

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.4874, 69.7594, 84.9835)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.4874, 69.7594, 84.9835)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.4541, 69.5766,  
84.7373)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D9D8E6
RGB	217, 216, 230
RGB Percent	85%, 85%, 90%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1529, 0.0980
CMYK	0.06, 0.06, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	244°, 22%, 87%
HSV	244°, 6%, 90%
XYZ	67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373
YIQ	217.8950, -3.8980, 4.5660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

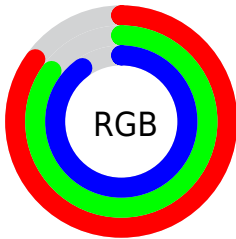
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 216, 230
Decimal	14276838
CIE Lab	86.79, 2.94, -6.74
CIE LCh	87, 7.354, 293.533
Yxy	69.5766, 0.3042, 0.3137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292466918 (0xFFD9D8E6)
YUV	217.8950, 5.9678, -0.7849
Hunter-Lab	83.4126, -1.6226, -1.8428

# Details

The XYZ color **67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.0070, 78.2113, 76.2175**, and the grayscale version is **66.5320, 69.9969, 76.2266**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.3830, 36.2663, 45.6926** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.0256, 55.5429, 82.6319**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.5333, 85.6894, 87.1591**.

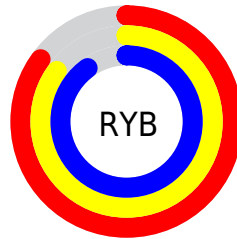
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (85%)

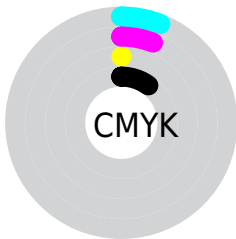
Blue (90%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (90%)

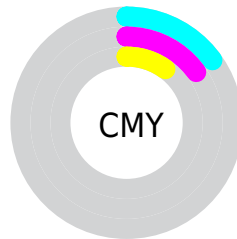


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 67.4541, 69.5766,  
84.7373

■ 67.4541, 69.5766,  
84.7373

440.9665,  
459.0620, 530.8803

■ 49.7258, 51.1814,  
63.0754

114.6171,  
118.6048, 141.8770

■ 35.4125, 36.3530,  
45.4609

144.7824,  
150.0065, 178.1919

■ 24.1488, 24.7070,  
31.4750

179.8242,  
186.5127, 220.2282

■ 15.5694, 15.8589,  
20.6993

220.1077,  
228.5075, 268.4045

■ 9.3089, 9.4243,  
12.7153

265.9984,  
276.3754, 323.1394

■ 5.0019, 5.0190,  
7.1044

317.8615,

■ 2.2831, 2.2584,

330.5009, 384.8512

3.4480

376.0624,  
391.2683, 453.9587

■ 0.7860, 0.7516,  
1.3277

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0843

■ 67.4541, 69.5766,  
84.7373

■ 67.4541, 69.5766,  
84.7373

■ 56.0256, 55.5429,  
82.6319

■ 80.5333, 85.6894,  
87.1591

■ 46.1764, 43.4951,  
80.8256

■ 91.2831, 98.4933,  
89.0639

■ 37.8387, 33.3463,  
79.3061

■ 30.9375, 24.9994,  
78.0587

■ 25.3916, 18.3488,  
77.0673

■ 21.1114, 13.2781,  
76.3142

■ 17.9965, 9.6559,  
75.7792

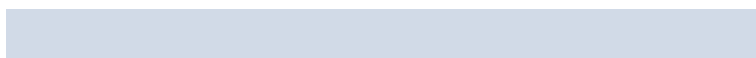
■ 15.9313, 7.3298,  
75.4391

■ 14.7755, 6.1122,  
75.2650

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.7602, 69.5766, 85.5203



67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373



68.8144, 69.5766, 81.5022

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373



68.1072, 69.5766, 68.4226



62.9119, 69.5766, 74.6998

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373



73.0070, 78.2113, 76.2175

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.5173, 69.5766, 70.2885



67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373



66.5021, 69.5766, 66.7668

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373



69.1960, 69.5766, 72.0534



64.8243, 69.5766, 67.4349



63.1569, 69.5766, 79.5856



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373



69.3391, 69.5766, 78.4621



64.8243, 69.5766, 67.4349



63.0224, 69.5766, 73.1149

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.4561, 69.5796, 84.7388



91.7233, 95.9017, 108.2843



70.6417, 76.3894, 85.8854



19.6674, 20.5698, 23.1837



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.4561, 69.5796, 84.7388



83.7792, 86.1255, 106.8160



69.5610, 70.6647, 84.8373



14.1605, 14.5296, 18.2025



8.2480, 3.3179, 42.5889



0.6430, 0.2625, 3.1487



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.3342, 71.5949, 84.1915



89.4136, 89.0536, 106.0146



70.8382, 77.0932, 76.1160



15.1900, 15.0647, 18.0555



25.3383, 12.2695, 37.0060

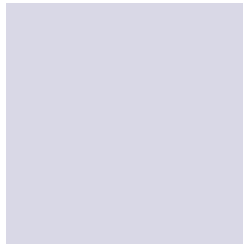


1.8858, 0.9120, 2.8050



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

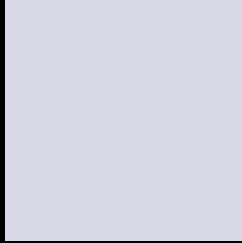
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

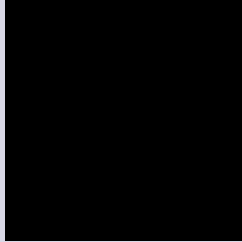
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

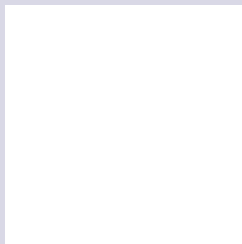
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373.



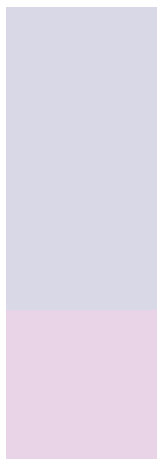
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.4541, 69.5766,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373

### Protanopia

67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373

### Deuteranopia

70.9968, 69.5139, 85.2769



## Tritanopia

67.8791, 69.7466, 86.9756

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373

## Protanomaly

67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373

## Deuteranomaly

69.8966, 69.6889, 85.3687

## Tritanomaly

67.7366, 69.6896, 86.2253

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373

## Achromatopsia

66.6397, 70.1102, 76.3500

## Achromatomaly

66.9111, 69.8051, 79.0544

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 216, 230) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 216, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 216, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 216, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 216, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 216, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 216, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 216, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 216, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 216,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.4541, 69.5766, 84.7373 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 216, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
216, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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