

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.4483, 76.3549, 49.2175)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.4483, 76.3549, 49.2175)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.5102, 76.3850,  
49.2158)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E7AA
RGB	227, 231, 170
RGB Percent	89%, 91%, 67%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0941, 0.3333
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.26, 0.09
HSL	64°, 56%, 79%
HSV	64°, 26%, 91%
XYZ	67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158
YIQ	222.8500, 17.1970, -19.8190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

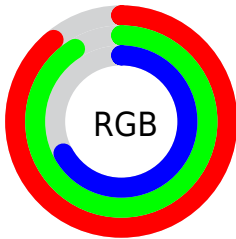
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">170, 231, 174</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14935978</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">90.04, -10.94, 29.33</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">90, 31.310, 110.460</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">76.3850, 0.3496, 0.3955</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293126058 (0xFFE3E7AA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">222.8500, -26.0550, 3.6396</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">87.3985, -15.0667, 27.7916</a>

# Details

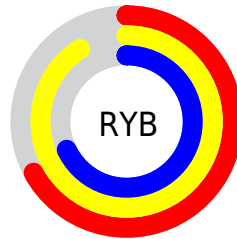
The XYZ color **67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **46.2569, 43.5196, 81.5677**, and the grayscale version is **70.2050, 73.8612, 80.4348**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7275, 98.2710, 86.1379**, and **35.5308, 40.9929, 22.8694** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.0387, 75.3440, 38.6782**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.3739, 77.5886, 61.7792**.

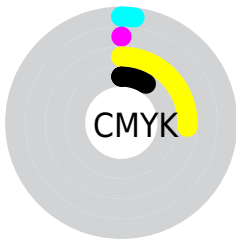
# Distribution



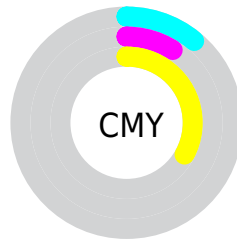
- Red (89%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



67.5102, 76.3850,  
49.2158

67.5102, 76.3850,  
49.2158

441.1627,  
482.6646, 400.2381

49.7716, 56.7483,  
34.4239

114.6969,  
128.2710, 90.3962

35.4490, 40.8032,  
22.9394

144.8758,  
161.2890, 117.6217

24.1771, 28.1653,  
14.3439

179.9321,  
199.5363, 149.8289

15.5905, 18.4503,  
8.2188

220.2311,  
243.3971, 187.4363

9.3238, 11.2738,  
4.1455

266.1384,  
293.2560, 230.8623

5.0118, 6.2513,  
1.7055

318.0192,

2.2890, 2.9985,

349.4973, 280.5256

0.3645

376.2388,  
412.5053, 336.8447

■ 0.7890, 1.1309,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0042,  
0.0000

■ 67.5102, 76.3850,  
49.2158

■ 67.5102, 76.3850,  
49.2158

■ 65.0387, 75.3440,  
38.6782

■ 70.3739, 77.5886,  
61.7792

■ 62.9333, 74.4473,  
30.0557

■ 73.6425, 78.9521,  
76.4615

■ 61.1742, 73.6896,  
23.2344

■ 77.3355, 80.4857,  
93.3562

■ 59.7370, 73.0612,  
18.0865

■ 80.2538, 81.7100,  
106.1495

■ 58.5943, 72.5510,  
14.4673

■ 80.7513, 81.9665,  
106.1728

■ 57.7138, 72.1462,  
12.2078

■ 81.2530, 82.2252,  
106.1963

■ 57.0554, 71.8307,  
11.0959

■ 81.7591, 82.4860,  
106.2200

■ 56.8489, 71.7295,  
10.8489

■ 82.2694, 82.7491,  
106.2439

■ 82.7840, 83.0144,  
106.2679

# Harmonies

## Analogous

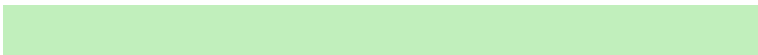
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.1027, 76.3850, 47.7473



