

# Converting Colors

XYZ(67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(67.5419, 72.6062,  
91.3435)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CEE0EE
RGB	206, 224, 238
RGB Percent	81%, 88%, 93%
CMY	0.1921, 0.1215, 0.0667
CMYK	0.13, 0.06, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	206°, 48%, 87%
HSV	206°, 13%, 93%
XYZ	67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435
YIQ	220.2140, -15.2220, 0.5380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

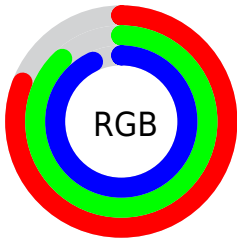
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	206, 218, 238
Decimal	13557998
CIE Lab	88.26, -3.21, -8.87
CIE LCh	88, 9.432, 250.104
Yxy	72.6062, 0.2918, 0.3136
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291748078 (0xFFCEE0EE)
YUV	220.2140, 8.7685, -12.4657
Hunter-Lab	85.2093, -7.6266, -3.9118

# Details

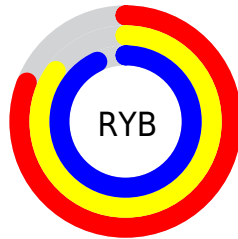
The XYZ color **67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **71.9941, 73.8195, 68.8480**, and the grayscale version is **68.1270, 71.6749, 78.0540**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **35.5804, 38.4287, 49.7982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.7161, 64.0310, 90.1546**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.5437, 82.0458, 92.6395**.

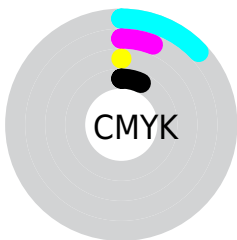
# Distribution



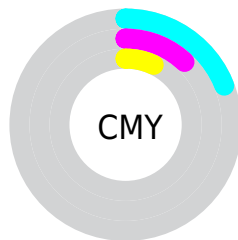
- Red (81%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 67.5419, 72.6062,  
91.3435

■ 67.5419, 72.6062,  
91.3435

441.2734,  
469.6488, 553.0741

■ 49.7975, 53.6540,  
68.5155

114.7421,  
122.9180, 151.1550

■ 35.4696, 38.3251,  
49.8479

144.9285,  
155.0464, 188.9755

■ 24.1931, 26.2351,  
34.9222

179.9930,  
192.3357, 232.6306

■ 15.6024, 16.9996,  
23.3199

220.3009,  
235.1702, 282.5389

■ 9.3323, 10.2342,  
14.6224

266.2175,  
283.9344, 339.1188

■ 5.0174, 5.5545,  
8.4111

318.1082,

■ 2.2923, 2.5762,

339.0126, 402.7890

4.2676

376.3384,  
400.7893, 473.9679

■ 0.7907, 0.9147,  
1.7733

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.4102

■ 67.5419, 72.6062,  
91.3435

■ 67.5419, 72.6062,  
91.3435

■ 58.7161, 64.0310,  
90.1546

■ 77.5437, 82.0458,  
92.6395

■ 51.0121, 56.2821,  
89.0650

■ 88.7602, 92.3683,  
94.0408

■ 44.3806, 49.3312,  
88.0729

■ 92.4328, 98.9531,  
95.1182

■ 38.7660, 43.1449,  
87.1747

■ 34.1071, 37.6868,  
86.3667

■ 30.3356, 32.9166,  
85.6448

■ 27.3728, 28.7884,  
85.0041

■ 25.1238, 25.2479,  
84.4393

■ 23.9440, 23.1954,  
84.1053

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.7397, 72.6062, 87.3457



67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435



69.7751, 72.6062, 91.9502

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435



73.3766, 72.6062, 76.8928



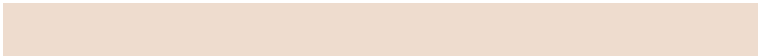
66.2488, 72.6062, 69.9148

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



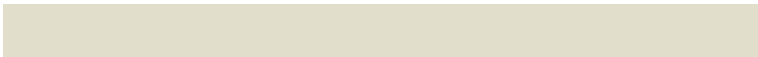
67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435



