

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.4727, 83.2047, 93.8366)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.4727, 83.2047, 93.8366)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.5871, 83.3305,  
94.1835)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1F9EF
RGB	177, 249, 239
RGB Percent	69%, 98%, 94%
CMY	0.3059, 0.0235, 0.0627
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.04, 0.02
HSL	172°, 86%, 84%
HSV	172°, 29%, 98%
XYZ	67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835
YIQ	226.3320, -39.7020, -18.3740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

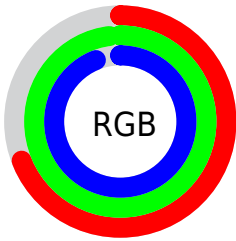
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	177, 216, 249
Decimal	11663855
CIELab	93.16, -24.23, -2.36
CIELCh	93, 24.342, 185.555
Yxy	83.3305, 0.2758, 0.3400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289853935 (0xFFB1F9EF)
YUV	226.3320, 6.2453, -43.2642
Hunter-Lab	91.2855, -27.5897, 2.7277

# Details

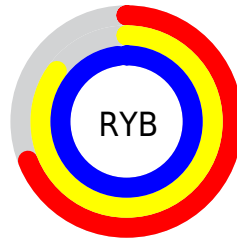
The XYZ color **67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **63.7616, 55.1741, 54.3060**, and the grayscale version is **72.5077, 76.2837, 83.0730**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.7417, 96.2324, 108.5580**, and **35.4229, 45.2557, 51.6680** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.9191, 80.4692, 91.2773**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.3045, 86.7360, 97.1934**.

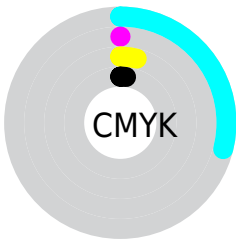
# Distribution



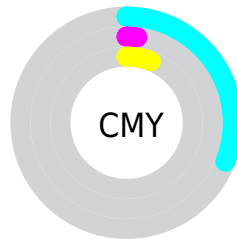
- Red (69%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



67.5871, 83.3305,  
94.1835

67.5871, 83.3305,  
94.1835

441.4314,  
506.0873, 562.4652

49.8343, 62.4628,  
70.8625

114.8064,  
138.0383, 155.1220

35.4990, 45.4068,  
51.7488

145.0037,  
172.6471, 193.5764

24.2159, 31.7780,  
36.4240

180.0799,  
212.6052, 237.9125

15.6194, 21.1920,  
24.4696

220.4003,  
258.2969, 288.5487

9.3444, 13.2644,  
15.4669

266.3303,  
310.1065, 345.9035

5.0254, 7.6109,  
8.9975

318.2352,

2.2971, 3.8470,

368.4186, 410.3955

4.6427

376.4805,  
433.6174, 482.4432

■ 0.7932, 1.5883,  
1.9842

■ 0.0000, 0.3497,  
0.5455

■ 67.5871, 83.3305,  
94.1835

■ 67.5871, 83.3305,  
94.1835

■ 61.9191, 80.4692,  
91.2773

■ 74.3045, 86.7360,  
97.1934

■ 57.2369, 78.1128,  
88.4663

■ 82.1162, 90.7023,  
100.3041

■ 53.4812, 76.2329,  
85.7492

■ 91.0732, 95.2579,  
103.5200

■ 50.5832, 74.7941,  
83.1224

■ 92.8212, 96.0960,  
106.4504

■ 48.4645, 73.7559,  
80.5820

■ 93.1672, 96.2343,  
108.2724

■ 47.0322, 73.0704,  
78.1234

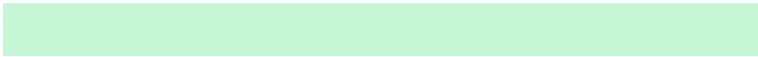
■ 46.1492, 72.6671,  
75.7398

■ 46.0674, 72.6304,  
75.4850

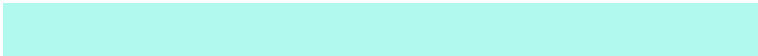
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.5309, 83.3305, 76.9295



67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835



69.6171, 83.3305, 112.7828

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835



86.5685, 83.3305, 122.4947



84.3999, 83.3305, 62.3082

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835



63.7616, 55.1741, 54.3060

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.6311, 83.3305, 71.7620



67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835



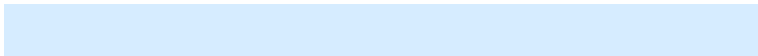
90.9295, 83.3305, 106.0956

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



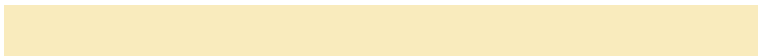
67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835