67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158



61.6927, 76.3850, 58.8255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158



63.5114, 76.3850, 120.6664



88.3318, 76.3850, 90.4552

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158



46.2569, 43.5196, 81.5677

# Split Complementary

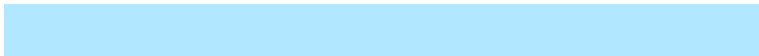
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.7263, 76.3850, 113.4466



67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158



70.1568, 76.3850, 132.8268

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158



59.5007, 76.3850, 99.0186



77.9429, 76.3850, 129.9720



87.4969, 76.3850, 69.1102

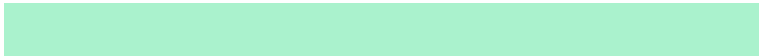


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158



59.4290, 76.3850, 69.6815



77.9429, 76.3850, 129.9720



87.5897, 76.3850, 98.2964

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.5122, 76.3884, 49.2174



91.4466, 98.5019, 92.4876



55.1664, 49.7994, 44.7359



19.4365, 21.0265, 19.1784



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.5122, 76.3884, 49.2174



82.6379, 94.8106, 53.6832



58.9784, 71.9891, 48.8180



15.5033, 16.7665, 15.3236



31.9101, 40.2317, 6.0837



2.3864, 2.9876, 0.4509



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.2569, 43.5196, 81.5677



51.6048, 46.8156, 100.9242



53.5795, 47.2945, 81.9104



13.6700, 13.9321, 18.1130



8.2339, 3.3106, 42.5882

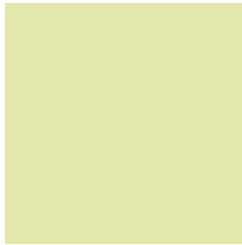


0.6395, 0.2606, 3.1486



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

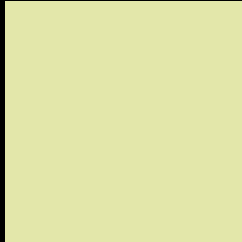
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

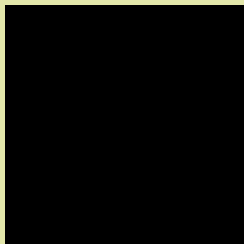
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

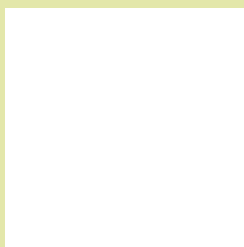
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158.



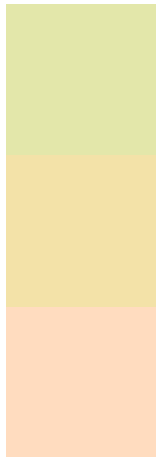
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5102, 76.3850,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158

### Protanopia

71.2264, 76.2746, 48.0142

### Deuteranopia

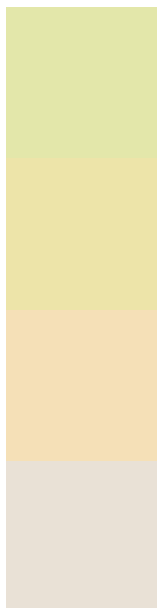
76.2372, 76.2080, 59.9817



## Tritanopia

76.2933, 76.3074, 92.3691

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158

## Protanomaly

69.8299, 76.3559, 48.5939

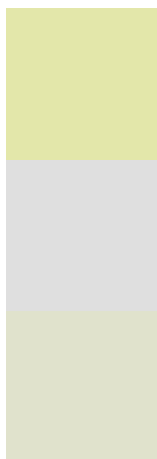
## Deuteranomaly

72.8591, 76.1427, 55.6567

## Tritanomaly

72.6671, 76.0291, 74.4634

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158

## Achromatopsia

70.1384, 73.7910, 80.3584

## Achromatomaly

68.8359, 74.5996, 67.8979

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 231, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 231, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 231, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 231, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 231, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 231, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 231, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 231, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 231, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 231,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.5102, 76.3850, 49.2158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 231, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
231, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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