71.9941, 73.8195, 68.8480

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.2506, 72.6062, 67.4270



67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435



72.3870, 72.6062, 71.3078

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435



73.1768, 72.6062, 83.3666



70.4993, 72.6062, 67.9227



65.0045, 72.6062, 74.8962



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435



71.2123, 72.6062, 90.3171



70.4993, 72.6062, 67.9227



66.8536, 72.6062, 68.7718

# Sweetspot

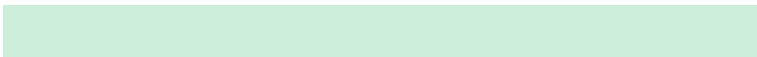
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.5440, 72.6092, 91.3451



89.9896, 95.3029, 108.2601



68.9301, 79.4324, 79.3179



19.0633, 20.2137, 23.1468



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

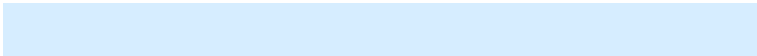


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.5440, 72.6092, 91.3451



76.1687, 82.2038, 106.4601



63.4760, 64.4731, 89.9891



15.6351, 16.7043, 20.1218



13.4893, 13.2028, 46.9653



1.2210, 1.2961, 3.9400



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.7875, 67.7032, 79.8616



80.6458, 75.5779, 90.5762



76.3588, 82.5488, 70.3029



16.1453, 15.9078, 18.3211



22.1344, 11.1262, 13.8901

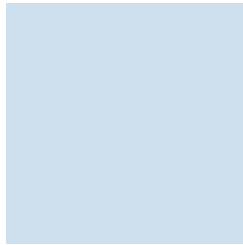


1.8913, 0.9456, 1.4183



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

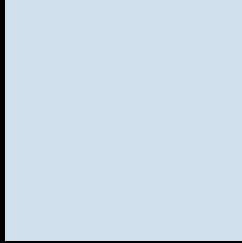
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

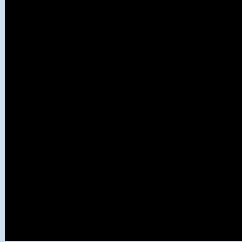
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

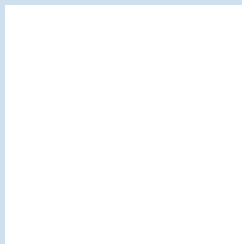
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435.



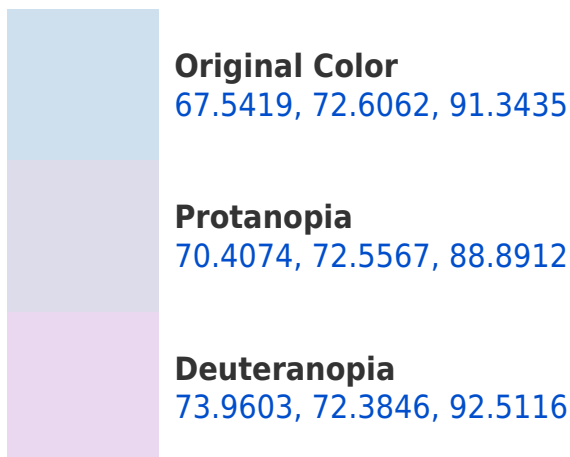
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 67.5419, 72.6062,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

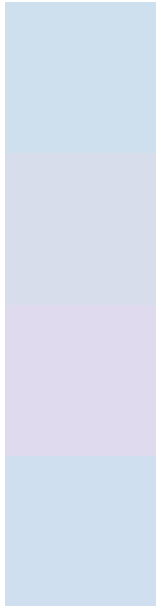




## Tritanopia

67.9970, 72.3916, 93.6082

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435

## Protanomaly

69.3157, 72.3680, 89.6720

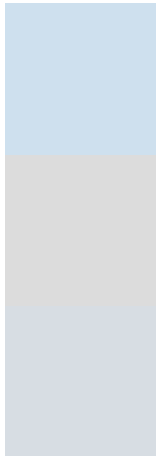
## Deuteranomaly

71.3919, 72.2221, 91.8389

## Tritanomaly

67.8480, 72.3320, 92.8236

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435

## Achromatopsia

68.0267, 71.5694, 77.9390

## Achromatomaly

67.7459, 71.7060, 82.9431

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 224, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 224, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 224, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 224, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 224, 238) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 224, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 224, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 224, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 224, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 224,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 67.5419, 72.6062, 91.3435 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 224, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
224, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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