80.3991, 83.3305, 130.4781



92.0792, 83.3305, 87.3673

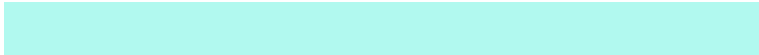


78.0191, 83.3305, 60.0092

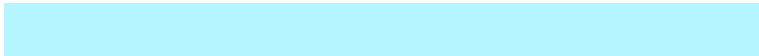


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835



72.4515, 83.3305, 122.9731



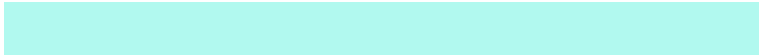
92.0792, 83.3305, 87.3673



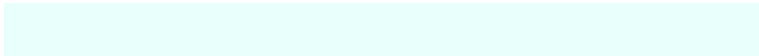
86.3617, 83.3305, 64.6860

# Sweetspot

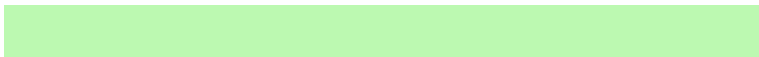
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.5895, 83.3339, 94.1854



86.5958, 95.7005, 105.8470



62.5038, 81.5951, 54.0515



18.2625, 20.3453, 22.5518



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

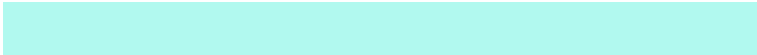


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

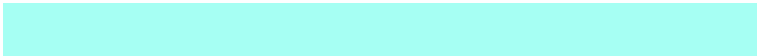


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.5895, 83.3339, 94.1854



67.5509, 86.0470, 97.5266



61.8347, 69.3933, 99.7617



17.6560, 19.5647, 21.6550



24.6979, 38.8921, 40.6138



2.3151, 3.6131, 3.9072



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.7616, 55.1741, 54.3060



62.8817, 51.6620, 48.8557



68.1730, 65.6517, 50.6753



17.3428, 17.2645, 18.3949



21.1008, 10.8560, 1.9733

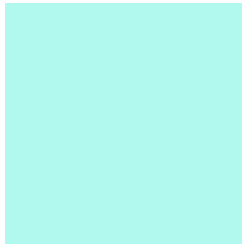


1.9834, 1.0171, 0.3359



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

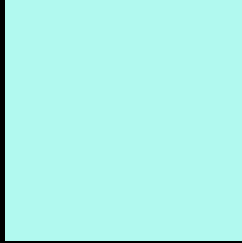
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

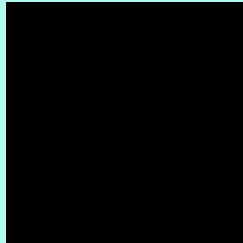
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835.



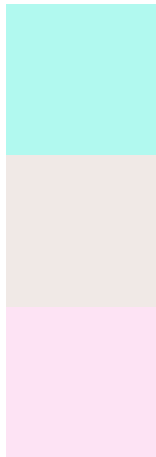
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5871, 83.3305,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835

### Protanopia

79.3570, 82.5163, 86.6076

### Deuteranopia

84.3062, 82.3525, 97.0401



## **Tritanopia**

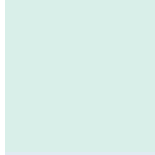
74.1593, 83.2808, 106.7739

# Trichromacy



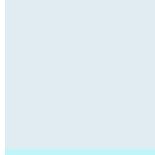
## Original Color

67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835



## Protanomaly

74.1898, 82.3679, 89.0792



## Deuteranomaly

76.7867, 81.8350, 95.7530



## Tritanomaly

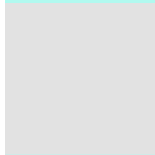
71.7436, 83.4818, 101.9548

# Monochromacy



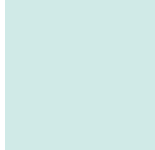
## Original Color

67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835



## Achromatopsia

72.2879, 76.0525, 82.8211



## Achromatomaly

69.8590, 78.0251, 86.9797

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 249, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 249, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 249, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 249, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 249, 239) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 249, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 249, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 249, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 249, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 249,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.5871, 83.3305, 94.1835 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 249, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
249, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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