250** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.2608, 67.7774, 85.5087**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.9945, 79.9405, 87.0271**.

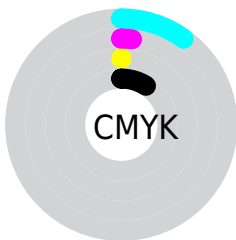
# Distribution



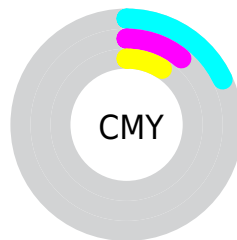
- Red (82%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 67.6326, 73.5721,  
86.2375

■ 67.6326, 73.5721,  
86.2375

441.5904,  
472.9952, 535.9650

■ 49.8715, 54.4439,  
64.3084

114.8712,  
124.2890, 143.9903

■ 35.5287, 38.9567,  
46.4527

145.0794,  
156.6466, 180.6511

■ 24.2388, 26.7260,  
32.2520

180.1673,  
194.1826, 223.0595

■ 15.6366, 17.3676,  
21.2876

220.5003,  
237.2817, 271.6341

■ 9.3566, 10.4969,  
13.1411

266.4438,  
286.3281, 326.7934

■ 5.0334, 5.7296,  
7.3939

318.3630,

■ 2.3019, 2.6814,

341.7062, 388.9560

3.6275

376.6234,  
403.8004, 458.5403

■ 0.7956, 0.9678,  
1.4233

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1598

■ 67.6326, 73.5721,  
86.2375

■ 67.6326, 73.5721,  
86.2375

■ 60.2608, 67.7774,  
85.5087

■ 75.9945, 79.9405,  
87.0271

■ 53.8317, 62.5255,  
84.8338

■ 85.3787, 86.8937,  
87.8747

■ 48.3034, 57.7963,  
84.2124

■ 87.1372, 89.9760,  
88.3769

■ 43.6283, 53.5647,  
83.6420

■ 88.6438, 92.9892,  
88.8791

■ 39.7541, 49.8033,  
83.1202

■ 90.1917, 96.0849,  
89.3951

■ 36.6228, 46.4815,  
82.6440

■ 91.4240, 98.5496,  
89.8058

■ 34.1680, 43.5647,  
82.2104

■ 32.3107, 41.0117,  
81.8155

■ 30.9163, 38.7523,  
81.4529

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.9182, 73.5721, 81.9770



67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375



68.9664, 73.5721, 88.9143

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375



72.9391, 73.5721, 82.9063



69.2823, 73.5721, 71.6752

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375



68.1348, 69.1312, 69.4284

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.8986, 73.5721, 71.9023



67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375



73.0269, 73.5721, 78.2667

# Square

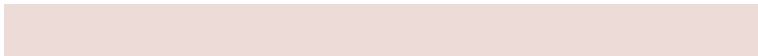
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375



72.0370, 73.5721, 86.9404



72.2749, 73.5721, 74.2751



67.8608, 73.5721, 73.6423



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375



70.0357, 73.5721, 89.3799



72.2749, 73.5721, 74.2751



69.8206, 73.5721, 71.4997

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.6347, 73.5752, 86.2391



91.7634, 97.5220, 108.5949



66.5977, 75.3662, 73.9781



19.4573, 20.7344, 23.2266



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

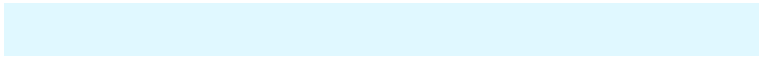


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.6347, 73.5752, 86.2391



82.5904, 90.4828, 107.7197



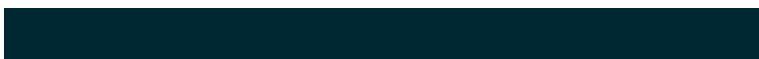
64.6151, 67.5359, 85.2326



14.5278, 15.7771, 18.4239



17.4235, 21.9092, 45.6937



1.3536, 1.7512, 3.3986



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.2400, 67.5932, 81.3525



85.0013, 81.5858, 100.3612



71.1271, 75.1157, 70.4259



14.8540, 14.5588, 17.4316



23.1881, 11.4095, 25.6833

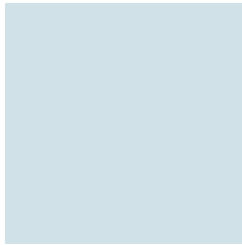


1.7469, 0.8565, 2.0736



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

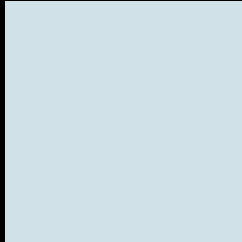
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

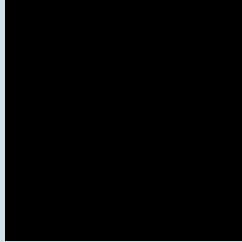
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

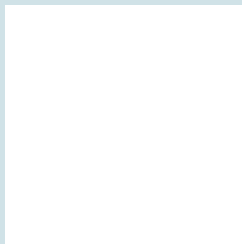
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375.



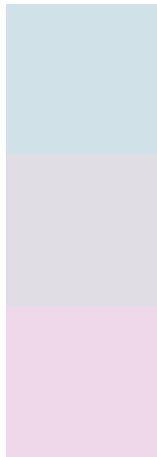
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.6326, 73.5721,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375

### Protanopia

70.9114, 73.3219, 83.8139

### Deuteranopia

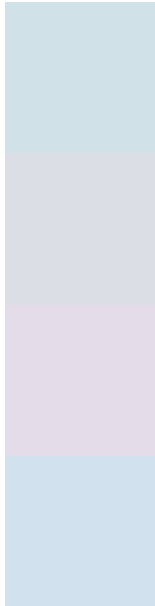
74.8605, 73.3456, 87.3023



## Tritanopia

69.2610, 73.4238, 94.5262

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375

## Protanomaly

69.7440, 73.4926, 84.6383

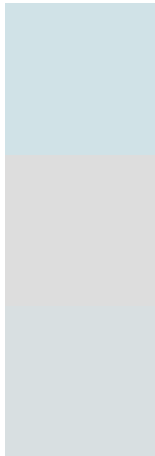
## Deuteranomaly

72.1536, 73.5066, 86.7292

## Tritanomaly

68.6523, 73.5788, 91.4727

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375

## Achromatopsia

68.7264, 72.3055, 78.7407

## Achromatomaly

68.2972, 72.8105, 81.6884

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(208, 226, 231) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 226, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 226, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 226, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 226, 231) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 226, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 226, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 226, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 226, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 226,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.6326, 73.5721, 86.2375 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 226, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
226, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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